# Deyun Holding Ltd. 德運控股有限公司\*

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 1440



\* for identification purpose only 僅供識別

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### **Corporate Information** 公司資料

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive directors**

Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing *(Chairman)* (appointed on 30 September 2022) Mr. Lin Minqiang Mr. Larry Stuart Torchin (appointed on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Larry Stuart Torchin (appointed on 30 September 2022) Ms. Jian Xuegen (appointed on 30 September 2022) Mr. Lin Chaowei (resigned on 30 September 2022) Mr. Lin Chaowen (resigned on 30 September 2022) Mr. Lin Bingzhong (resigned on 30 September 2022) Mr. Wei Cunzhuo (resigned on 30 September 2022) Ms. Lin Lili (resigned on 30 September 2022)

#### Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Chow Kit Ting

Dr. Chiu Kwok Hung, Justin (appointed on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Chan Hoi Shan (appointed on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Sheng Zijiu (resigned on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Yip Koon Shing (resigned on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Wong Chun Sek Edmund (resigned on 30 September 2022)

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Chow Kit Ting (Chairman)

Dr. Chiu Kwok Hung, Justin (appointed on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Chan Hoi Shan (appointed on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Sheng Zijiu (resigned on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Yip Koon Shing (resigned on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Wong Chun Sek Edmund (resigned on 30 September 2022)

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Chan Hoi Shan *(Chairman)* (appointed on 30 September 2022) Mr. Chow Kit Ting

Dr. Chiu Kwok Hung, Justin (appointed on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Yip Koon Shing (resigned on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Sheng Zijiu (resigned on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Wong Chun Sek Edmund (resigned on 30 September 2022)

#### 董事會

#### 執行董事

蔡榮星先生(主席)(於2022年9月30日獲委任) 林民強先生 Larry Stuart Torchin先生(於2022年9月30日獲委任) 簡雪艮女士(於2022年9月30日獲委任) 林朝偉先生(於2022年9月30日辭任) 林朝文先生(於2022年9月30日辭任) 林秉忠先生(於2022年9月30日辭任) 魏存灼先生(於2022年9月30日辭任) 林莉莉女士(於2022年9月30日辭任)

#### 獨立非執行董事

周傑霆先生 趙國雄博士(於2022年9月30日獲委任) 陳海山先生(於2022年9月30日獲委任) 盛子九先生(於2022年9月30日辭任) 葉冠成先生(於2022年9月30日辭任) 黃俊碩先生(於2022年9月30日辭任)

#### 審核委員會

周傑霆先生(*主席)* 趙國雄博士(於2022年9月30日獲委任) 陳海山先生(於2022年9月30日獲委任) 盛子九先生(於2022年9月30日辭任) 葉冠成先生(於2022年9月30日辭任) 黃俊碩先生(於2022年9月30日辭任)

#### 薪酬委員會

陳海山先生(主席)(於2022年9月30日獲委任) 周傑霆先生 趙國雄博士(於2022年9月30日獲委任) 葉冠成先生(於2022年9月30日辭任) 盛子九先生(於2022年9月30日辭任) 黃俊碩先生(於2022年9月30日辭任)

#### **Corporate Information** 公司資料

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing *(Chairman)* (appointed on 30 September 2022) Dr. Chiu Kwok Hung, Justin (appointed on 30 September 2022) Mr. Chan Hoi Shan (appointed on 30 September 2022) Ms. Lin Lili (resigned on 30 September 2022) Mr. Sheng Zijiu (resigned on 30 September 2022) Mr. Yip Koon Shing (resigned on 30 September 2022) Mr. Wong Chun Sek Edmund (resigned on 30 September 2022)

#### **COMPLIANCE ADVISER**

VBG Capital Limited 21/F, Grand Millennium Plaza 181 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

#### **AUDITOR**

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants & Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor 22/F, Prince's Building Central Hong Kong

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

71 Fort Street P.O. Box 500 George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1106 Cayman Islands

#### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN CHINA

No. 97 Longjiangnan Road Longxia Village, Songxia Town Changle District, Fuzhou Fujian, the PRC

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Xu Jing (CICPA, FCCA, FCPA)

#### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing (appointed on 30 September 2022) Ms. Xu Jing

#### 提名委員會

蔡榮星先生(主席)(於2022年9月30日獲委任) 趙國雄博士(於2022年9月30日獲委任) 陳海山先生(於2022年9月30日獲委任) 林莉莉女士(於2022年9月30日辭任) 盛子九先生(於2022年9月30日辭任) 葉冠成先生(於2022年9月30日辭任) 黃俊碩先生(於2022年9月30日辭任)

#### 合規顧問

建泉融資有限公司 香港 皇后大道中181號 新紀元廣場21樓

#### 核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 *執業會計師及 註冊公眾利益實體核數師* 香港 中環 太子大廈22樓

#### 註冊辦事處

71 Fort Street P.O. Box 500 George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1106 Cayman Islands

#### 中國主要營業地點

中國福建省 福州長樂區 松下鎮壟下村 龍江南路97號

#### 公司秘書

徐靜女士(CICPA, FCCA, FCPA)

#### 授權代表

蔡榮星先生(於2022年9月30日獲委任) 徐靜女士

#### **Corporate Information** 公司資料

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

Bank of China Company Limited, Changle Sub-branch Industrial Bank Company Limited, Changle Sub-branch China Merchants Bank, Fuzhou Branch, Wusi Sub-branch Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

#### THE CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Appleby Global Services (Cayman) Limited 71 Fort Street P.O. Box 500 George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1106 Cayman Islands

#### HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wan Chai Hong Kong

#### PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 1705, 17/F Strand 50 50 Bonham Strand Sheung Wan Hong Kong

#### **COMPANY'S WEBSITE**

www.ds-lace.com

#### **STOCK NAME**

Deyun Holding

#### **STOCK CODE**

1440

#### 主要往來銀行

中國銀行股份有限公司長樂支行 興業銀行股份有限公司長樂支行 招商銀行福州分行五四支行 中國銀行(香港)有限公司

#### 開曼群島主要股份過戶登記處

Appleby Global Services (Cayman) Limited 71 Fort Street P.O. Box 500 George Town Grand Cayman KY1-1106 Cayman Islands

#### 香港股份過戶登記處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港 灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心 17樓1712至1716號舖

#### 香港營業地點

香港 上環 文咸東街50號 寶恆商業中心 17樓1705室

公司網址

www.ds-lace.com

股份名稱

Deyun Holding

股份代號

1440

## Five-Year Financial Summary

五年財務概要

#### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME **STATEMENT**

簡明綜合收益表

	Year ended 31 December 截至 12 月 31 日止年度						
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		<b>2022</b> 年	2021年	2020年	2019年	2018年	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Revenue	收益	134,155	165,942	198,478	203,443	172,480	
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(137,966)	(126,748)	(124,621)	(136,539)	(127,107)	
Gross (loss)/profit	毛(損)/利	(3,811)	39,194	73,857	66,904	45,373	
(Loss)/profit before income tax	除所得税前						
	(虧損)/溢利	(8,773)	24,080	52,593	49,075	36,090	
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to owners of the	本公司擁有人應佔年 內(虧損)/溢利						
Company		(8,937)	21,182	43,821	41,851	31,550	

#### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT **OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

#### 簡明綜合財務狀況表

		As at 31 December 於 12 月 31 日						
		2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000	2020 RMB'000	2019 RMB'000	2018 RMB'000		
		2022年	2021年 人民幣千元	2020年	2019年	2018年		
Total assets Total liabilities Total equity	資產總值 負債總額 權益總額	354,943 (29,045) 325,898	380,215 (45,509) 334,706	300,020 (77,069) 222,951	234,423 (55,155) 179,268	233,139 (105,178) 127,961		

The summary above does not form part of the audited consolidated 上述摘要並不構成經審核綜合財務報表的一部分。 financial statements.

### **Chairman's Statement** 主席報告

#### Dear shareholders,

On behalf of the board (the "**Board**") of directors (the "**Directors**") of Deyun Holding Ltd. (the "**Company**"), I am pleased to present to you the annual report of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "**Group**") (and each being "**we**", "**us**" or "**our Group**" for the purposes of this annual report as appropriate) for the year ended 31 December 2022 (the "**Reporting Period**").

#### **KEY FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

#### 致各位股東:

本人謹代表 Deyun Holding Ltd.(德運控股有限公司 \*)(「本公司」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」),欣然 向 閣下提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」) (就本年報而言,各自為「我們」或「集團」(倘適用)) 截至2022年12月31日止年度(「報告期間」)的年 報。

#### 主要財務摘要

		Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度		
		2022	2021	
		(Audited)	(Audited)	
		<b>2022</b> 年	2021年	
		(經審核)	(經審核)	
Revenue (RMB'000)	收益(人民幣千元)	134,155	165,942	
Gross (loss)/profit (RMB'000)	毛(損)/利(人民幣千元)	(3,811)	39,194	
(Loss)/profit before income tax (RMB'000)	除所得税前(虧損)/溢利 (人民幣千元)	(8,773)	24,080	
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔年內(虧損)/			
of the Company (RMB'000)	溢利(人民幣千元)	(8,937)	21,182	
(Loss)/earnings per share	每股(虧損)/盈利			
– Basic and diluted (RMB cents)	-基本及攤薄(人民幣分)	(0.71)	1.70	

#### **BUSINESS OVERVIEW**

We are a long-established lace manufacturer and dyeing service provider. We are primarily engaged in manufacturing and sales of lace to our customers to produce branded lingerie products on order-by-order basis. For our dyeing services, our customers are mainly lace and swim wear manufacturers who would provide us with their own lace and swimwear fabrics to dye before further fabrication.

As part of our business diversification strategies, we commenced our footwear trading business in Hong Kong in the second half of 2021. Revenue from footwear trading business segment increased significantly during the Reporting Period, which accounted for approximately 38.2% of the total revenue of the Group (2021: approximately 9.4%).

#### 業務回顧

我們為一家歷史悠久的花邊製造商及染整服務供 應商。我們主要從事按訂單製造及向客戶銷售花 邊以生產品牌內衣產品。就染整服務而言,我們 的客戶主要為花邊及泳裝製造商,彼等向我們提 供其本身的花邊及泳裝面料,在進一步製造前進 行染色。

作為我們業務多元化策略的一部分,我們於2021 年下半年在香港開展鞋類貿易業務。於報告期間, 鞋類貿易業務分部收益大幅增加,佔本集團總收 益的約38.2%(2021年:約9.4%)。

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

#### **Chairman's Statement** 主席報告

During the Reporting Period, the PRC experienced several waves of COVID-19 and the PRC government had to implement lockdown measures in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. These lockdown measures disrupted the supply chain and business activities of many enterprises in the PRC, including the Group and its business partners. Our revenue from lace sold and dyeing services and gross profit margin of these two business segments for the Reporting Period were adversely affected, but partially offset by the contribution from our footwear trading business in Hong Kong.

We recorded revenue of approximately RMB134.2 million for the Reporting Period, representing a decrease of approximately 19.2% from approximately RMB165.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2021. Net loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RMB8.9 million was recorded for the Reporting Period as compared to the net profit of approximately RMB21.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2021.

#### **OUTLOOK AND BUSINESS STRATEGY**

The PRC economy is expected to gradually recover from the COVID-19. Going forward, we will adopt a prudent approach to run our existing business operations and also actively identify potential business opportunities that are in the interests of the Company and its shareholders. We will continue to enhance our production efficiency and reduce our operating cost; comply with environmental protection policies; and strengthen our research and development capability and quality control.

In view of the growth potential of the business of footwear and the experience of the management, the Group intended to invest more resources into this business to strive for more customers and orders. We believe that these actions will enable us to reduce the risk of the Group and contribute positively to our Group's future earnings and consequentially improve the financial position of our Group.

#### **APPRECIATION**

On behalf of the Board, I would like to thank all our colleagues for their diligence, dedication, loyalty and integrity. I would also like to thank all our shareholders, customers, suppliers, bankers and other business associates for their trust and support.

By order of the Board Deyun Holding Ltd. Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing Chairman

Hong Kong, 30 March 2023

\* For identification purpose only

於報告期間,中國發生幾波COVID-19疫情,中國 政府不得不採取封鎖措施以應對COVID-19疫情。 該等封鎖措施干擾中國許多企業的供應鏈及業務 活動,包括本集團及其業務夥伴。於報告期間, 花邊銷售及染整服務收益以及該兩個業務分部的 毛利率受到不利影響,惟被我們在香港的鞋類貿 易業務的貢獻部分抵銷。

我們於報告期間錄得收入約人民幣134.2百萬元, 較截至2021年12月31日止年度約人民幣165.9百 萬元減少約19.2%。報告期間錄得本公司擁有人 應佔淨虧損約為人民幣8.9百萬元,而截至2021 年12月31日止年度的淨利潤則約為人民幣21.2百 萬元。

#### 前景及業務策略

預期中國經濟將從COVID-19中逐步恢復。展望未來,我們將採取審慎方針經營現有的業務營運,同時亦積極物色符合本公司及其股東利益的潛在 商機。我們將繼續提高生產效率,降低營運成本; 遵守環保政策;並且加強研發能力和質量控制。

鑑於鞋類業務的增長潛力及董事的管理經驗,本 集團擬在該項業務上投入更多資源,以爭取更多 客戶及訂單。我們相信,該等行動將使我們能夠 降低集團的風險,為本集團的未來盈利作出正面 貢獻,從而改善本集團的財務狀況。

#### 致謝

本人謹代表董事會,感謝全體同仁一直努力不懈 及竭誠貢獻。本人亦對全體股東、客戶、供應商、 往來銀行及其他業務夥伴的信任及支持表示感謝。

承董事會命 **Deyun Holding Ltd. (德運控股有限公司\*)** *主席* **蔡榮星先生** 

香港,2023年3月30日

\* 僅供識別

### Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

#### Revenue

The Group derives its revenue from (i) dyeing services; (ii) manufacturing and sales of lace; and (iii) footwear trading business. As part of our business diversification strategies, we tapped into the footwear trading business in Hong Kong in the second half of 2021 and the revenue from footwear trading business have a significant growth in the Reporting Period.

#### Revenue by product types

Breakdown of the Group's revenue by product types is as follows:

#### 財務回顧

#### 收益

本集團的收益來自(i)染整服務:(ii)花邊生產及銷售; 及(iii)鞋類貿易業務。作為業務多元化戰略的一部 分,我們於2021年下半年在香港進軍鞋類貿易業 務,鞋類貿易業務收益於報告期間大幅增長。

#### 按產品類別劃分的收益

本集團按產品類別劃分的收益明細如下:

		Year ended 31 December 截至 12 月 31 日止年度					
		2022			21		
			% of		% of		
		RMB'000	revenue	RMB'000	revenue		
		2022	2年	2021	年		
		人民幣千元	佔收益%	人民幣千元	佔收益%		
Dyeing	染整	56,108	41.8	94,244	56.8		
Lace	花邊						
– High density	一高密度	21,343	15.9	45,097	27.2		
– Regular density	一正常密度	5,419	4.1	11,064	6.6		
Sub-total	小計	26,762	20.0	56,161	33.8		
Sales of shoes	鞋履銷售	51,285	38.2	15,537	9.4		
Total	總計	134,155	100.0	165,942	100.0		
Revenue by geographical	regions	按地區畫	劃分的收益				

Breakdown of the Group's revenue by geographical regions is as 本集團按地區劃分的收益明細如下: follows:

		Year ended 31 December 截至 12 月 31 日止年度					
		202	2	202	1		
			% of		% of		
		RMB'000	revenue	RMB'000	revenue		
		2022	<b>2022</b> 年 2021年				
		人民幣千元	佔收益%	人民幣千元	佔收益%		
Domestic sales	內銷	81,972	61.1	148,577	89.5		
International sales	外銷	52,183	38.9	17,365	10.5		
Total	總計	134,155	100.0	165,942	100.0		

#### Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

#### Dyeing

The Group's dyeing revenue decreased by approximately 40.5% from approximately RMB94.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to approximately RMB56.1 million for the Reporting Period, primarily attributable to the decrease in orders from customers as a result of the disruption to the supply chain and business activities of our Group in the PRC, caused by the lockdown measures in response to the outbreak of several waves of COVID-19.

#### Lace

The Group's lace products are classified into (i) regular density lace, and (ii) high density lace. The lace revenue decreased by approximately 52.3% from approximately RMB56.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to approximately RMB26.8 million for the Reporting Period for the reasons mentioned above.

#### Sales of shoes

The Group commenced a footwear trading business in Hong Kong in the second half of 2021 and recorded revenue of approximately RMB51.3 million for the Reporting Period, representing an increase of approximately 2.3 times from approximately RMB15.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2021.

## Gross (loss)/profit and gross (loss)/profit margin

The Group recorded a gross loss of approximately RMB3.8 million for the Reporting Period as compared to the gross profit of approximately RMB39.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2021, primary attributable to (i) the decrease in sales of dyeing services and lace products; (ii) the decrease in price of the dyeing services due to the fierce competition; and (iii) the increase in cost of the raw materials.

#### **Other income**

Other income increased by approximately 1.8 times from approximately RMB1.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to approximately RMB5.4 million for the Reporting Period, primarily attributable to the increase in one-off government grants in relation to the listing of the shares of the Company.

#### 染整

本集團的染整收益由截至2021年12月31日止年 度約人民幣94.2百萬元減少約40.5%至報告期間 約人民幣56.1百萬元,主要由於為應對COVID-19 的幾波爆發而採取的封鎖措施對本集團在中國的 供應鏈及業務活動造成干擾,從而使客戶訂單減少。

#### 花邊

本集團的花邊產品分為兩大類,即(i)正常密度花邊; 及(ii)高密度花邊。由於上述原因,花邊收益由截 至2021年12月31日止年度約人民幣56.2百萬元 減少約52.3%至報告期間約人民幣26.8百萬元。

#### 鞋履銷售

本集團於2021年下半年在香港開展鞋類貿易業務, 於報告期間錄得收入約人民幣51.3百萬元,較截 至2021年12月31日止年度約人民幣15.5百萬元 增加約2.3倍。

#### (毛損)/毛利及(毛損)/毛利率

本集團於報告期間錄得毛損約人民幣3.8百萬元, 而截至2021年12月31日止年度的毛利則約為人 民幣39.2百萬元,主要由於(i)染整服務及花邊產 品的銷售減少:(ii)激烈競爭導致染整服務價格下降: 及(iii)原材料成本增加。

#### 其他收入

其他收入由截至2021年12月31日止年度約人民 幣1.9百萬元增加約1.8倍至報告期間約人民幣5.4 百萬元,主要由於有關本公司股份上市的一次性 政府補助增加所致。

#### Management Discussion and Analysis 管理屬計論及合析

管理層討論及分析

#### Other gains/(losses), net

Other gains, net for the Reporting Period of approximately RMB4.2 million mainly represented differences arising from translation of the Group's sales, assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. Other losses, net for the year ended 31 December 2021 of approximately RMB3.7 million mainly represented losses on disposal of properties, plant and equipment.

#### Selling and distribution expenses

Selling and distribution expenses primarily consist of packaging expenses and staff cost in relation to sales and marketing staff. Selling and distribution expenses decreased by approximately 31.2% from approximately RMB2.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to approximately RMB1.7 million for the Reporting Period, primarily attributable to the decrease in packaging expenses, which was in line with the decrease in sales of lace products and dyeing services.

#### **Administrative expenses**

Administrative expenses increased by approximately 39.2% from approximately RMB10.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to approximately RMB14.4 million for the Reporting Period mainly due to the employment of more staff in Hong Kong by the Group to manage its footwear trading business.

#### Finance income, net

Net finance income increased from approximately RMB1.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to approximately RMB2.3 million for the Reporting Period, primarily attributable to the increase in interest income on bank balances.

#### **Income tax expenses**

Fujian Deyun Technology Co., Ltd.\* (福建德運科技有限公司) (the "**Deyun Technology**"), which engaged in dyeing and lace business of the Group, is recognised as a High and New Technology Enterprise\* (高新技術企業) and therefore entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15% for the year ended 31 December 2021 and for the Reporting Period. During the Reporting Period, Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 8.25% to 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits. The income tax expense decreased from approximately RMB2.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to approximately RMB0.2 million for the Reporting Period, which was mainly due to the loss-making position of the PRC business for the Reporting Period.

#### 其他收益/(虧損)淨額

於報告期間,其他收益淨額約為人民幣4.2百萬元, 主要指以外幣計值的本集團銷售額、資產及負債 換算產生的差額。截至2021年12月31日止年度, 其他虧損淨額約為人民幣3.7百萬元,主要指出售 物業、廠房及設備的虧損。

#### 銷售及分銷開支

銷售及分銷開支主要包括包裝開支及有關銷售 及營銷人員的員工成本。銷售及分銷開支由截至 2021年12月31日止年度約人民幣2.4百萬元減少 約31.2%至報告期間的約人民幣1.7百萬元,主要 由於包裝開支減少,此與花邊產品及染整服務的 銷售減少相符。

#### 行政開支

行政開支由截至2021年12月31日止年度約人民 幣10.3百萬元增加約39.2%至報告期間約人民幣 14.4百萬元,主要由於本集團在香港僱用更多員 工來管理鞋類貿易業務。

#### 融資收入淨額

融資收入淨額由截至2021年12月31日止年度約 人民幣1.4百萬元增加至報告期間約人民幣2.3百 萬元,主要由於銀行結餘的利息收入增加所致。

#### 所得税開支

從事本集團染整及花邊業務的福建德運科技有限 公司(「德運科技」)被認定為高新技術企業,因此 於截至2021年12月31日止年度及報告期間可按 優惠税率15%納税。於報告期間,香港利得税已 按該年度估計應課税溢利的8.25%至16.5%的税 率計提。所得税開支由截至2021年12月31日止 年度的約人民幣2.9百萬元減少至報告期間的約人 民幣0.2百萬元,主要由於在報告期間中國業務出 現虧損。

\* For identification purpose only

### Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

#### Net (loss)/profit for the year

As a result of the above factors, the Group recorded a net loss of approximately RMB8.9 million for the Reporting Period as compared to the net profit of approximately RMB21.2 million for year ended 31 December 2021.

#### Dividend

The Board does not recommend the payment of dividend for the Reporting Period (2021: nil).

## LIQUIDITY, CAPITAL RESOURCES AND GEARING

#### **Net current assets**

The Group had net current assets of approximately RMB181.7 million as at 31 December 2022 (2021: approximately RMB177.3 million). The current ratio of the Group increased from approximately 5.1 times as at 31 December 2021 to approximately 7.7 times as at 31 December 2022. The increase in net current assets and improvement of current ratio as at 31 December 2022 was primarily attributable to the increase in cash and cash equivalents and settlement of the payables for the purchase of equipment during the Reporting Period.

## Cash and cash equivalents, borrowings and pledge of assets

The Group funds its business and working capital requirements by using a balanced mix of internal resources, borrowings and funds from listing. The Group will adjust its mix of funding mix depending on the costs of funding and its actual needs.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of approximately RMB187.9 million (2021: approximately RMB182.3 million) and they were denominated in RMB, USD and HKD.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group had no bank borrowings.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group had no undrawn banking facilities.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group did not have any assets pledged as securities.

#### 年內淨(虧損)/利潤

由於上述因素,本集團於報告期間錄得淨虧損約 人民幣8.9百萬元,而截至2021年12月31日止年 度的淨利潤則為約人民幣21.2百萬元。

#### 股息

董事會不建議就報告期間派付股息(2021年:無)。

#### 流動資金、資本資源及資產負債比 率

#### 流動資產淨值

於2022年12月31日,本集團的流動資產淨值約 為人民幣181.7百萬元(2021年:約人民幣177.3 百萬元)。本集團的流動比率由2021年12月31日 的約5.1倍升至2022年12月31日的約7.7倍。於 2022年12月31日,流動資產淨值增加及流動比率 改善主要由於報告期間現金及現金等價物增加及 結付購買設備的應付款項所致。

#### 現金及現金等價物、借款及資產抵押

本集團通過平衡使用內部資源、借款及上市資金 滿足其業務及營運資金需求。本集團將視乎資金 成本及實際需求調整其資金組合。

於2022年12月31日,本集團的現金及現金等價物約為人民幣187.9百萬元(2021年:約人民幣 182.3百萬元),以人民幣、美元及港元計值。

於2022年及2021年12月31日,本集團並無銀行 借款。

於2022年及2021年12月31日,本集團沒有未提 取銀行融資總額。

於2022年及2021年12月31日,本集團並無任何 被質押作為抵押的資產。

#### Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

#### **Gearing ratio**

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group had a gearing ratio of nil, calculated by dividing total debt by total equity.

#### **Capital structure**

As at 31 December 2022, the Company's issued share capital was HKD12,600,000 and the number of issued shares of the Company was 1,260,000,000 ordinary shares of HKD0.01 each.

#### **Capital expenditure**

For the Reporting Period, the Group incurred cash flows on capital expenditures for the purchase of properties, plant and equipment in the amount of approximately RMB10.6 million (2021: approximately RMB35.2 million).

#### Foreign exchange risks and hedging

The majority of assets and liabilities of the Group are denominated in RMB, USD and HKD, and there are no significant assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies. The Group is subject to foreign exchange rate risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities which are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of the Group's entities. During the Reporting Period, the Group did not hedge its foreign currency exposure. The Group regularly monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

#### **CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had capital commitments of approximately RMB0.4 million in relation to the purchase of properties, plant and equipment (2021: approximately RMB0.2 million).

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 December 2022, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities (2021: nil).

#### 資產負債比率

於2022年及2021年12月31日,本集團的資產負 債比率為無,乃按債務總額除以權益總額計算。

#### 資本結構

於2022年12月31日,本公司的已發行股本為 12,600,000港元,本公司的已發行股份數目為 1,260,000,000股每股面值0.01港元的普通股。

#### 資本開支

於報告期間,本集團就購置物業、廠房及設備產 生資本開支現金流量約人民幣10.6百萬元(2021 年:約人民幣35.2百萬元)。

#### 外匯風險及對沖

本集團的大部分資產及負債以人民幣、美元及港 元計值,並無其他重大資產及負債以其他貨幣計 值。本集團面臨因日後商業交易以及確認以本集 團各實體的功能貨幣以外的貨幣計值的資產及負 債而產生的外幣匯率風險。於報告期間,本集團 並無對沖其外幣風險。本集團定期監察外匯風險, 並將於有需要時考慮對沖重大外匯風險。

#### 資本承擔

於2022年12月31日,本集團就購置物業、廠房及 設備的資本承擔約為人民幣0.4百萬元(2021年: 約人民幣0.2百萬元)。

#### 或然負債

於2022年12月31日,本集團並無任何重大或然 負債(2021年:無)。

#### **EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY**

The Group's employees are generally remunerated by way of fixed salary and they may also be entitled to a number of welfare benefits, including but not limited to job-nature based subsidy, performance-based bonus, paid leave and share options. The Group also make contributions to mandatory social security funds for its employees. The Group utilises an appraisal system for its employees and considers the appraisal results of individual employees when conducting their salary review and determining the amount of bonuses. To enhance the performance of the employees, the Group provides its employees with adequate and regular trainings.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had 362 employees (2021: 495 employees) and the Group's total employee benefit expenses (including directors' emoluments) for the Reporting Period amounted to approximately RMB32.4 million (2021: approximately RMB37.1 million).

#### **DEFINED CONTRIBUTION SCHEME**

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries established in the PRC are required to participate in a state-managed retirement benefit scheme operated by the PRC government (the "**Retirement Benefit Scheme**"). The Group is required to contribute a certain percentage of basic payroll costs to the Retirement Benefit Scheme.

The Group joined a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "**MPF Scheme**") for all employees in Hong Kong. The MPF Scheme is registered with the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Authority under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the MPF Scheme at rates specified in the rules.

The Group's contributions to the Retirement Benefit Scheme and the MPF Scheme (the "**Defined Contribution Schemes**") vest fully and immediately with the employees. Accordingly, (i) for the Reporting Period, there was no forfeiture of contributions under the Defined Contribution Scheme; and (ii) there were no forfeited contributions available for the Group to reduce its existing level of contributions to the Defined Contribution Scheme as at 31 December 2022. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the Defined Contribution Scheme.

#### 僱員及薪酬政策

本集團的僱員一般以收取固定薪金的方式獲得薪 酬,彼等亦有權收取多項福利,包括但不限於按 工作性質給予的補貼、績效花紅、有薪假期及購 股權。本集團亦為僱員作出強制性社會保障基金 供款。本集團為僱員採用一套評核系統,並於進 行薪金檢討及釐定花紅金額時考慮個別僱員的評 核結果。為提高僱員的績效,本集團為僱員提供 足夠及定期的培訓。

於2022年12月31日,本集團共有362名僱員 (2021年:495名僱員),本集團於報告期間的僱 員福利開支總額(包括董事酬金)約為人民幣32.4 百萬元(2021年:約人民幣37.1百萬元)。

#### 界定供款計劃

本集團於中國成立的附屬公司,其僱員須參與由 中國政府營運的國家管理退休福利計劃(「**退休福** 利計劃」)。本集團須按基本薪金成本的若干百分 比率對退休福利計劃供款。

本集團為香港的所有僱員參加強制性公積金計劃 (「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃已根據《強制性公積 金計劃條例》向強制性公積金計劃管理局註冊。強 積金計劃的資產與本集團的資產分開,於獨立受 託人控制的基金中持有。在強積金計劃下,僱主 及其僱員須各自按規則訂定的比率向強積金計劃 供款。

本集團對退休福利計劃及強積金計劃(「**界定供款** 計劃」)的供款,全額即時歸僱員所有。據此,(i)於 報告期內,並無界定供款計劃項下的供款遭到沒收; 及(ii)於2022年12月31日,本集團並無遭沒收供 款,可用於降低界定供款計劃的現有供款水平。 供款根據界定供款計劃規則變成應付時於損益扣除。

## SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

Save as disclosed herein, the Group did not have any significant investments, material acquisitions and disposals during the Reporting Period.

#### FUTURE PLANS FOR MAJOR INVESTMENT

During the Reporting Period, save for the expansion plans as disclosed in the sections headed "Business" and "Future Plans and Use of Proceeds" in the prospectus of the Company dated 28 December 2020 (the "**Prospectus**"), the Group had no specific plan for major investment or acquisition for major capital assets or other businesses. However, the Group will continue to identify new opportunities for business development.

#### USE OF PROCEEDS FROM INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING

Net proceeds from the initial public offering (the "**IPO**"), after deducting underwriting commissions and other relevant expenses, amounted to approximately HKD85.6 million. As at 31 December 2022, the net proceeds from the IPO had been applied as follows:

#### 重大投資、重大收購及出售

除本公告所披露者外,本集團於報告期間概無任 何重大投資、重大收購及出售。

#### 重大投資的未來計劃

於報告期間,除本公司日期為2020年12月28日 的招股章程(「招股章程」)「業務」及「未來計劃及所 得款項用途」章節所披露的擴張計劃外,本集團概 無重大投資或收購重大資本資產或其他業務的具 體計劃。然而,本集團將繼續物色新業務發展機會。

#### 首次公開發售所得款項用途

經扣除包銷佣金及其他相關開支後,首次公開發售(「首次公開發售」)所得款項淨額約為85.6百萬 港元。於2022年12月31日,首次公開發售所得款 項淨額已按下列方式動用:

Planned use of net proceeds		Planned use of net proceeds	Net proceeds used as at 31 December 2022 截至2022 年 12月31日	Unused balance as at 31 December 2022 截至2022年	Timeframe for the unused balance
所得款項淨額之計 <b>劃用途</b> 		所得款項淨額 <b>之計劃用途金額</b> HKD million 百萬港元	<b>已動用</b> 所得款項淨額 HKD million 百萬港元	<b>12月31日</b> 未動用結餘 HKD million 百萬港元	未動用結餘 的時間表
Expand dyeing service capacity and enhance efficiency by way of upgrading, replacing and acquiring machineries and facilities	透過升級、更換及購置機器及 設施擴充染整服務能力及 提升效率	49.9	36.0	13.9	By end of 2023 2023年底前
Strengthen research and development capability	加強染整服務的研發能力及	3.4	2.9	0.5	By end of 2023
and quality control for dyeing services Replace a coal-burning-boiler by a natural-gas-boiler	提升品質控制 以天然氣鍋爐更換燃煤鍋爐	13.6	7.9	5.7	2023年底前 By end of 2023 2023年底前
Expand integrated enterprise planning resource system	擴展綜合企業資源規劃系統	0.9	0.9	-	N/A 不適用
Repayment of bank loan	償還銀行貸款	9.5	9.5	-	N/A 不適用
General working capital	一般營運資金	8.3	8.3	-	N/A 不適用
		85.6	65.5	20.1	

#### Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Please refer to the Prospectus for the original intended timeframe for utilisation of the net proceeds. Since the outbreak of the COVID-19 has slowed down the economic of China and the world, orders of Dyeing services and Laces products had a sharp decrease during the Reporting Period, and the Group were acting with more caution. Certain plans of the use of proceeds from the IPO were slowing down. The balance of the unutilised proceeds is expected to be utilised in the coming year.

#### CHANGE IN CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER OF THE COMPANY AND MANDATORY UNCONDITIONAL CASH OFFER

On 17 June 2022, Deyong Investment Co., Ltd (the "**Vendor**"), Mr. Lin Minqiang as the guarantor and Glorious Way Investments Limited (the "**Offeror**") entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "**SPA**"), pursuant to which the Vendor agreed to sell and the Offeror agreed to purchase 724,500,000 Shares, representing 57.50% of the issued shares of the Company.

Immediately prior to the completion of the SPA, the Offeror and parties acting in concert with it were interested in an aggregate of 160,405,000 Shares, representing approximately 12.73% of the total issued shares of the Company. Immediately following the completion of the SPA, (i) the Offeror and parties acting in concert with it are interested in an aggregate of 884,905,000 Shares, representing approximately 70.23% of the total issued shares of the Company; and (ii) the Vendor continues to hold 126,000,000 Shares, representing 10.00% of the total issued shares of the Company. As a result, the Offeror became the controlling shareholder of the Company.

On 27 June 2022, the Company and the Offeror made a joint announcement (the "**Joint Announcement**"), pursuant to which, Dakin Securities Limited, for and on behalf of the Offeror, made a mandatory unconditional cash offer (the "**Offer**") to acquire all the issued shares (other than those already owned or agreed to be acquired by the Offeror and parties acting in concert with it) in accordance with the Hong Kong Code on Takeovers and Mergers. Immediately upon the close of the Offer on 2 September 2022, the Offeror and the parties acting in concert with it are interested in an aggregate of 884,910,000 shares, representing approximately 70.2309% of the total issued share capital of the Company.

#### **EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

The Group does not have any important events after the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report.

有關動用所得款項淨額的原定時間表,請參閱招股章程。自從COVID-19爆發以來,中國及世界經濟放緩,染整服務及花邊產品的訂單於報告期內 銳減,故本集團更謹慎行事。使用首次公開發售 所得款項的若干計畫正在放緩。預計未動用所得 款項結餘將在來年動用。

#### 本公司控股股東變動及強制無條件 現金要約

於2022年6月17日, Deyong Investment Co., Ltd (「賣方」)、林民強先生(作為擔保人)與榮偉投 資有限公司(「要約人」)訂立買賣協議(「買賣協 議」),據此,賣方同意出售而要約人同意購買 724,500,000股股份,相當於本公司已發行股份的 57.50%。

緊接買賣協議完成前,要約人及其一致行動人 士擁有合共160,405,000股股份的權益,相當於 本公司全部已發行股份約12.73%。緊隨買賣協 議完成後,(i)要約人及其一致行動人士於合共 884,905,000股股份中擁有權益,相當於本公司 全部已發行股份約70.23%:及(ii)賣方繼續持有 126,000,000股股份,相當於本公司全部已發行股 份的10.00%。因此,要約人已成為本公司的控股 股東。

於2022年6月27日,本公司與要約人刊發聯合公告(「該聯合公告」),據此,德健證券有限公司(代表要約人)根據香港公司收購及合併守則作出強制無條件現金要約(「要約」),以收購全部已發行股份(要約人及其一致行動人士已擁有或同意將予收購的股份除外)。緊隨要約於2022年9月2日結束後,要約人及其一致行動人士合共於884,910,000 股股份中擁有權益,相當於本公司全部已發行股本約70.2309%。

#### 報告期後事項

本集團於報告期間後至本年報日期並無任何重大 事項。

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing (蔡榮星) ("Mr. Tsoi"), aged 61, is a controlling shareholder, an Executive Director, and the chairman of the Board and the Nomination Committee. Mr. Tsoi was appointed as an Executive Director of our Company on 30 September 2022. He is responsible for the strategic planning and overall budget of our Group.

Mr. Tsoi has over 30 years of experience in the industry of manufacturing and distribution of shoes. He is the director of Calson Investment Limited, a footwear distribution enterprise supplying leather, PVC, textile shoes, sandals, etc. to customers worldwide and a director of Calson Industrial International Company Limited, a company engaged in property development business. Mr. Tsoi is also the executive director of Changzhou Qifa Shoes Co., Ltd.\* (常州啟發鞋業有限公司), a company engaged in manufacturing and distribution of shoes and Changzhou Qichen Investment Co., Ltd.\* (常州啟辰投資有限公司), a company engaged in real estate sales and property management, and a supervisor of Putian Qiming Shoes Co., Ltd.\* (莆田啟明鞋業有限公司), a company engaged in manufacturing and distribution of shoes.

Mr. Tsoi is also a Standing Committee of the Hunan Provincial Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference ("**CPPCC**") Hong Kong Convener, Vice-Chairman of the Hong Kong Provincial CPPCC Member Association, School Supervisor of TWGHs Tsoi Wing Sing Primary School\* (東華三院 蔡榮星小學校監), Deputy Chairman of Hong Kong Volunteers Federation\* (香港義工聯盟常務副主席) and Expert of Silk Road Planning Research Center\* (絲路規劃研究中心專家). Mr. Tsoi was also a Standing Committee Member of the 5th Fujian Putian Committee of the CPPCC, the chairman of Tung Wah Group of Hospitals from 2019 to 2020, and the vice chairman of Tung Wah Group of Hospitals from 2015 to 2019. Mr. Tsoi was also awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star in recognition of his significant contributions and outstanding service over a long period of time in Hong Kong.

Saved as disclosed in this section, Mr. Tsoi is not connected with any other Directors or members of the senior management of our Company.

#### 執行董事

**蔡榮星先生**(「**蔡先生**」),61歲,控股股東、執行 董事兼董事會及提名委員會主席。蔡先生於2022 年9月30日獲委任為本公司執行董事。彼負責本 集團的戰略規劃及整體預算。

蔡先生於製造及分銷鞋履行業擁有超過30年經驗。 彼為啓星投資有限公司的董事,該公司是一家向 全球客戶供應皮革、塑膠、紡織鞋履、涼鞋等的 鞋履分銷企業,並為啓星實業(國際)有限公司的 董事,該公司從事物業發展業務。蔡先生亦為常 州啟發鞋業有限公司(該公司從事鞋履的製造及分 銷)及常州啟辰投資有限公司(該公司從事房地產 銷售及物業管理)的執行董事,亦為莆田啟明鞋業 有限公司(該公司從事鞋履的製造及分銷)的監事。

蔡先生亦為中國人民政治協商會議(「**政協**」)湖南 省委員會常委香港區召集人、港區省級政協委員 聯誼會副會長、東華三院蔡榮星小學校監、香港 義工聯盟常務副主席及絲路規劃研究中心專家。 蔡先生亦曾任政協福建省莆田市第五屆委員會常 務委員、東華三院己亥年董事局主席,2015年至 2019年任東華三院董事局副主席。蔡先生亦獲授 銅紫荊星章,以表彰他在香港長久以來的重大貢 獻及傑出服務。

除本節所披露者外,蔡先生與本公司任何其他董 事或高級管理層成員概無關連。

\* For identification purpose only

**Mr. Lin Minqiang (林民強)**, aged 67, is an executive Director. He is responsible for the management, strategic planning and overall budget of the dyeing services and manufacturing and sales of lace business.

Mr. Lin Mingiang has over 33 years of experience in the fabrics weaving and dyeing business. Mr. Lin Mingiang was the committee member of the Party Branch of Longxia Village of Changle District in Fuzhou from April 1978 to August 1992. In August 1988, Mr. Lin Mingiang took the role of the factory director of "Changle Warp Knitted Fabrics Factory", a collective enterprise established in Fujian, which subsequently reformed as a limited liability company and changed its name into Fujian Changle Xingsheng Warpknitted Fabrics Co., Ltd.\* (福建省長樂市興盛經編織物有限 公司) ("Xingsheng") in October 1996. Mr. Lin Mingiang was the executive director and the manager of Xingsheng from October 1996 to January 2006. After Deyun Technology merged with Xingsheng by way of absorption. Mr. Lin Mingiang was appointed as a director of Deyun Technology in January 2006. Over the years, he has been responsible for planning the company strategy and overall budget of Deyun Technology.

Mr. Lin Minqiang was awarded the certificate of completion of the course of Business Information Strategy and Knowledge Management CEO Advanced Training Class by School of Information Science and Technology, Tsinghua University in July 2005.

Saved as disclosed in this section, Mr. Lin Minqiang is not connected with any other Directors or members of the senior management of our Company.

林民強先生,67歲,執行董事。彼負責染整服務 及花邊製造及銷售業務的管理、策略規劃及整體 預算。

林民強先生於布料織造及染整行業擁有超過33年 經驗。於1978年4月至1992年8月,林民強先生 為福州長樂區壠下村黨分部委員會成員。於1988 年8月,林民強先生擔任「長樂市經編織物廠」(一 間於福建省成立的集體企業,其後於1996年10月 轉型為有限公司並更名為福建省長樂市興盛經編 織物有限公司(「**興盛**」))的廠長。於1996年10月 至2006年1月,林民強先生擔任興盛的執行董事 及經理。於2006年1月,德運科技透過兼併與興 盛合併後,林民強先生獲委任為德運科技的董事。 多年間,彼負責德運科技的公司策略規劃及整體 預算。

林民強先生於2005年7月獲清華大學信息科學技 術學院授出工商企業信息戰略與知識管理總裁高 級研修班的結業證書。

除本節所披露者外,林民強先生與本公司任何其 他董事或高級管理層成員概無關連。

\* For identification purpose only

**Mr. Larry Stuart Torchin** ("**Mr. Torchin**"), aged 71, is an Executive Director of the Company. Mr. Torchin was appointed as an Executive Director on 30 September 2022. He is responsible for the sales and marketing of the footwear business of our Group.

Mr. Torchin has over 50 years of experience in the footwear and apparel industry. He entered the industry in 1970 working in a footwear chain store in Philadelphia and have since held various positions in several companies across Europe, Asia and South America. In 1979, Mr. Torchin built his first shoe company, an Italian-manufacturing footwear company, Eclisse Footwear Company, which was thereafter sold to G.H. Bass & Company.

Mr. Torchin was the founder and a principal of Larry Stuart Ltd., a premium brand of women's footwear, which was acquired by Brown Shoe Company in 1995. Mr. Torchin was the President of MTI from 1999 to 2003, which sources and designs footwear for many branded companies and retailers in the United States of America. Mr. Torchin has also served as Vice President of Product Development for Benco International and later G.H. Bass Shoe companies. In 2008, Larry was brought in as a director for Donald J. Pliner (DJP) and which he was also involved in its sale to a private equity firm.

Mr. Torchin currently holds multiple positions across different companies, including being the founder and chief executive officer of LT Group Investment, and principal of Calson Investment Limited since 2003, the advisor for Eclo Technology, and chief executive officer of Traction Design group since 2021.

Saved as disclosed in this section, Mr. Torchin is not connected with any other Directors or members of the senior management of our Company.

Larry Stuart Torchin 先生(「Torchin 先生」),71 歲,本公司執行董事。Torchin 先生於2022年9月 30日獲委任為執行董事。彼負責本集團的鞋履銷 售及營銷業務。

Torchin先生於鞋履及服裝行業擁有超過50年經驗。 彼於1970年入行,任職於費城一間連鎖鞋店,此 後於歐洲、亞洲及南美洲多家公司擔任各種職位。 於1979年,Torchin先生成立名下第一間鞋履公司, 即意大利製鞋履公司Eclisse Footwear Company, 隨後將該公司出售予G.H. Bass & Company。

Torchin先生為Larry Stuart Ltd. 的創辦人及負責 人,該公司為優質女裝鞋履品牌,於1995年被 Brown Shoe Company收購。於1999年至2003年, Torchin先生擔任MTI總裁,該公司為美國多間品 牌公司及零售商採購及設計鞋履。Torchin先生亦 曾先後於Benco International及G.H. Bass Shoe的公 司任職產品開發部副總裁。於2008年,Torchin先 生應邀出任Donald J. Pliner (DJP)董事,並參與該公 司向一間私募股權公司賣盤。

Torchin先生現時於不同公司擔任多項職務,包括 LT Group Investment的創辦人兼行政總裁,並自 2003年起擔任Calson Investment Limited的負責人, 出任Eclo Technology的顧問,以及自2021起擔任 Traction Design集團的行政總裁。

除本節所披露者外,Torchin 先生與本公司任何其 他董事或高級管理層成員概無關連。

**Ms. Jian Xuegen (**簡雪艮) ("**Ms. Jian**"), aged 37, is an Executive Director of the Company. Ms. Jian was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company on 30 September 2022. She is responsible for the overall financial affairs of our Group.

Ms. Jian has over 13 years of experience in accounting, finance and the corporate secretary field. Ms. Jian joined Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP Guangzhou Branch in November 2008 and left with her last position as manager in the assurance department in December 2016. From December 2016 to June 2021 and from January 2020 to June 2021, she worked as financial controller and company secretary, respectively, in the group of Hong Kong Aerospace Technology Group Limited (formerly known as Eternity Technology Holdings Limited), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1725). Since February 2019, Ms. Jian has joined Wisdom Professional Limited, a professional services provider specialising in corporate and investor services, with her position as a consultant and is responsible for providing professional corporate secretarial services to companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Since February 2019, she has been the company secretary of Confidence Intelligence Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1967). Ms. Jian has also been the company secretary of Sprocomm Intelligence Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1401) since September 2019. She has been the financial controller of Hope Faith Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company since November 2022.

Ms. Jian obtained her Bachelor's degree in Accounting from the South China University of Technology in July 2008. She has been a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since January 2019. She has also been a member of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants since December 2010.

Saved as disclosed in this section, Ms. Jian is not connected with any other Directors or members of the senior management of our Company. 簡雪艮女士(「簡女士」),37歲,本公司執行董事。 簡女士於2022年9月30日獲委任為本公司執行董 事。彼負責本集團的整體財務事宜。

簡女士於會計、財務及公司秘書領域具備超過13 年經驗。簡女士於2008年11月加入安永華明會計 師事務所廣州分所, 並於2016年12月離任, 其時 擔任鑑證部經理。於2016年12月至2021年6月及 於2020年1月至2021年6月,彼於聯交所上市公 司香港航天科技集團有限公司(前稱恒達科技控股 有限公司)(股份代號:1725)分別擔任財務總監 及公司秘書。自2019年2月起,簡女士加入專門 從事企業及投資者服務的專業服務供應商滙智税 務及會計有限公司並出任其顧問,負責為聯交所 上市公司提供專業公司秘書服務。自2019年2月 起,彼擔任聯交所上市公司信懇智能控股有限公 司(股份代號:1967)的公司秘書。自2019年9月 起, 簡女士亦一直擔任聯交所上市公司 Sprocomm Intelligence Limited (股份代號:1401)的公司秘書。 自2022年11月起,彼一直擔任合誠有限公司的財 務總監,該公司為本公司的一間全資附屬公司。

簡女士於2008年7月在華南理工大學獲得會計學 學士學位。她自2019年1月起成為香港會計師公 會會員。彼亦自2010年12月起成為中國註冊會計 師協會會員。

除本節所披露者外,簡女士與本公司任何其他董 事或高級管理層成員概無關連。

#### **INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

**Mr. Chow Kit Ting (周傑霆)** ("**Mr. Chow**"), aged 38, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director, the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee on 16 December 2020. Mr. Chow is primarily responsible for supervising the management of our Group independently.

Mr. Chow has over 15 years' experience in the fields of auditing, accounting, corporate finance, compliance and company secretarial. He worked for an international accounting firm and various private or listed companies as financial controller and company secretary. From July 2018 to July 2021, Mr. Chow worked as an independent non-executive director at Hong Kong Aerospace Technology Group Limited, a company whose shares are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 1725.HK). He has been the company secretary of Investech Holdings Limited, a company whose shares are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 1087.HK) since January 2023.

Mr. Chow obtained a bachelor's degree of commerce in accounting from Macquarie University, Australia, in November 2007, and an EMBA degree from Chinese University of Hong Kong (香港中文大學) in November 2021. He was accredited as a Certified Public Accountant in CPA Australia and as a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in September 2011 and May 2015, respectively.

Saved as disclosed in this section, Mr. Chow is not connected with any other Directors or members of the senior management of our Company.

#### 獨立非執行董事

**周傑霆先生(「周先生」)**,38歲,於2020年12月 16日獲委任為獨立非執行董事、審核委員會主席 及薪酬委員會成員。周先生主要負責獨立監督本 集團管理。

周先生於審計、會計、企業融資、合規及公司秘 書領域擁有逾15年經驗。彼曾於一間國際會計 師事務所及多間私人或上市公司擔任財務總監及 公司秘書。於2018年7月至2021年7月,周先生 於香港航天科技集團有限公司擔任獨立非執行董 事,該公司股份於香港聯交所上市(股份代號: 1725)。自2023年1月起,彼一直於威訊控股有限 公司擔任公司秘書,該公司股份於香港聯交所上 市(股份代號:1087)。

周先生於2007年11月獲得麥考瑞大學會計學商學 士學位,並於2021年11月獲得香港中文大學工商 管理碩士學位。彼分別於2011年9月及2015月5 月獲認可為澳洲會計師公會會員及香港會計師公 會會員。

除本節所披露者外,周先生與本公司任何其他董 事或高級管理層成員概無關連。

**Dr. Chiu Kwok Hung, Justin (**趙國 雄**)** ("**Dr. Chiu**"), aged 72, was appointed as our Independent Non-executive Director, a member of the Remuneration Committee, Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee on 30 September 2022. Dr. Chiu is primarily responsible for supervising the management of our Group independently.

Dr. Chiu has more than 40 years of international experience in real estate in Hong Kong and overseas. Dr. Chiu joined the CK Group in 1997 and has been an executive director since February 2015 and an executive committee member since June 2015 of CK Asset Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1113), heading the real estate sales, marketing and property management teams. Dr. Chiu is a director of certain companies controlled by certain substantial shareholders of CK Asset Holdings Limited within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO. Dr. Chiu is also the chairman of ARA Asset Management (Prosperity) Limited as the manager of Prosperity REIT, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 808); a non-executive director of ARA Asset Management (Fortune) Limited as the manager of Fortune REIT, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 778); and a non-executive director of ESR Group Limited (formerly known as ESR Cayman Limited), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1821).

Dr. Chiu is a Fellow of The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors, a Council Member and a Fellow of The Hong Kong Institute of Directors, a Fellow of Hong Kong Institute of Real Estate Administrators, a Vice Chairman of the Board of Governors of Hong Kong Baptist University Foundation, an Honorary Associate Member of Business of Trent University, Canada, a member of the Singapore Management University International Advisory Council in China, an Adjunct Professor and a member of the Advisory Committee of the School of Business of Hong Kong Baptist University and a Senior Departmental Fellow of the Department of Land Economy at University of Cambridge, the United Kingdom. Dr. Chiu was previously an Honorary Professor of School of Pharmaceutical Sciences of Sun Yat-sen University and a member of the Standing Committee of the 12th Shanghai Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference of the People's Republic of China.

Saved as disclosed in this section, Dr. Chiu is not connected with any other Directors or members of the senior management of our Company.

**趙國雄博士**(「趙博士」),72歲,於2022年9月30 日獲委任為獨立非執行董事、薪酬委員會、審核 委員會及提名委員會成員。趙博士主要負責獨立 監督本集團的管理。

趙博士於香港及海外累積超過40年的國際房地 產業務經驗。趙博士於1997年加入長江集團,自 2015年2月起擔任執行董事,並自2015年6月起 擔任聯交所上市公司長江實業集團有限公司(股份 代號:1113)的執行委員會委員,率領房地產銷售、 營銷及物業管理團隊。趙博士為長江實業集團有 限公司若干主要股東(定義見證券及期貨條例第 XV部)所控制的若干公司之董事。趙博士亦擔任 聯交所上市公司泓富產業信託(股份代號:808)管 理人泓富資產管理有限公司的主席;聯交所上市 公司置富產業信託(股份代號:778)管理人置富資 產管理有限公司的非執行董事;以及聯交所上市 公司ESR Group Limited(前稱ESR Cayman Limited) (股份代號:1821)的非執行董事。

趙博士為皇家特許測量師學會資深會員、香港董 事學會理事及資深會員、香港地產行政師學會資 深會員、香港浸會大學基金董事局副主席、加拿 大Trent University工商管理學系名譽院士、新加坡 管理大學於中國成立之國際諮詢理事會之成員、 香港浸會大學工商管理學院客席教授及諮詢委員 會成員,以及英國劍橋大學土地經濟學系高級學 系院士。趙博士曾為中山大學藥學院名譽教授及 中國人民政治協商會議上海市第十二屆委員會常 務委員。

除本節所披露者外,趙博士與本公司任何其他董 事或高級管理層成員概無關連。

**Mr. Chan Hoi Shan (陳海山)** ("**Mr. Chan**"), aged 65, was appointed as our Independent Non-executive Director, the chairman of the Remuneration Committee, a member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee on 30 September 2022. Mr. Chan is primarily responsible for supervising the management of our Group independently.

Mr. Chan has over 40 years of experience in the sales industry. He has worked in the sales team at Devie & Co. Limited in Hong Kong, and thereafter he served as the sales manager at Hüls Far East Co., Ltd in Hong Kong, both of which were principally engaged in chemical trading business. He is currently the director of Goldward Fine Chemicals Ltd which is principally engaged in trading of chemical products.

Saved as disclosed in this section, Mr. Chan is not connected with any other Directors or members of the senior management of our Company. **陳海山先生**(「**陳先生**」),65歲,於2022年9月30 日獲委任為獨立非執行董事、薪酬委員會主席、 審核委員會及提名委員會成員。陳先生主要負責 獨立監督本集團的管理。

陳先生於銷售行業具備超過40年經驗。彼曾任 職Devie & Co. Limited的香港銷售團隊,其後擔任 Hüls Far East Co., Ltd的香港銷售經理,該兩間公司 主要從事化學品貿易業務。彼目前為金和精化有 限公司的董事,該公司主要從事化工產品貿易。

除本節所披露者外,陳先生與本公司任何其他董 事或高級管理層成員概無關連。

The Board recognises the importance of good corporate governance for enhancing the management of the Company as well as preserving the interests of its shareholders as a whole. The Company has adopted a set of corporate governance practices which aligns with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "**CG Code**") as set out in Appendix 14 of The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "**Listing Rules**").

The Company has also established whistleblowing channels for external parties to raise concerns in relation to possible misconduct of the Group, its employees or directors in a confidential or anonymous manner, or both. The Board has delegated authority to the Audit Committee to review the Group Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy and the Group Whistleblowing Policy periodically and receive updates on matters concerning breaches of the Group Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy and whistleblowing disclosures.

The Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the CG Code during the Reporting Period.

The Board will continue to review and improve the corporate governance practices of the Group to ensure compliance with the CG Code.

#### MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS OF LISTED ISSUERS (THE "MODEL CODE")

The Company has adopted the Model Code set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. All Directors have confirmed that, following specific enquiry by the Company, they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code for the Reporting Period.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DUTIES**

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties as set out in code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code. During the Reporting Period, the Board had reviewed and discussed the corporate governance policy of the Group and was satisfied with the effectiveness of the corporate governance policy of the Group.

董事會深知良好的企業管治對提升本公司的管理 水平及保障股東整體利益至為重要。本公司已採 納一套企業管治常規,符合聯交所證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)附錄十四所載的企業管治守則(「企 業管治守則」)的守則條文。

本公司已為外部方設立舉報渠道,供其以保密及 /或匿名的方式就本集團、本集團僱員或董事涉 嫌可能不恰當行為提出關注。董事會已指定授權 予審核委員會定期審視本集團反賄賂和反貪污政 策,以及本集團舉報政策,並接獲有關違反本集 團反賄賂和反貪污政策及舉報披露事宜的最新進展。

本公司於報告期間已遵守企業管治守則所載的守 則條文。

董事會將繼續檢討及改善本集團的企業管治常規, 以確保遵守企業管治守則。

#### 上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標 準守則(「標準守則」)

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十載述的標準守則作 為其有關董事進行證券交易的操守守則。經本公 司作出具體查詢後,全體董事確認,彼等於報告 期間已遵守標準守則所載的規定標準。

#### 企業管治職責

董事會負責履行企業管治守則的守則條文第A.2.1 條所載的企業管治職責。於報告期間,董事會已 檢討及討論本集團的企業管治政策,並信納本集 團的企業管治政策的成效。

#### CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

CG Code provision C.2.1 stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing is the chairman of the Board and executive Director, who has a pivotal role to the Board in relation to the management, strategic planning and overall budget of our Group.

The Company has not appointed any chief executive officer. The daily operation and management of the Company is monitored by the executive Directors. The Board considers the present structure is more suitable for the Company because it can promote the efficient formulation and implementation of the Company's strategies.

CG Code provision C.2.7 stipulates that the chairman should at least annually hold meetings with independent non-executive Directors without the presence of other directors. During the Reporting Period, the Company has conducted such meeting.

#### **INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

The independent non-executive Directors are highly skilled professionals with a broad range of expertise and experience in the fields of accounting, finance, business and corporate governance. Their skills, expertise and number in the Board ensure that strong independent views and judgement are brought in the Board's deliberations and that such views and judgement carry weight in the Board's decision-making process. Their presence and participation also enable the Board to maintain high standards of compliance in financial and other mandatory reporting requirements, and provide adequate checks and balances to safeguard the interests of the Company and its shareholders.

The Company annually assesses the independence of each independent non-executive Director during their terms of appointment. The Company received written annual confirmation from each independent non-executive Director of their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

#### 主席及行政總裁

企業管治守則條文第C.2.1條規定,主席及行政總 裁的角色應加以區分,不應由同一人擔任。

蔡榮星先生為董事會主席兼執行董事,在本集團 的管理、策略規劃及整體預算方面,對董事會具 有舉足輕重的作用。

本公司尚未委任任何行政總裁。本公司的日常營 運及管理均由執行董事監控。董事會認為現時架 構更適合本公司,因為可促進本公司戰略的有效 制定及實施。

企業管治守則條文第C.2.7條規定,主席應在沒有 其他董事出席的情況下,至少每年與獨立非執行 董事舉行會議。於報告期間,本公司已經舉行有 關會議。

#### 獨立非執行董事

獨立非執行董事為高技能專業人士,具備會計、 財務、商業及企業管治領域的廣泛專長及經驗。 彼等於董事會中的技能、專業知識及所佔人數肯 定為董事會的分析帶來務實獨立的意見與判斷, 而該意見及判斷於董事會的決策過程甚具分量。 彼等的存在及參與亦令董事會可繼續高度遵守財 務及其他強制性申報規定,並在維護本公司及其 股東利益上發揮適當的制衡作用。

本公司每年評估各獨立非執行董事於任期內的獨 立性。根據上市規則第3.13條,本公司已收到各 獨立非執行董事有關其獨立性的年度書面確認書。 本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立。

#### **THE BOARD**

The Board currently comprises four executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. The Board's composition during the Reporting Period and as at the date of this annual report is set out as follows:

#### **Executive Directors**

#### 董事會

董事會目前由四名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董 事組成。董事會於報告期間及本年報日期的組成 載列如下:

#### 執行董事

			Date of joining	
Name	Age	Gender	the Group	Roles and responsibilities
姓名	年齡	性別	加入本集團日期	角色及職責
Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing	61	Male	30 September 2022	Overseeing the strategic planning and overall budget of our Group
蔡榮星先生	61歲	男	2022年9月30日	監察本集團的策略規劃及整體預算
Mr. Lin Minqiang	67	Male	23 January 2006	Overseeing the management, strategic planning and overall budget of the business of dyeing services and manufacturing of lace of our Group
林民強先生	67 歲	男	2006年1月23日	監察本集團花邊染整服務及製造業務的 管理、策略規劃及整體預算
Mr. Larry Stuart Torchin	71	Male	30 September 2022	Overseeing sales and marketing of the footwear business of our Group
Larry Stuart Torchin 先生	71歲	男	2022年9月30日	監察本集團的鞋履銷售及營銷業務
Ms. Jian Xuegen	37	Female	30 September 2022	Overseeing overall financial affairs of our Group
簡雪艮女士	37歲	女	2022年9月30日	監察本集團的整體財務事宜

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

#### 獨立非執行董事

Name 姓名	Age 年齡	Gender 性別	Date of joining the Group 加入本集團日期	Roles and responsibilities 角色及職責
Mr. Chow Kit Ting	38	Male	16 December 2020	Supervising and providing independent advice to our Group; serves as the chairman of the Audit Committee; serves on the
周傑霆先生	38歲	男	2020年12月16日	Remuneration Committee 監督本集團及向其提供獨立意見;擔任審 核委員會主席;擔任薪酬委員會成員
Dr. Chiu Kwok Hung, Justin	72	Male	30 September 2022	Supervising and providing independent advice to our Group; serves on the Remuneration Committee, the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee
趙國雄博士	72歲	男	2022年9月30日	監督本集團及向其提供獨立意見;擔任薪 酬委員會、審核委員會及提名委員會成 員
Mr. Chan Hoi Shan	65	Male	30 September 2022	Supervising and providing independent advice to our Group; serves as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee, serves on the Audit Committee and the Nomination
陳海山先生	65 歲	男	2022年9月30日	Committee 監督本集團及向其提供獨立意見;擔任薪 酬委員會主席、審核委員會及提名委員 會成員
Biographical details of the	e members of	the Board a	and relationship 董事	<b>『</b> 會成員的履歷詳情及董事會成員之間的關係

between members of the Board are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors" in this annual report. 董事會成員的履歷詳情及董事會成員之間的關係 載於本年報「董事履歷詳情」一節。

The Directors believe that the composition of the Board reflects the necessary balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business development of the Group and for effective leadership as the executive Directors possess extensive experience in managing the Group's business operations; and professional knowledge in the fabrics weaving industry, dyeing industry, and footwear industry while the three independent non-executive Directors possess professional knowledge and broad experience in accounting, finance, business and corporate governance. The Directors are of the opinion that the current Board structure can ensure the independence and objectivity of the Board and also safeguard the interests of the Company and its shareholders.

During the Reporting Period, the Board at all times met the requirement of the Listing Rules of having a minimum of three independent non- executive Directors (representing at least onethird of the Board) with one of them possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

#### **DELEGATION BY THE BOARD**

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company. It oversees the Group's business, strategic decisions, financial performance and internal controls and it is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs. The Board shall make decisions objectively in the interests of the Company and its shareholders. Daily business operations and management, inter alia, the implementation of strategies are delegated to the executive Directors along with other senior management. They report periodically to the Board their work and business decisions.

## APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

Each of Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing, Mr. Larry Stuart Torchin, Ms. Jian Xuegen, Dr. Chiu Kwok Hung, Justin and Mr. Chan Hoi Shan has signed a letter of appointment with our Company up to a term of three years commencing from 30 September 2022. Each of Mr. Lin Minqiang and Mr. Chow Kit Ting has signed a letter of appointment with our Company up to a term of three years which commenced from 16 December 2020 and Mr. Chow Kit Ting renewed his appointment on 30 September 2022. These appointments may be terminated in accordance with the terms of the letter of appointment.

董事會相信,由於執行董事於管理本集團業務運 營方面擁有豐富的經驗;及具備布料織造行業、 染整行業及鞋履行業的專業知識,而三名獨立非 執行董事具備會計、財務、商業及企業管治領域 的專業知識及廣泛經驗,因此董事會組成反映本 集團在業務發展及有效領導所需的必要技能與適 當經驗兩者之間的平衡。董事會認為,現時董事 會架構可確保董事會的獨立性及客觀性,亦能保 障本公司及其股東的利益。

於報告期間,董事會始終符合上市規則關於至少 須有三名獨立非執行董事(至少佔董事會三分之 一),並且其中一名獨立非執行董事須具備適當專 業資格或會計或相關財務管理專長的規定。

#### 董事會授權

董事會負責領導及控制本公司,監察本集團的業務、策略決策、財務業績及內部控制,亦共同負 責指導及監督本公司的事務,促進本公司的成功。 董事會須客觀地作出符合本公司及其股東利益的 決策。執行董事連同其他高級管理層獲授權日常 業務運營及管理,其中包括策略實施。彼等定期 向董事會匯報其工作及業務決策。

#### 委任、重選及罷免董事

蔡榮星先生、Larry Stuart Torchin先生、簡雪艮女 士、趙國雄博士和陳海山先生已各自與本公司簽 署委任函,自2022年9月30日起,為期三年。林 民強先生及周傑霆先生已各自與本公司簽署委任 函,自2020年12月16日起,為期三年,周傑霆先 生於2022年9月30日重續其委任。此等委任可根 據委任函的條款終止。

Pursuant to article 108 of the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles"), at each annual general meeting, one third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation. However, if the number of Directors is not a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one third shall be the number of retiring Directors. The Directors to retire in each year shall be those who have been in office longest since their last re-election or appointment but, as between persons who became or were last re-elected Directors on the same day, those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot.

Pursuant to article 112 of the Articles, at any time or from time to time, the Board shall have the power to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or as an additional Director to the existing Board subject to any maximum number of Directors, if any, as may be determined by the members in a general meeting. Any Director so appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the first general meeting of our Company after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting. Any Director so appointed as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the first annual general meeting of our Company after his appointment and be eligible for re-election at such meeting. Any Director so appointed by the Board shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at an annual general meeting.

A Director may be removed by an ordinary resolution of the Company before the expiration of his term of office (but without prejudice to any claim which such Director may have for damages for any breach of any contract between him and the Company) and the Company may by ordinary resolution appoint another in his place.

Pursuant to articles 108 and 112 of the Articles, Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing, Mr. Larry Stuart Torchin, Ms. Jian Xuegen, Mr. Chow Kit Ting, Dr. Chiu Kwok Hung, Justin and Mr. Chan Hoi Shan will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting (**"AGM**").

根據本公司的組織章程細則(「細則」)第108條, 於每屆股東週年大會上,當時在任的三分之一董 事須輪值退任。然而,倘董事人數並非為三的倍數, 則退任董事人數為最接近但不少於三分之一的人 數。每年退任的董事應為自彼等上次重選或獲委 任起計任期最長者,惟倘不同人士於同日成為或 於上次獲重選為董事,則以抽籤決定何者退任(除 非彼等私下另有協定)。

根據細則第112條,董事會有權隨時或不時委任任 何人士為董事,以填補董事會臨時空缺或增加現 有董事會人數,惟須受股東於股東大會上可能釐 定的任何董事人數上限(如有)所規限。任何就此 獲委任以填補臨時空缺的董事任期僅至其獲委任 後的本公司首屆股東大會為止,屆時須於有關大 會上重選連任。任何就此獲委任以增加現有董事 會人數的董事任期僅至其獲委任後的本公司首屆 股東週年大會為止,並符合資格於有關大會上重 選連任。於釐定將於股東週年大會上輪值退任的 董事人選或董事數目時,任何就此獲董事會委任 的董事不得計算在內。

本公司可通過普通決議案罷免任何任期仍未屆滿 的董事(惟不妨礙有關董事就其與本公司所訂立任 何合約遭違反而可能提出的任何索償),且本公司 可通過普通決議案委任另一名人士填補有關空缺。

根據細則第108及112條,蔡榮星先生、Larry Stuart Torchin先生、簡雪艮女士、周傑霆先生、趙 國雄博士及陳海山先生將於應屆股東週年大會(「**股 東週年大會**」)上退任,惟彼等符合資格並願意應 選連任。

#### **BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY**

To enhance the effectiveness of our Board and to maintain high standard of corporate governance, the Company has adopted a board diversity policy (the "**Board Diversity Policy**") which sets out the objective and approach to achieve and maintain diversity of the Board. The Board Diversity Policy sets out the criteria in selecting candidates to the Board, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

The Company is also committed to adopting a similar approach to promote diversity of the management (including but not limited to the senior management) to enhance the effectiveness of corporate governance. The Directors have a balanced mix of knowledge and skills, including knowledge and experience in the areas of fabrics weaving and dyeing, footwear business, auditing and accounting and business administration. Furthermore, the Directors range from 37 years old to 72 years old, and comprise 6 males and 1 female.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for ensuring the diversity of Board members and compliance with relevant codes governing board diversity under the CG Code. The Nomination Committee will review the Board Diversity Policy and diversity profile (including gender balance) from time to time to ensure its continued effectiveness. The Nomination Committee will discuss any revision that may be required and recommend any such revisions to the Board. The Company will also disclose in the corporate governance report on the Board's composition under diversified perspectives on an annual basis.

#### 董事會多元化政策

為提高董事會成效及保持高水平的企業管治,本 公司已採納董事會多元化政策(「董事會多元化政 策」),當中載列為達致及保持董事會多元化的目 標及措施。董事會多元化政策列明挑選董事會候 選人的標準,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及 教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務年 期。最終將按候選人的長處及可為董事會帶來的 貢獻而作決定。

本公司亦致力於採用類似方式促進管理層(包括但 不限於高級管理層)多元化,以提升企業管治的成 效。董事之間的知識及技能均衡搭配,包括布料 織造及染整、鞋履業務、審計及會計及業務管理 領域的知識及經驗。此外,董事介乎37歲至72歲, 包括6名男士及1名女士。

提名委員會負責確保董事會成員多元化及遵守企 業管治守則中規管董事會多元化的相關守則。提 名委員會將不時檢討董事會多元化政策及多元化 情況(包括性別均衡),確保其維持效力。提名委 員會將討論任何可能須作出的修訂,並向董事會 提出修訂的推薦建議。本公司亦會每年於企業管 治報告中根據多元化觀點披露董事會組成。

#### **NOMINATION POLICY**

The Company has adopted a nomination policy (the "**Nomination Policy**") for the Nomination Committee to consider and make recommendations on suitable candidates for directorship.

#### **Selection criteria**

The factors listed below would be used as reference by the Nomination Committee in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate:

- (1) reputation for integrity;
- (2) accomplishment and experience in the business in which the Group is engaged in;
- (3) commitment in respect of available time and relevant interest;
- diversity in all its aspects, including but not limited to race, gender, age (18 years or above), cultural and educational background and length of service;
- qualifications which include professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and industry experience that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy;
- (6) the number of existing directorships and other commitments that may demand the attention of the candidate;
- (7) requirement for the Board to have independent nonexecutive directors in accordance with the Listing Rules and whether the candidates would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in Rules 3.08, 3.09 and 3.13 of the Listing Rules;
- (8) Board Diversity Policy of the Company and any measurable objectives adopted by the Nomination Committee for achieving diversity on the Board; and
- (9) such other perspectives appropriate to the Company's business.

The aforesaid factors are for reference only, and not meant to be exhaustive and decisive. The Nomination Committee has the discretion to nominate any person as it considers appropriate.

#### 提名政策

本公司已為提名委員會採納提名政策(「**提名政** 策」),以考慮合適的董事候選人並提出推薦建議。

#### 甄選標準

於評估建議候選人適合與否時,提名委員會將使 用下列因素作為參考:

- (1) 誠信聲譽;
- (2) 於本集團所從事業務方面的成就及經驗;
- (3) 可投入時間及相關事務關注的承諾;
- (4) 各方面的多元化,包括但不限於種族、性別、 年齡(18歲或以上)、文化及教育背景以及服 務年限;
- (5) 資歷,包括與本公司業務及企業策略相關的 專業資格、技能、知識及行業經驗;
- (6) 現有董事人數以及需有關候選人專注履行的 其他承諾;
- (7) 上市規則關於董事會須設有獨立非執行董事的規定,及候選人參照上市規則第3.08、3.09及3.13條所載的獨立性指引是否屬獨立人士;
- (8) 本公司的董事會多元化政策及提名委員會為 達到董事會多元化而採納的任何可計量目標: 及
- (9) 對本公司業務而言屬適當的其他方面。

上述因素僅供參考,並不旨在涵蓋所有因素,亦 不具決定性作用。提名委員會可酌情提名其認為 合適的任何人士。

#### **Procedures for nominating director**

Subject to the provisions in the Articles and the Listing Rules, if the Board recognises the need for an additional Director or a member of senior management, the following procedures will be followed:

- The Nomination Committee and/or Board will identify potential candidates based on the criteria as set out in the selection criteria, possibly with assistance from external agencies and/or advisors;
- (2) The Nomination Committee and/or the company secretary of the Company will provide the Board with the biographical details and details of the relationship between the candidate and the Company and/or Directors, directorships held, skills and experience, other positions which involve significant time commitment and any other particulars required by the Listing Rules, the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and other regulatory requirements for any candidate for appointment to the Board;
- (3) The Nomination Committee will make recommendation to the Board on the proposed candidate(s) and the terms and conditions of the appointment;
- (4) The Nomination Committee should ensure that the proposed candidate(s) will enhance the diversity of the Board, being particularly mindful of gender balance;
- (5) In the case of the appointment of an independent nonexecutive director, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board should obtain all information in relation to the proposed Director to allow the Board to adequately assess the independence of the Director in accordance with the factors set out in Rules 3.08, 3.09 and 3.13 of the Listing Rules, subject to any amendments as may be made by the Stock Exchange from time to time; and
- (6) The Board will then deliberate and decide on the appointment based upon the recommendation of the Nomination Committee.

#### 提名董事程序

在細則及上市規則條文的規限下,如董事會認定 需要新增董事或高級管理人員,則須遵循以下程序:

- (1) 提名委員會及/或董事會將根據甄選標準所 載標準確定潛在候選人(可能在外部機構及 /或顧問協助下進行);
- (2) 提名委員會及/或本公司的公司秘書將向董 事會提供候選人個人履歷詳情,及候選人與 本公司及/或董事之間關係的詳情、所擔任 董事職務、技能與經驗,投入大量時間的其 他職位,及上市規則、開曼群島公司法及其 他監管規定董事會任命任何候選人須提供的 其他詳情;
- (3) 提名委員會將就建議候選人及委任的條款及 條件向董事會提出推薦建議;
- (4) 提名委員會應確保建議候選人將能加強董事 會的多元化,尤其要關注性別平衡;
- (5) 就委任獨立非執行董事而言,提名委員會及 /或董事會應獲取有關建議董事的所有資料, 使董事會根據上市規則第3.08、3.09及3.13 條(經聯交所可能不時作出的任何修訂)所載 因素充分評估董事的獨立性;及
- (6) 董事會其後將根據提名委員會的推薦建議進 行商討並決定是否委任。

#### Monitoring and reporting

The Nomination Committee monitors the implementation of the Nomination Policy and reports to the Board annually.

#### PROCEEDINGS OF GENERAL MEETINGS, BOARD MEETINGS AND BOARD COMMITTEE MEETINGS

The Board may meet for the dispatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meeting and proceedings as it thinks fit and may determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. An AGM shall be called by at least 21 days' notice in writing, and a general meeting of the Company, other than an AGM, shall be called by at least 14 days' notice in writing. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given, and must specify the time, place and agenda of the meeting and particulars of the resolution(s) to be considered at that meeting and, in the case of special business, the general nature of that business.

A meeting of the Board or any committee of the Board may be held by means of such telephone, electronic or other communication facilities as permit all persons participating in the meeting.

A Director shall not vote (nor shall he be counted in the quorum) on any resolution of the Board in respect of any contract or arrangement or proposal in which he or any of his close associate(s) has/have a material interest, and if he shall do so his vote shall not be counted (nor shall he be counted in the quorum for that resolution).

At least four regular Board meetings involving active participation, either in person or through electronic means of communication, of a majority of Directors will be held at approximately quarterly intervals in each financial year to comply with code provision C.5.1 of the CG Code. All Directors will have the opportunity to include matters in the agenda for the regular board meetings. Written notice of at least 14 days will be given of a regular board meeting to all directors, and agenda and accompanying board papers will be sent to all directors at least 3 days before the intended date of meeting. Four Board meetings were held during the Reporting Period.

#### 監察及匯報

提名委員會監察提名政策的執行情況,並每年向 董事會匯報。

#### 股東大會、董事會會議及董事會委 員會會議的議事程序

董事會可按其認為合適的方式召開會議處理事務、 續會及以其他方式規管其會議及議事程序,並可 釐定處理事務所需的法定人數。本公司召開股東 週年大會,須有為期最少21個完整營業日的書面 通知,而除股東週年大會外,本公司的其他股東 大會亦須有為期最少14日的書面通知,方可召開。 通知期並不包括送達或視作送達當日,亦不包括 發出通知當日,且通知須列明舉行會議的時間、 地點及議程以及將於會上審議的決議案的詳情, 倘有特別事項,則須說明有關事項的一般性質。

董事會或董事會轄下任何委員會可透過電話、電 子或其他通訊設備(必須讓全體與會人士互相聆聽) 舉行會議。

董事不得就有關其或其任何緊密聯繫人擁有重大 權益的任何合約或安排或建議的任何董事會決議 案投票或計入法定人數內,而倘董事就任何上述 決議案投票,彼就該項決議案的投票將不計算在內, 且該董事將不計入法定人數。

為遵守企業管治守則守則條文第C.5.1條,本公司 將於各財政年度舉行至少四次定期董事會會議, 大約每季一次,且相關會議將有過半數董事親身 出席或以電子通訊方式積極參與。全體董事均將 有機會將事項加入定期董事會會議的議程。定期 董事會會議將至少提前14天書面通知全體董事, 並且議程及隨附董事會文件將於會議擬定日期前 至少3天發送予全體董事。本公司於報告期間舉行 四次董事會會議。

The attendance records of each Director at the Board and Board Committee meetings of the Company held during the Reporting Period are set out in the table below: 於報告期間,各董事於本公司舉行的董事會及董 事會委員會會議的出席記錄載於下表:

	Attendance/Number of Mee 出席次數/會議次數				
Name of Directors 董事姓名		Board 董事會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會
Executive Directors	執行董事				
Mr. Lin Minqiang	林民強先生	4/4	-	-	-
Mr. Lin Chaowei	林朝偉先生	4/4	-	-	-
Mr. Lin Chaowen	林朝文先生	4/4	-	-	-
Mr. Lin Bingzhong	林秉忠先生	4/4	-	-	-
Mr. Wei Cunzhuo	魏存灼先生	4/4	-	-	-
Ms. Lin Lili	林莉莉女士	4/4	-	2/2	-
Independent Non-Executive	獨立非執行董事				
Directors					
Mr. Sheng Zijiu	盛子九先生	4/4	2/2	2/2	2/2
Mr. Chow Kit Ting	周傑霆先生	4/4	2/2	-	2/2
Mr. Yip Koon Shing	葉冠成先生	4/4	2/2	2/2	2/2
Mr. Wong Chun Sek Edmund	黃俊碩先生	4/4	2/2	2/2	2/2

The management has been providing all members of the Board a monthly update in accordance with code provision D.1.2 of the CG Code.

管理層已根據企業管治守則的守則條文第D.1.2條 向董事會全體成員提供每月更新。

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established three committees, namely the audit committee ("Audit Committee"), the remuneration committee ("Remuneration Committee") and the nomination committee ("Nomination Committee"), for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All committees have been established with defined written terms of reference, which were posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange (www.hkex.com.hk) and the Company (www.ds-lace.com). All committees should report to the Board on their decisions or recommendations made. All committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense.

#### 董事會委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會,即審核委員會(「**審核** 委員會」)、薪酬委員會(「**薪酬委員會**」)及提名委 員會(「**提名委員會**」),以監察本公司事務的特定 方面。所有委員會均設有特定書面職權範圍,分 別刊載於聯交所網站(www.hkex.com.hk)及本公司 網站(www.ds-lace.com)。所有委員會須向董事會 匯報其作出的決定或推薦建議。所有委員會均獲 提供充足資源以履行其職責,並可於適當情況下 提出合理要求以尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公 司支付。

#### **Audit Committee**

The Group established the Audit Committee on 16 December 2020 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and paragraph D.3 of the CG Code. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Audit Committee is chaired by Mr. Chow Kit Ting, who holds the appropriate professional qualifications as required under Rules 3.10(2) and 3.21 of the Listing Rules and have two other members, namely Dr. Chiu Kwok Hung, Justin and Mr. Chan Hoi Shan.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee include, but are not limited to, the following: (i) assisting the Board by providing an independent view of the effectiveness of the financial reporting process, internal control and risk management systems of the Group; (ii) overseeing the audit process and performing other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board; (iii) developing and reviewing the policies and practices on corporate governance; (iv) making recommendations to the Board; and (v) ensuring that good corporate governance practices and procedures are established.

During the Reporting Period, the Audit Committee held two meeting and the work performed by the Audit Committee was summarised as follows:

- (1) reviewed the Company's interim results and annual results;
- (2) reviewed the findings and recommendations from external auditors;
- (3) reviewed the independence and engagement of the external auditors;
- (4) reviewed the audit plan, the development in new accounting standards and their impact on the Group's financial performance and position;
- (5) reviewed the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff in the Group's accounting and financial reporting functions;
- (6) reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems;
- (7) reviewed the Company's corporate governance policies and practices; and
- (8) reviewed the Group Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy and the Group Whistleblowing Policy.

#### 審核委員會

本集團於2020年12月16日根據上市規則第3.21 條及企業管治守則第D.3段成立審核委員會,並訂 明書面職權範圍。審核委員會的職權範圍可於聯 交所及本公司網站查閱。

審核委員會主席為周傑霆先生,彼擁有上市規則 第3.10(2)條及第3.21條規定的適當專業資格,另 有兩名其他成員,即趙國雄博士及陳海山先生。

審核委員會的主要職責包括(但不限於)下列各項: (i)協助董事會就本集團財務申報流程、內部控制 及風險管理系統的有效性向董事會提供獨立意見; (ii)監察審計流程以及履行董事會指派的其他職務 及職責:(iii)制定及檢討企業管治政策及慣例:(iv) 向董事會提出推薦建議;及(v)確保設立良好的企 業管治常規及程序。

於報告期間,審核委員會已舉行兩次會議,審核 委員會進行的工作概述如下:

- (1) 審閱本公司中期業績及全年業績;
- (2) 檢討外聘核數師的調查結果及推薦建議;
- (3) 檢討外聘核數師的獨立性及聘用;
- (4) 檢討審核計劃、新會計準則的發展及對本集 團財務業績及狀況的影響:
- (5) 檢討本集團會計及財務報告職能的資源、員 工資歷及經驗是否充足;
- (6) 檢討本集團風險管理及內部控制系統的成效;
- (7) 審視本公司企業管治政策及慣例;及
- (8) 審視本集團反賄賂和反貪污政策以及本集團 的舉報政策。

The Audit Committee has reviewed with the management of the Company the annual results and annual report of the Company for the Reporting Period, including accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, and discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters. The Audit Committee is of the opinion that the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Reporting Period comply with applicable accounting standards and the Listing Rules and that adequate disclosures have been made.

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Company has established the Remuneration Committee on 16 December 2020 with written terms of reference in compliance with paragraph E of the CG Code. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Remuneration Committee is chaired by Mr. Chan Hoi Shan, and have two other members, namely Mr. Chow Kit Ting and Dr. Chiu Kwok Hung, Justin.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include, but are not limited to, the following: (i) making recommendations to the Board on our policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing policy on such remuneration; (ii) determining the specific remuneration packages of all executive Directors and senior management and making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors; and (iii) reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposal with reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time.

During the Reporting Period, the Remuneration Committee held two meetings to review the performance and remuneration packages and emoluments of the Directors and senior management and considered that they are fair and reasonable during the Reporting Period. 審核委員會已與本公司管理層審閱本公司於報告 期間的全年業績及年報,包括本集團採納的會計 原則及慣例,並對內部控制及財務報告事宜進行 討論。審核委員會認為,本集團於報告期間的綜 合財務報表符合適用會計準則及上市規則,並已 作出充分披露。

#### 薪酬委員會

本公司於2020年12月16日根據企業管治守則第E 段成立薪酬委員會,並訂明書面職權範圍。薪酬 委員會的職權範圍可於聯交所及本公司網站查閱。

薪酬委員會主席為陳海山先生,另有兩名其他成員, 即周傑霆先生及趙國雄博士。

薪酬委員會的主要職責包括(但不限於)下列各項: (1)就全體董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構以 及建立有關制訂薪酬政策的正式透明程序向董事 會提供推薦建議:(ii)釐定全體執行董事及高級管 理層的特定薪酬待遇,並就非執行董事的薪酬向 董事會提供推薦建議;及(iii)參考董事會不時議決 的公司目標,審查及批准管理層的薪酬建議。

於報告期間,薪酬委員會已舉行兩次會議,以檢 討董事及高級管理層的表現以及薪酬待遇及酬金, 並認為於報告期間屬公平合理。
## Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

## **Nomination Committee**

The Company has established a Nomination Committee on 16 December 2020 with written terms of reference in compliance with paragraph B.3 of the CG Code. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Nomination Committee is chaired by Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing, and have two other members, namely Dr. Chiu Kwok Hung, Justin and Mr. Chan Hoi Shan.

The primary duties of our Nomination Committee include, but are not limited to, the following: (i) reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board; (ii) assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors; (iii) making recommendations to the Board on matters relating to the appointment and reappointment of Director; and (iv) reviewing the Board Diversity Policy.

During the Reporting Period, the Nomination Committee held two meetings and the Nomination Committee reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board, assessing the independence of independence non-executive Directors, identify individuals suitably qualified to become board members and make recommendations to the Board and reviewed the Board Diversity Policy and other matters of the Company.

## **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company has adopted a dividend policy (the "**Dividend Policy**") which aims to ensure sustainable development of its business operations and to provide a favorable return to its shareholders.

The declaration and payment of future dividends will be subject to the decision of the Board having regard to various factors, including but not limited to the Group's business operation and financial performance, profitability, business development, prospect, capital requirements, and economic outlook. Declaration and payment of dividends is also subject to any applicable laws and the Articles. The dividend distribution record in the past may not be used as a reference or basis to determine the level of dividends that may be declared or paid by the Board in the future. Currently, the Group does not have a fixed dividend policy and does not have a pre-determined dividend distribution action.

The Board will review the Dividend Policy from time to time and may exercise its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend and/or modify the Dividend Policy at any time as the Board thinks fit and necessary. The Dividend Policy shall in no way constitute a legally binding commitment by the Company that any dividend will be paid in any particular amount and/or in no way obligate the Company to declare a dividend at any time or from time to time.

## 提名委員會

本公司於2020年12月16日根據企業管治守則第 B.3段成立提名委員會,並訂明書面職權範圍。提 名委員會的職權範圍可於聯交所及本公司網站查閱。

提名委員會主席為蔡榮星先生,另有兩名其他成員, 即趙國雄博士及陳海山先生。

提名委員會的主要職責包括(但不限於)下列各項: (i)檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成;(ii)評估獨立 非執行董事的獨立性;(ii)就委任及重新委任董事 的事宜向董事會提供推薦建議;及(iv)檢討董事會 多元化政策。

於報告期間,提名委員會已舉行兩次會議,提名 委員會檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成,評估獨 立非執行董事的獨立性,物色合適、具備資成為 董事會成員的人選,並向董事會作推薦建議,並 檢討董事會多元化政策及本公司的其他事宜。

## 股息政策

本公司已採納股息政策(「**股息政策**」),旨在確保 其業務營運可持續發展,並為其股東提供可觀回報。

宣派及派付未來股息須由董事會決定,董事會會 事先考慮多項因素,包括但不限於本集團的業務 營運及財務表現、盈利能力、業務發展、前景、資 本需求及經濟前景。宣派及派付股息亦受任何適 用法律及細則所規限。過往分派的股息未必可作 為日後董事會可能宣派或派付股息水平的參考或 釐定基礎。目前,本集團並無固定的股息政策, 亦無預先釐定的股息分派行動。

董事會將不時檢討股息政策,倘董事會認為合適 或必要,可行使其全權酌情權隨時更新、修訂及 /或修改股息政策。股息政策並非本公司就派付 任何特定金額股息的具有法律約束力承諾及/或 不會規定本公司於任何時間或不時宣派股息。

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION**

The Board has delegated the corporate governance function to the Audit Committee, whose authorities include:

- 1. to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- 2. to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management;
- 3. to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- 4. to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and directors; and
- 5. to review the Company's compliance with the CG code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

The corporate governance policy is formulated with an emphasis on the Board's quality, effective internal control, stringent disclosure practices and transparency and accountability to all shareholders of the Company. The Board strives to comply with the code provisions and reviews its corporate governance policy regularly in order to maintain high standards of business ethics and corporate governance, and to ensure the full compliance of the Group's operations with applicable laws and regulations.

## CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Pursuant to the CG Code provision C.1.4, all Directors should participate in a programme of continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Company recommends and/or arranges the Directors to participate in Director's training courses in order to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. In addition, the Company also provides relevant reading materials to the Directors for their studying and reference. All Directors, namely Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing, Mr. Lin Minqiang, Mr. Larry Stuart Torchin, Ms. Jian Xuegen, Mr. Chow Kit Ting, Dr. Chiu Kwok Hung, Justin and Mr. Chan Hoi Shan confirmed that they have complied with the CG Code provision C.1.4 during the Reporting Period by attending seminars and briefings and reading relevant materials.

## 企業管治職能

董事會已將企業管治職能授權予審核委員會,該 等權限包括:

- 1. 制訂及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規;
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓及持續 專業發展;
- 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規定方 面的政策及常規;
- 制訂、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事的行為 守則及合規手冊(如有);及
- 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況及在企 業管治報告內的披露。

企業管治政策的制定重點在於董事會質素、有效 內部控制、嚴格披露慣例,以及對本公司所有股 東的透明度及問責性。董事會致力遵守守則條文, 並定期檢討其企業管治政策以維持高水平商業操 守及企業管治,確保本集團營運全面符合適用法 律及法規。

## 持續專業發展

根據企業管治守則條文第C.1.4條,全體董事應參 與持續專業發展項目以發展及更新彼等的知識及 技能,確保彼等對董事會作出明智及相關的貢獻。 本公司推薦及/或安排董事參加董事培訓課程, 以發展及更新其知識及技能。此外,公司亦提供 相關閱讀資料供董事學習參考。全體董事(即蔡榮 星先生、Larry Stuart Torchin先生、簡雪艮女士、 周傑霆先生、趙國雄博士及陳海山先生)於報告期 間通過出席研討會和簡報會及閱讀相關材料確認 其遵守了企業管治守則條文第C.1.4條。

## **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

The Company engaged PricewaterhouseCoopers, as its external auditor for the Reporting Period. There was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of the external auditor. During the Reporting Period, the fees payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers, in respect of its audit services and non-audit services provided to the Company were approximately RMB1.7 million and RMB0.5 million, respectively.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY FOR CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the Reporting Period. In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the Reporting Period, the Directors:

- assessed the reasonableness of preparing the consolidated financial statements taking into consideration the Group's financial performance, position, cash flows and liquidity ratios;
- selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; and
- made judgements and estimates in a prudent, fair and reasonable manner.

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The statement of the independent auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report" on page 93 to page 102 of this annual report.

## **INTERNAL CONTROL**

#### **Risk management and internal control**

The Group maintains an effective internal control and risk management system to safeguard the investment of the Company's shareholders and the Group's assets at all times.

The Directors acknowledge that they have overall responsibility for overseeing the Company's internal control, financial control and risk management system and shall monitor its effectiveness on an ongoing basis. A review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems will be conducted by the Board at least annually.

## 核數師薪酬

於報告期間,本公司委聘羅兵咸永道會計師事務 所為其外部核數師。董事會與審核委員會對甄選、 委任、辭任或解僱外部核數師並無意見分歧。於 報告期間,就向本公司提供的審計服務及非審計 服務而應付羅兵咸永道會計師事務所的費用分別 約為人民幣1.7百萬元及人民幣0.5百萬元。

## 綜合財務報表的責任確認

董事確認彼等編製本公司於報告期間的財務報表 的責任。編製於報告期間的綜合財務報表時,董 事已:

- 根據本集團的財務表現、狀況、現金流量及 流動資金比率,評估編製綜合財務報表的合 理性;
- 挑選適當會計政策及貫徹應用該等政策;及
- 作出審慎、公平及合理的判斷及估計。

就董事所知,並無任何重大不明朗事件或情況可 能會嚴重影響本公司持續經營能力。本公司獨立 核數師就其對綜合財務報表的申報責任聲明載於 本年報第93頁至102頁「獨立核數師報告」一節。

## 內部控制

#### 風險管理及內部控制

本集團維持有效的內部控制及風險管理系統,始 終保障本公司股東的投資及本集團的資產。

董事確認彼等全面負責監察本公司內部控制、財 務監控及風險管理系統,並須監督其持續經營基 準的有效性。董事會將至少每年對風險管理及內 部控制系統的有效性進行審閱。 The Company has established the following risk management procedures to provide reasonable assurance against material errors, losses or fraud:

- Identify risks: Identify major and significant risks that could affect the achievement of goals of the Group;
- (2) Risk assessment: Assess and evaluate the identified risk according to its likely impact and the likelihood of occurrence; and
- (3) Risk mitigation: Develop effective control activities to mitigate the risks.

Risk identification and assessment are performed or updated annually, and the results of risk assessment, evaluation and mitigation of each function or operation are documented to communicate to the Board and management for reviews.

The Group's risk management and internal control systems are, however, designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

A review on the internal control systems of the Company, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions has been carried out by an independent consultancy company. The independent consultancy company has conducted analysis and independent assessment on the adequacy and the effectiveness of the internal control system and risk management of the Group, and has submitted the findings and recommendations to the Audit Committee and the Board. Over the Audit Committee meeting and Board meeting held on 30 March 2023, the Audit Committee and the Board reviewed the report issued by independent consultancy company and they are of the view that the internal control measures in place are adequate and effective to safeguard the interest of Company's shareholders and the Group's assets.

The Group does not have an internal audit function. Taking into account the size, nature and complexity of the Group's business, the Board have sufficient capacity to oversee the design and implementation of the risk management and internal control system and to assess its effectiveness, and accordingly there is no immediate need to set up an internal audit function within the Group. 本公司設立以下風險管理程序,以對重大錯誤、 損失或欺詐提供合理保證:

- 識別風險:識別可能影響達成本集團目標的 主要及重大風險;
- (2) 風險評估:根據已識別風險的可能影響及其 出現的可能性作出評估及評核;及
- (3) 風險舒緩:策劃有效的監管活動,務求舒緩 風險。

風險識別及評估會每年進行或更新,各職能或業 務的風險評估、評核及舒緩結果會進行記錄,供 董事會及管理層審閱。

然而,本集團的風險管理及內部控制系統的設計 旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務目標的風險,僅 可對重大失實聲明或損失提供合理而非絕對保證。

獨立顧問公司已對本公司的內部控制系統(包括財 務、運營及合規控制以及風險管理職能)進行審閱。 獨立顧問公司已對本集團內部控制系統及風險管 理的充分性及有效性進行分析及獨立評估,並已 向審核委員會及董事會遞交調查結果及推薦建議。 於2023年3月30日舉行的審核委員會會議及董事 會會議上,審核委員會及董事會審閱獨立顧問公 司發出的報告,彼等認為,已制定的內部控制措 施屬充分有效,可保障本公司股東及本集團資產 的利益。

本集團並無內部審核職能。經考慮本集團業務的 規模、性質及複雜程度,董事會擁有充足的能力 監督風險管理及內部控制系統的設計及實施,並 可評估其有效性,因此毋須即時於本集團建立內 部審核職能。

## Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Group has implemented a policy on disclosure of inside information which sets out the procedures and internal controls for handling and dissemination of inside information. The policy provides guidelines to the Directors and all relevant employees of the Group to ensure proper safeguards exist to prevent the Company from breaching the statutory disclosure requirements. It also includes appropriate internal control and reporting systems to identify and assess potential inside information.

Key procedures in place include:

- define the requirements of periodic financial and operational reporting to the Board to enable them to assess inside information and make timely disclosures, if necessary;
- (2) controls the access to inside information by employees on a need-to-know basis, and safeguarding the confidentiality of the inside information before it is properly disclosed to public; and
- (3) procedures of communicating with the Group's stakeholders in ways which are in compliance with the Listing Rules.

## **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Xu Jing, aged 45, was appointed as the company secretary of the Company on 20 February 2020 and she is responsible for the Group's company secretarial duties and corporate governance matters in relation to the Company. Ms. Xu Jing possesses the necessary qualification and experience, and is capable of performing the functions of a company secretary. During the Reporting Period, Ms. Xu Jing confirmed that she has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training as required under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

## SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the shareholders and the Board. An AGM of the Company shall be held in each year and at the place as may be determined by the Board. Each general meeting, other than an AGM, shall be called an extraordinary general meeting. 本集團已實施有關內幕消息披露的政策,其中載 有處理及發佈內幕消息的程序及內部控制。該政 策為本集團董事及所有相關僱員提供指導方針, 確保存在適當的保障措施,防止本公司違反法定 披露要求。其亦載有適當的內部控制及報告系統, 以識別及評估潛在內幕消息。

採取的主要程序包括:

- (1) 向董事會界定定期財務及經營報告要求,以 使彼等能夠評估內幕消息及進行及時披露(倘 需要);
- (2) 按須知基準控制僱員獲悉內幕消息的途徑, 向公眾恰當披露前確保內幕消息絕對保密; 及
- (3) 按符合上市規則要求的方式與本集團持份者 進行溝通的程序。

## 公司秘書

徐靜女士,45歲,於2020年2月20日獲委任為本 公司的公司秘書,負責本集團的公司秘書職務及 有關本公司的企業管治事宜。徐靜女士具備必要 資格及經驗,有能力履行公司秘書職務。於報告 期間,徐靜女士確認彼已根據上市規則第3.29條 的規定參與不少於15個小時的相關專業培訓。

## 股東權利

本公司的股東大會為股東與董事會提供溝通機會。 本公司每年舉行股東週年大會,地點由董事會釐定。 股東週年大會以外的各股東大會均稱為股東特別 大會。

# SHAREHOLDERS TO CONVENE AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

Pursuant to article 64 of the Articles, extraordinary general meetings may be convened on the requisition of one or more members holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the secretary of the Company for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

# PUTTING ENQUIRIES BY SHAREHOLDERS TO THE BOARD

Shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company for the attention of the company secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong.

## PROCEDURES FOR PUTTING FORWARD PROPOSALS BY SHAREHOLDERS AT SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS

Shareholders of the Company are requested to follow article 64 of the Articles for including a resolution at an extraordinary general meeting. The requirements and procedures are set out above in the paragraph headed "Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting".

Pursuant to article 113 of the Articles, no person (other than a retiring Director) shall, unless recommended by the Board for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office of the Company or at the Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office of the Company. The period for lodgement of such notices will commence no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting and the minimum length of the period during which such notices to the Company may be given will be at least seven days.

## 股東召開股東特別大會

根據細則第64條,股東特別大會須在一名或以上 於遞呈要求當日持有於本公司股東大會投票的本 公司繳足股本不少於十分之一的股東要求下召開。 有關要求須以書面向董事會或本公司秘書提出, 述明要求董事會召開股東特別大會以處理要求內 訂明的任何事項。該大會須於該項要求遞呈後兩 個月內舉行。倘於有關遞呈後21日內,董事會未 有召開該大會,則遞呈要求人士可以相同方式召 開大會,而本公司須向遞呈要求人士償付所有由 遞呈要求人士因董事會未能召開大會而產生的所 有合理開支。

## 股東向董事會提問

股東可透過本公司的香港主要營業地點向本公司 發出書面查詢,並註明收件人為公司秘書。

## 股東於股東大會提呈議案的程序

本公司股東向股東特別大會提呈決議案時須遵守 細則第64條。規定及程序載於上文「股東召開股 東特別大會」一段。

根據細則第113條,任何非退任董事的人士概無 資格於任何股東大會上膺選董事職務(獲董事會推 薦候選者除外),除非有意提名該人士候選董事的 書面通知,以及被提名的人士表明願意參選的書 面通知已送交至本公司的總辦事處或本公司香港 股份過戶登記分處。提交該等通知的期間將不早 於寄發指定進行選舉的股東大會通知的翌日開始, 並在不遲於有關股東大會日期前七天完結,而向 本公司發出有關通知的最短期間必須至少為七天。

## Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The procedures for shareholders of the Company to propose a person for election as a Director is posted on the website of the Company. Shareholders or the Company may refer to the above procedures for putting forward any other proposals at general meetings.

**INVESTORS RELATIONS** 

The Company is committed to a policy of open and regular communication and reasonable disclosure of information to its shareholders. Information of the Company is disseminated to the shareholders in the following manner:

- Delivery of annual and interim results and reports to all shareholders;
- Publication of announcements on the annual and interim results on the website of the Company and the website of the Stock Exchange, and issue of other announcements and shareholders' circulars in accordance with the continuing disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and
- The general meeting of the Company is also an effective communication channel between the Board and shareholders.

The Company has in place a shareholder communication policy to ensure that Shareholders' views and concerns are appropriately addressed. The policy is regularly reviewed to ensure its effectiveness.

The Company keeps on promoting investor relations and enhancing communication with the existing shareholders and potential investors. It welcomes suggestions from investors, stakeholders and the public. Enquiries to the Board or the Company may be sent by post to the Company's head office. The Company also maintains a website at www.ds-lace.com where up-to-date information and updates of the Company's operations, performances and strategies are available to public access.

## **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

On 16 December 2020, the Company adopted an amended and restated memorandum and articles of association which had been uploaded to the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. Save as disclosed above, there had been no changes in the constitutional documents of the Company during the Reporting Period.

本公司股東提名某一人士參選董事的程序刊載於 本公司網站。股東或本公司可參閱上述於股東大 會提呈任何其他議案的程序。

## 投資者關係

本公司致力實行公開、定期溝通及向其股東合理 披露資料的政策。本公司透過下列方式向股東傳 達資料:

- 向所有股東送呈年度及中期業績及報告;
- 根據上市規則的持續披露責任,於本公司網站及聯交所網站刊登年度及中期業績公告,以及刊發其他公告及股東通函;及
- 本公司股東大會亦為董事會與股東的有效溝
   通橋樑。

本公司已訂立股東溝通政策以確保股東的意見及 關注得到適當解決。該政策定期檢討以確保其有 效性。

本公司持續促進投資者關係,加強與現有股東及 潛在投資者的溝通,同時歡迎各位投資者、持份 者及公眾提出建議。如對董事會或本公司有任何 詢問,可郵寄至本公司總辦事處。本公司亦設有 網站(網址為www.ds-lace.com),刊載最新資料及 更新本公司營運、表現及策略,以供公眾查閱。

## 組織章程文件

於2020年12月16日,本公司採納經修訂及重列 的組織章程大綱及細則,並已上載於本公司及聯 交所網站。除上文所披露者外,本公司的組織章 程文件於報告期間概無變動。

## Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

## **ABOUT THE REPORT**

Deyun Holding Ltd. (the "**Company**" and its subsidiaries, collectively the "**Group**") presents the Environmental, Social and Governance ("**ESG**") report, which contains information on the Group's business activities, ESG governance, strategies, performances and ongoing commitment towards sustainable development. This ESG report is intended to enhance the confidence and understanding of the stakeholders towards the Group.

## **COMPANY PROFILE**

The Company is an investment holding company. The Group is principally engaged in (i) manufacturing and sales of lace in the People's Republic of China (the "**PRC**"). Services and products of this business segment can be broadly categorised into dyeing services and lace manufacturing; and (ii) footwear trading.

## **REPORTING PERIOD AND SCOPE**

The Group presents its ESG report that captures the ESG performance of the Group from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022.

Based on the principle of materiality, the scope of this report covers the Group's business operations in both Hong Kong and the PRC, where the Group derives its revenue. All the companies of the Group were included in the assessment of ESG performance for the purpose of this report.

## **BASIS FOR COMPILATION OF THE REPORT**

This report was prepared with reference to the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "**ESG Reporting Guide**") set out in Appendix 27 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "**Listing Rules**") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**"). An assessment on the applicability and materiality of the relevant key performance indicators under the ESG Reporting Guide had been conducted.

## 關於本報告

Deyun Holding Ltd.(德運控股有限公司\*)(「本公司」 及其附屬公司,統稱為「本集團」)呈列環境、社會 及管治(「ESG」)報告,當中載列有關本集團業務 活動、ESG管理、策略、表現及貫徹可持續發展有 關的資料。本ESG報告旨在增強持份者對本集團 的信心及了解。

## 公司簡介

本公司為一家投資控股公司。本集團主要從事(i) 於中華人民共和國(「中國」)生產及銷售花邊。此 業務分部的服務及產品可大致分為染整服務及花 邊製造;及(ii)鞋類貿易。

## 報告期間及範圍

本集團謹此提呈其ESG報告,本報告總結了本集 團自2022年1月1日至2022年12月31日的ESG表 現。

基於重要性原則,本報告的範圍涵蓋在本集團於 香港及中國(本集團的收入來源地)的業務。就本 報告而言,本集團所有公司均已納入ESG表現評估。

## 報告編製基準

本報告乃參考香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」) 證券上市規則(「**上市規則**」)附錄27所載的環境、 社會及管治報告指引(「**ESG報告指引**」)而編製。 本公司已評估環境、社會及管治指引下相關關鍵 績效指標的適用性及重要性。

\* For identification purpose only

## **ESG REPORTING PRINCIPLES**

The Group applied the following principles in this report:

**Materiality:** In compliance with the requirements of materiality principle defined by the Stock Exchange, the ESG issues considered by the board of directors (the "**Board**") and the ESG working group, stakeholders communication, identification process of substantive issues and the substantive issues are disclosed in the corresponding part of this report.

**Quantitative:** Statistical standards, methods, assumptions and/or calculation tools for quantitative key performance indicators herein and source of conversion factors are all explained below.

**Balance:** This report shall provide an unbiased picture of the Group's performance during the reporting period and should avoid selections, omissions, or presentation formats that may inappropriately influence the decision or judgment made by the report readers.

**Consistency:** The statistical methodologies applied to the data disclosed in this report shall be consistent.

## **ESG GOVERNANCE**

The Group acknowledges the importance of ESG commitment and it takes ESG into consideration in its decision making process. The Group has developed an ESG governance structure to integrate ESG into its business operations and align ESG governance with its strategic growth. The ESG governance structure is divided into two components, namely the Board and an ESG working group.

The Board has overall responsibility for the Group's ESG strategy and reporting. It oversees the overall governance and progress of the Group's ESG management system, policies, commitments, strategies and objectives. It also participates in the evaluation and determination of ESG-related risks. The Group implemented ESG management system and policies to ensure compliance with the relevant environmental protection laws and regulations, achieve other ESG objectives and mitigate ESG-related risks. It also formed a designated ESG working group to oversee and monitor the implementation and effectiveness of the ESG management system and policies. The ESG working group reports to the Board regularly. In order to evaluate, prioritise and manage the Group's material ESG issues, the Board discusses and reviews the Group's ESGrelated risks, performance, progress, goals and targets regularly with the assistance of the ESG working group. The Board reviewed the contents disclosed in this report.

## ESG報告原則

本集團於本報告中應用下列原則:

**重要性**:本報告遵循聯交所重要性原則規定,本 報告相應部分披露董事會(「**董事會**」)及ESG工作 小組審議的ESG事宜、利益相關方溝通、實質性議 題識別過程及實質性議題。

**量化**:本報告中定量關鍵績效指標的統計標準、 方法、假設及/或計算工具,以及轉換因素的來源, 均在下文進行説明。

**平衡**:本報告不偏不倚地呈報本集團於報告期內 的表現,避免可能會不恰當地影響報告讀者決策 或判斷的選擇、遺漏或呈報格式。

一致性:本報告披露數據所使用的統計方法均保 持一致。

## **ESG**治理

本集團確認ESG承諾的重要性,並在其決策過程 中考慮ESG。本集團已製定ESG治理結構,將ESG 融入其業務運營。ESG治理架構分為董事會和ESG 工作小組兩部分。

董事會全面負責本集團的ESG策略及報告。其監 督本集團ESG管理系統、政策、承諾、策略及目標 的全面治理及進度。其亦參與ESG相關風險評估 及釐定。本集團實施ESG管理制度及政策,以確保 遵守有關環保法律法規、實現其他ESG目標並減 輕ESG相關風險。其亦成立一個專項ESG工作小組, 以監督及監控ESG管理系統及政策的實施及成效。 ESG工作小組定期向董事會報告。為了評估、優先 考慮和管理本集團的重大ESG議題,董事會在ESG 工作小組的協助下定期討論和審查本集團的ESG 相關風險、績效、進度、目標和指標。董事會檢討 本報告中披露的內容。

The data and information in this ESG report are sourced from the relevant documents, reports, statistical data, management and operation information collected by the Group.

Information relating to the Group's corporate governance structure and practices has been set out in the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" of this annual report.

## **ESG STRATEGIES**

The Group believes that it is essential to implement appropriate ESG strategies in order to achieve sustainable corporate development. Key ESG strategies of the Group are set out below:

- Maintain regular communications with stakeholders to identify ESG aspects that are material and relevant
- Maintain high environmental and social standards to ensure sustainable development of the Group's business operations
- Comply with all relevant laws and regulations in relation to the Group's business operations including health and safety, workplace conditions, employment and the environment
- Encourage employees, customers, suppliers and other stakeholders to participate in environmental and social activities that benefit the community as a whole
- Review the ESG strategies on an annual basis

本ESG報告的數據及資料均來自本集團收集的相關文件、報告、統計數據、管理和營運資料。

有關本集團企業管治架構及慣例的資料載於本年 報「企業管治報告」一節。

## **ESG**策略

本集團認為,為了實現企業的可持續發展,實施 適當的ESG策略實屬必要。本集團的主要ESG策略 載列如下:

- 保持與持份者定期溝通,以發現重要及相關的ESG方面
- 維持高水平環境及社會標準,確保本集團業 務運營的可持續發展
- 遵守與本集團業務運營有關的所有相關法律 法規,包括健康和安全、工作場所條件、就 業及環境
- 鼓勵員工、客戶、供應商及其他持份者參與 有利於整個社區的環境及社會活動
- 每年審閲ESG策略

## **STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT**

The Group listens to its stakeholders as their contributions are critical to the Group's long-term success and development. The Group communicates with its stakeholders regularly through diverse channels to understand their concerns and respond in a timely manner. The table below sets forth the key stakeholders identified by the Group and provides the basis for identifying ESG substantive issues of the Group.

## 持份者參與

本集團傾聽持份者的意見,因為彼等的貢獻對本 集團的長期成功及發展至關重要。本集團通過各 種渠道定期與持份者溝通,以了解彼等的關切並 及時做出回應。下表載列本集團識別的主要持份者, 並為識別本集團的ESG實質性問題提供基礎。

Stakeholders 持份者	Expectations and concerns 期望及關切	Management responses 管理層回應
Shareholders 股東	<ul> <li>Act in the best interest of shareholders 為股東最佳利益行事</li> <li>Return on investment 投資回報</li> <li>Information disclosure 資料披露</li> <li>Compliance with laws and regulations 遵守法律法規</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Actively identify attractive business opportunities 積極物色具吸引力的商機</li> <li>Improve profitability 改善盈利能力</li> <li>Regular information disclosure 定期資料披露</li> <li>Enhance risk management and internal controls 加強風險管理及內部控制</li> </ul>
Governments and regulatory bodies 政府及監管機構	<ul> <li>Compliance with laws and regulations 遵守法律法規</li> <li>Business and economic development 業務及經濟發展</li> <li>Social contribution 社會貢獻</li> <li>Fulfilment of tax obligations 履行税務義務</li> <li>Environment protection 環境保護</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Enhance risk management and internal controls 加強風險管理及內部控制</li> <li>Regular update on relevant laws and regulations 定期更新相關法律法規</li> <li>Pay tax in full and on time 按時足額繳税</li> <li>Purchase/upgrade facilities to reduce emissions arising from the production process 購買/升級設施以減少生產過程中產生的排放</li> </ul>

Stakeholders 持份者	<b>Expectations and concerns</b> 期望及關切	Management responses 管理層回應
Employees 僱員	<ul> <li>Employee compensation and benefits 員工薪酬及福利</li> <li>Training and career development 培訓及職業發展</li> <li>Safe working environment 安全工作環境</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Offer attractive salary and incentives based on performance 根據業績提供具吸引力的薪水及獎勵</li> <li>Provide regular trainings for employees 提供定期員工培訓</li> <li>Monitor work safety and make sure employees are familiar with the work safety handbook 監控工作安全並確保員工熟悉工作安全 手冊</li> </ul>
Customers 客戶	<ul> <li>Quality products and services 優質產品及服務</li> <li>Protection of customers rights 保障客戶權利</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Enhance quality control on production process and products 加強生產過程及產品的質量控制</li> <li>Perform the contract according to law 依法履約</li> </ul>
Suppliers 供應商	<ul> <li>Integrity cooperation 誠信合作</li> <li>Business ethics and credibility 商業操守與誠信</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Build a long-term reliable supply chain 建立長期可靠的供應鏈</li> <li>Perform the contract according to law 依法履約</li> </ul>
Communities/public 社區/公眾	<ul> <li>Environmental protection 環境保護</li> <li>Employment opportunities 就業機會</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reduce environmental pollutions 減少環境污染</li> <li>Purchase/upgrade facilities to reduce emissions arising from the production process 購買/升級設施以減少生產過程中產生 的排放</li> </ul>

 Provide equal employment opportunities 提供平等的就業機會

## **MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT**

The ESG working group reviews the Group's operations and identifies relevant ESG issues and assesses the importance of related matters to its businesses and stakeholders. The ESG working group regularly collects information and views from relevant departments and stakeholders of the Group to identify significant ESG issues. The table below sets forth the Group's significant ESG issues based on their relative importance:

## 重要性評估

ESG工作小組審查本集團的運營並識別相關ESG議題,並評估相關事項對其業務及持份者的重要性。 ESG工作小組自本集團相關部門及持份者定期收 集資料及意見,以識別重大ESG議題。下表載列基 於相對重要性的本集團重大ESG議題:

ESG aspects as set forth in ESG Reporting Guide	The Group's significant ESG issues
ESG報告指引載列的ESG方面	本集團的重大ESG議題

#### (A) Environmental (A)環境

A1 Emissions A1排放

A2 Use of Resources A2資源利用

A3 Environment and Natural Resources A3環境及天然資源

A4 Climate Change A4氣候變化 Air pollutant emissions 空氣污染物排放 Greenhouse gas ("**GHG**") emissions 溫室氣體(「**溫室氣體**」)排放 Sewage treatment 污水處理 Hazardous waste management 有害廢棄物管理

Energy management 能源管理 Water management 用水管理

Negative environmental impacts arising from business operations 業務運營產生的負面環境影響

Global warming 全球變暖

#### ESG aspects as set forth in ESG Reporting Guide ESG報告指引載列的ESG方面

(B) Social (B)社會

B1 Employment B1 僱傭

B2 Health and Safety B2健康及安全

B3 Development and Training B3發展及培訓

B4 Labour Standards B4勞工準則

B5 Supply Chain Management B5供應鏈管理

B6 Product Responsibility B6產品責任

B7 Anti-corruption B7反貪污

B8 Community Investment B8社區投資 The Group's significant ESG issues 本集團的重大ESG議題

Recruitment, promotion, and dismissal Compensation and benefits 招聘、晉升及解僱薪酬及福利 Equal opportunities, diversity, and anti-discrimination 平等機會、多樣性及反歧視

Safety production management 安全生產管理

Employee development and training 員工發展及培訓

Prevention of child and forced labour 防止童工及強制勞工

Supply chain management 供應鏈管理

Product quality and safety 產品質量及安全 Customer satisfaction 客戶滿意度

Anti-corruption, fraud prevention and anti-money laundering 反貪污、反欺詐及反洗錢

Corporate social responsibility 企業社會責任

## 確認及批准

This ESG report had undergone the internal review process of the Group and was reviewed by the Board. During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group confirmed that it has established appropriate and effective management policies and internal control systems for ESG issues and confirmed that the disclosed contents comply with the requirements of the ESG Reporting Guide.

**CONFIRMATION AND APPROVAL** 

## **CONTACT US**

The Group welcomes stakeholders to provide their opinions and suggestions. You can provide valuable advice in respect of this ESG report or the Group's performances in sustainable development by mailing to Unit 1705, 17/F, Strand 50, 50 Bonham Strand, Sheung Wan, Hong Kong.

本ESG報告已通過本集團的內部審閲程序,並由 董事會審閲。截至2022年12月31日止年度,本集 團確認其已就ESG議題制定適當且有效的管理政 策及內部監控制度,並確認所披露內容符合ESG 報告指引的規定。

## 聯繫我們

本集團歡迎持份者提出意見及建議。您可以就本 ESG報告或本集團在可持續發展方面的表現郵寄 至香港上環文咸東街50號Strand 50 17樓1705室 提出寶貴意見。

## **A. ENVIRONMENT**

The Group acknowledges its responsibility to protect the environment and it has implemented policies to reduce emissions and improve the efficiency in the use of resources.

The Group's business is subject to various PRC environmental protection laws and regulations as well as environmental regulations promulgated by the local governments where the Group operates. Under the prevailing laws and regulations in the PRC, the Group is subject to provisions including Environmental Protection law of the PRC (中華人民共和國環境保護法), Promotion of Cleaner Production Law of the PRC (中華人民共和國清潔生產促進法), Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the PRC (中華人民共和國水污染防治法), Prevention and Control of Environmental Noise Pollution Law of the PRC (中華人民共和國環境噪聲污染防治法), and Prevention and Control of Solid Waste Pollution Law of the PRC (中華人民共和國國體廢物污染環境防治法).

To ensure compliance with the latest environmental laws and regulations, the Group has implemented stringent environmental protection policies setting out its goals and policies in relation to environmental matters. The Group has also installed air filtration facilities and sewage treatment system to reduce emissions. The Group obtained a certificate for complying with the requirement of GB/T 24001–2016/ ISO14001:2015 for its environmental management system on 11 October 2018.

The Group is required under the PRC law to obtain a valid pollutant discharge permit for its production facilities.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group obtained all relevant pollutant discharge permit and it complied with all applicable environmental laws and regulations in all material respects and had not been subject to any material penalty in relation to environmental protection.

## A.環境

本集團承認其保護環境的責任,並已實施政 策減少排放及提高資源利用效率。

本集團的業務須遵守多項中國環境保護法律 及法規,以及我們營運所在地方政府所頒佈 的環境法規。根據現行中國法律及法規,本 集團受中華人民共和國環境保護法、中華人 民共和國清潔生產促進法、中華人民共和國 水污染防治法、中華人民共和國國環境噪聲污 染防治法及中華人民共和國固體廢棄物污染 環境防治法的條文所約束。

為確保遵守最新環境法律法規,本集團已實施嚴格的環境保護政策,載列與環境事項有關的目標及政策。本集團亦安裝空氣過濾設施及污水處理系統以減少排放。本集團已於2018年10月11日就其環境管理系統獲得符合GB/T 24001-2016/ISO14001:2015要求的認證。

根據中國法律,本集團須為其生產設施取得 有效的污染物排放許可證。

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本集團已取 得所有相關的污染物排放許可證,並在所有 重大方面均已遵守所有適用環境法律法規, 且並無受到任何與環境保護有關的重大罰款。

### **A.1 Emissions**

Emissions from the Group's production process include air pollutants, sewage and solid waste.

In order to reduce the level of pollution, the Group has (i) upgraded its boilers to generate heat from natural gas for its dyeing services, which would significantly reduce the amount of air pollutants emitted; and (ii) installed a sewage treatment system to collect and process sewage to reduce hazardous substance in the sewage generated during the dyeing process and in accordance with different national standards (GB 13271-2014 for air and GB 4287–2012 for wastewater) in the PRC, which are comparable to corresponding international standards. An online real-time monitoring system has also been installed to connect such facilities to environmental authority of the PRC government, ensuring that the Group can meet the pollutant emission standard at all times. The Group has been spending continuous effort to enhance its equipment and facilities for satisfying the increasingly stringent environmental protection requirement. During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group did not exceed any maximum pollutants emission standards under the monitoring system and maintained a clean record with the government.

To complement with the use of natural-gas-boiler, the Group has also acquired some crucial waste treatment equipment, including flue gas purifying treatment machines which can transform and filter the concentrated smoke produced by its natural-gas-boiler to less harmful substances and water vapour. This new equipment allows the Group to control the amount of pollutants emitted to the environment in a more stable way and fulfil the discharge standard stipulated by the PRC government.

## A.1 排放

本集團生產過程中的排放包括空氣污染 物、廢水及固體廢棄物。

為減少污染程度,根據與相應國際標準 可資比較的不同國家標準(就空氣而言 為GB 13271-2014及就污水而言為GB 4287-2012),本集團已(i)升級其鍋爐以 利用天然氣產生熱量用於其染整服務, 可大幅減少所排放的空氣污染物;及(ii) 安裝污水處理系統以收集及處理廢水, 減少我們染整過程中所產生廢水的有 害物質。本集團亦已安裝網上實時監控 系統,連接該等設備至中國政府的環保 機關,確保我們任何時候均遵守污染物 排放標準。本集團持續努力升級設備及 設施,滿足日益嚴格的環保規定。截至 2022年12月31日止年度,本集團並無 超過監控制度下的最高污染物排放標準, 並於政府保持清白記錄。

為配合使用天然氣鍋爐,本集團亦購置 若干重要廢棄物處理設備,包括煙氣淨 化處理機,可將天然氣鍋爐產生的濃縮 煙霧轉化及淨化為危害較小的物質及水 蒸汽。該新設備使本集團可更穩定地控 制排放至環境的污染物數量,以及符合 中國政府規定的排放標準。

Besides, the Group has a number of vehicles for transportation of materials and products, which generate exhaust gas from the combustion of petrol and diesel. The Group's emission reduction measures for vehicles include:

- turn off the engine when the vehicle is not in use;
- plan routes ahead of time to reduce route repetition and optimise fuel consumption;
- undergo maintenance service regularly to ensure optimal engine performance and fuel use; and
- optimise operational procedures to increase efficiency and reduce vehicle idling rates

#### (i) Air pollutant emissions

During the year ended 31 December 2022, air pollutants generated from the use of the Group's coal-burning-boiler contributed to the emission of 18.76 kg (2021: 28.33 kg) of nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), 19.26 kg (2021: 29.09 kg) of sulphur oxides (SO<sub>x</sub>) and 3.14 kg (2021: 4.74 kg) of respiratory suspended particles (PM), and air pollutants generated from the use of the Group's motor vehicles contributed to the emission of 352.24 kg (2021: 157.68 kg) of nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), 0.61 kg (2021: 0.40 kg) of sulphur oxides (SO<sub>x</sub>) and 33.82 kg (2021: 13.64 kg) of respiratory suspended particles (PM).

#### Air pollutant emissions reduction target

To better manage the Group's ESG performance, the Group decides to set quantifiable targets for air pollutant emissions as follows: 此外,本集團擁有大量用於運輸材料及 產品的機動車,該等機動車通過燃燒汽 油及柴油產生廢氣。本集團的機動車減 排措施包括:

- 在機動車閒置時關閉發動機;
- 提前計劃路線,以減少路線重複並 優化燃油消耗;
- 定期進行維護服務以確保最佳的發 動機性能及燃油消耗;及
- 優化營運程序,以提高使用效率並 減少汽車空轉率。

#### (i) 空氣污染物排放

截至2022年12月31日止年度,使 用本集團的燃煤鍋爐產生的空氣污 染物導致排放18.76千克(2021年: 28.33千克)氮氧化物(NOx)、19.26 千克(2021年:29.09千克)硫氧化 物(SOx)及3.14千克(2021年:4.74 千克)可吸入懸浮顆粒物(PM)以及 使用本集團的機動車產生的空氣 污染物導致排放352.24千克(2021 年:157.68千克)氮氧化物(NOx)、 0.61千克(2021年:0.40千克)硫 氧化物(SOx)及33.82千克(2021 年:13.64千克)可吸入懸浮顆粒物 (PM)。

#### 空氣污染物減排目標

為更好地管理本集團的ESG績效, 本集團決定為空氣污染物排放設定 可量化的目標,具體如下:

Environmental indicators	Reduction target	Baseline year	Status
環境指標	減排目標	基線年度	狀況
NO <sub>x</sub> emission intensity	Reduce 2% by Year 2027	Year 2022	In progress
氮氧化物排放密度	2027年前減少2%	2022年	進行中
SO <sub>x</sub> emission intensity	Reduce 2% by Year 2027	Year 2022	In progress
硫氧化物排放密度	2027年前減少2%	2022年	進行中
PM emission intensity	Reduce 2% by Year 2027	Year 2022	In progress
懸浮粒子排放密度	2027年前減少2%	2022年	進行中

#### (ii) GHG emissions

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group's activities contributed to 38,209.38 tonnes (2021: 53,508.62 tonnes) of carbon dioxide equivalent (carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide and hydrofluorocarbons) GHG emissions. The table below sets forth details of the Group's GHG emissions by scope:

#### (ii) 溫室氣體排放

截至2022年12月31日止年度, 本集團業務活動產生38,209.38噸 (2021年:53,508.62噸)二氧化碳 當量(二氧化碳、甲烷、一氧化二 氮及氫氟碳化合物)的溫室氣體排 放。下表載列本集團按範圍劃分的 溫室氣體排放詳情:

		For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止 年度	For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日止 年度
Scope of GHG emissions	Unit	Emission	Emission
溫室氣體排放範圍	單位	排放量	排放量
<b>Scope 1 Direct emissions</b> 範圍1直接排放 Consumption of coal during the use	tCO₂e	25,308.45	38,226.33
of coal-burning-boiler 燃煤鍋爐使用過程中的煤炭消耗	噸二氧化碳當量		
Combustion of petrol and diesel for mobile vehicles 機動車汽油及柴油消耗	tCO <sub>2</sub> e 噸二氧化碳當量	97.82	64.44
Scope 2 Indirect emissions 範圍2間接排放			
Purchased electricity 外購電力	tCO <sub>2</sub> e 噸二氧化碳當量	12,629.05	14,932.53
Scope 3 Other indirect emissions 範圍3其他間接排放			
Paper waste disposal 廢紙處置	tCO₂e 噸二氧化碳當量	0.96	0.96
Water consumption 耗水量	tCO₂e 噸二氧化碳當量	173.10	284.36
Business air travel	tCO <sub>2</sub> e	-	-
商務空旅	噸二氧化碳當量		
Total GHG emissions 溫室氣體排放總量	tCO₂e 噸二氧化碳當量	38,209.38	53,508.62
Intensity 密度	tCO₂e/employee (note 3) 噸二氧化碳當量/僱員	105.55	108.10

(附註3)

#### Notes:

- (1) GHG emission data is presented in terms of carbon dioxide equivalent and are based on, but not limited to, "The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standards" issued by the World Resources Institute and the World Business Council for Sustainable Development, "How to prepare an ESG Report – Appendix II: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the Stock Exchange, the latest released emission factors of China's regional power grid basis.
- (2) The above emission data does not include the removal of CO<sub>2</sub> contributed by recycling of paper.
- (3) As at 31 December 2022, the Group had 362 (2021: 495) fulltime employees in total. The data is also used for calculating other intensity data.

#### Scope 1 – Direct emissions

Scope 1 direct emissions are generated from the use of the Group's boilers and motor vehicles. The Group is taking the proactive measures to reduce these emissions and these measures are set out in the section headed "A.1 Emissions" above.

#### Scope 2 – Indirect emissions

Scope 2 indirect emissions are generated from the use of purchased electricity. Measures to reduce these emissions are set out in the section headed "A.2 Use of resources" below.

#### Scope 3 – Other indirect emissions

Scope 3 other indirect emissions are generated from paper consumption and water consumption. The measures to reduce paper and water consumption are set out in the section headed "A.2 Use of resources" below.

#### GHG emissions reduction target

To better manage the Group's ESG performance, the Group decides to set quantifiable targets for GHG emissions as follows: 附註:

- (1) 溫室氣體排放數據乃按二氧化碳 當量呈列,並參照包括但不限於 世界資源研究所及世界可持續發 展工商理事會刊發的《溫室氣體 盤查議定書:企業會計與報告標 準》、聯交所發佈的《如何準備環 境、社會及管治報告一附錄二: 環境關鍵績效指標匯報指引》及 最新發佈的中國區域電網基準線 排放因數。
- (2) 以上排放數據不包括因回收紙張 而產生的二氧化碳排放量。
- (3) 於2022年12月31日,本集團共 有362(2021年:495名)全職員 工。該數據亦用於計算其他密度 數據。

#### 範圍1一直接排放

範圍1直接排放乃由使用本集團的 鍋爐及機動車產生。本集團正採取 積極措施以減少該等排放,該等措 施載於上文「A.1排放」一節。

#### 範圍2一間接排放

範圍2間接排放乃由外購電力產生。 有關減少該等排放的措施載於下文 「A.2資源利用」一節。

#### 範圍3一其他間接排放

範圍3其他間接排放乃由紙張消耗 及用水產生。有關減少紙張及水消 耗的措施載於下文「A.2資源利用」 一節。

#### 溫室氣體減排目標

為更好地管理本集團的ESG績效, 本集團決定為溫室氣體排放設定可 量化的目標,具體如下:

Environmental indicators	Reduction target	<b>Baseline year</b>	<b>Status</b>
環境指標	減排目標	基線年度	狀況
GHG emissions	Reduce 2% by Year 2027	Year 2022	In progress
溫室氣體排放	2027 年前減少2%	2022 年	進行中

#### (iii) Sewage discharge

Sewage is generated during the Group's dyeing process. Sewage is treated and discharged in accordance with the Discharge Standard of Water Pollutant for Dyeing and Finishing of Textile Industry (《紡織染整工業水污染物排放標準》). Measures to reduce hazardous substance in the sewage generated during the dyeing process are set out in the section headed "A.1 Emissions" above. The table below sets forth details of the Group's sewage discharge:

#### (iii) 污水排放

本集團的染整過程中會產生污水。 我們根據《紡織染整工業水污染物 排放標準》處理及排放廢水。有關 減少染整過程中所產生廢水的有害 物質的措施載於上文「A.1排放」一 節。下表載列本集團的污水排放詳 情:

ear ended	year ended
December	31 December
2022	2021
<b>这至2022</b> 年	截至2021年
2月31日止	12月31日止
年度	年度
Intensity	Intensity
密度	密度
26.00	26.00
2.00	2.00
3.15	3.20
	December 2022 韓至 2022 年 2月 31 日止 年度 Intensity 密度 26.00 2.00

#### Sewage discharge reduction target

To better manage the Group's ESG performance, the Group decides to set quantifiable targets for sewage discharge as follows:

## 污水减排目標

為更好地管理本集團的ESG績效, 本集團決定為污水排放設定可量化 的目標,具體如下:

Environmental indicators	Reduction target	<b>Baseline year</b>	Status
環境指標	減排目標	基線年度	狀況
Sewage discharge	Reduce 2% by Year 2027	Year 2022	In progress
污水排放	2027 年前減少2%	2022 年	進行中

#### (iv) Hazardous and non-hazardous waste

Hazardous waste of the Group includes waste mineral oil, effluent and packaging materials contaminated by dye. Non-hazardous waste of the Group includes residual coal, sludge, paper and packaging materials.

Apart from the above air pollutants and sewage treatments, the Group has adopted practices in relation to the separation, collection, storage and disposal of hazardous and non-hazardous waste in order to minimise environmental impact. In particular, the Group has engaged external service providers qualified by the relevant environmental authorities of the PRC government for (i) purification, transportation and disposal of the sludge generated from waste water; and (ii) collection and disposal of the residual coal produced from coal-burning boiler for further recycling purpose.

The Group also adopted certain measures in relation to consumption of paper and packaging products including:

- Make use of computer system for general transaction notification and data transmission;
- Use both sides of paper as much as possible;
- Dispose of waste packaging boxes as recyclable waste; and
- Increase the use of recycled paper.

During the two years ended 31 December 2022, the Group did not receive any complaints or warnings on disposal of its hazardous and nonhazardous waste.

#### (iv) 有害及無害廢棄物

本集團的有害廢棄物包括廢礦物 油、廢水及經染料污染的包裝材料。 本集團的無害廢棄物包括殘留煤、 污泥、紙張及包裝材料。

除上述空氣污染物及污水處理外, 本集團已採取有關有害及無害廢棄 物分離、收集、儲存及處置的常規, 以最大程度地減少對環境的影響。 尤其是,本集團已聘請經中國政府 有關環境主管部門認可的外部服務 供應商實施(i)淨化、運輸及處置廢 水產生的污泥;及(ii)收集及處置 自我們的燃煤鍋爐產生的殘留煤, 以進一步回收利用。

本集團亦就紙張及包裝產品消耗採 取若干措施,包括:

- 利用電腦系統進行一般交易 通知及數據傳輸;
- 盡可能使用雙面紙;
- 將廢棄包裝箱按可回收廢棄 物處理;及
- 增加使用回收紙。

截至2022年12月31日止的兩個年 度,本集團尚未收到任何有關處置 有害及無害廢棄物的投訴或警告。

## Hazardous and non-hazardous waste reduction target

To better manage the Group's ESG performance, the Group decides to set quantifiable targets for hazardous and non-hazardous waste as follows:

#### 有害及無害廢棄物減排目標

為更好地管理本集團的ESG績效, 本集團決定為有害及無害廢棄物排 放設定可量化的目標,具體如下:

	teduction target 或排目標	Baseline year 基線年度	Status 狀況
Hazardous and R non-hazardous waste	educe 2% by Year 2027	Year 2022	In progress
有害及無害廢棄物 2	027年前減少2%	2022年	進行中
The table below sets forth details of hazardous and non-hazardous waste of the Group:		下表載列本集[ 物詳情:	團的有害及無害廢棄
		For th	
Types of hazardous and		year ende 31 Decembe	
non-hazardous waste	Unit	202	
non-nazardous waste	onit	截至2022	
		12月31日.	
有害及無害廢棄物種類	單位	年」	
Waste mineral oil	tonnes	0.6	<b>9</b> 0.78
廢礦物油	噸		
Effluent	tonnes	0.4	0.46
污水	噸		
Packaging materials contaminated	tonnes	0.5	0.64
by dye	噸		
經染料污染的包裝材料			
Residual coal	tonnes	387.5	<b>5</b> 786.54
殘留煤	噸	CCA 0	<b>COT 07</b>
Sludge 污泥	tonnes 噸	664.8	697.87
Paper and packaging materials	ゥ tonnes	200.0	200.00
紙張及包裝材料	ionnes 噸	200.0	200.00
Total waste	tonnes	1,254.0	1,686.29
總廢棄物	· 噸	.,	1,000.25
Intensity	tonnes/employee	3.4	<b>6</b> 3.41
密度	噸/僱員		

### A.2 Use of resources

The Group strives to minimise the impact of its business operations on the environment by adopting measures to conserve energy during the manufacturing and dyeing. Such measures include practices to limit electricity and water wastage, guidelines on permitted usage of electronic equipment by employees and utilisation of equipment which is energy-efficient.

#### Energy management

The Group actively implements the concept of energy saving, emission reduction, and maintain efficient use of resources through following the methods and measures for energy saving. Through practicing active management control in its operations, the Group strives to prevent pollution by using environmentally friendly materials, producing green products, and implementing technological innovations. The Group has also implemented strategies to reduce the consumption of petrol and diesel (see section headed "A.1 Emissions") and achieve electricity conservation and efficient use of electricity. The strategies to achieve electricity conservation and efficient use of electricity are as follows:

- Conserve electricity and turn off unnecessary lighting power;
- Minimise energy consumption when equipment is not in production;
- Avoid premature start-up of equipment and idling of equipment; and
- Assure the cooling effect of air conditioning equipment by proper maintenance.

## A.2 資源利用

本集團通過採取措施於製造及染色過程 中節約能源,努力將其業務運營對環境 的影響降至最低。有關措施包括限制水 電浪費的常規、員工獲准使用電子設備 的指引以及使用節能設備。

#### 能源管理

本集團積極貫徹節能減排的理念,通過 遵循節能降耗的方法和措施,保持資源 的有效利用。通過在運營中實行積極的 管理控制,本集團致力透過使用環保材 料,生產綠色產品和實施技術創新,以 防止污染。本集團亦實施策略以減少汽 油及柴油消耗(請參閱「A.1排放」一節) 及實現節約用電及高效用電的戰略。有 關實現節約用電及高效用電的策略如下:

- 節約用電,關閉不必要的照明電源;
- 設備不生產時盡量減少能耗;
- 應避免過早啟動設備和設備空轉;
   及
- 對空調設備進行適當的維護,確保 製冷效果。

## Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

The table below sets forth details of energy consumption of the Group:

下表載列本集團的能源消耗詳情:

For the For the year ended year ended 31 December 31 December Types of energy consumption Unit 2022 2021 截至2022年 截至2021年 12月31日止 12月31日止 能源消耗種類 單位 年度 年度 Direct energy consumption 直接能源消耗 - Petrol and diesel 40,600 26.295 litre 一汽油及柴油 升 Intensity litre/employee 112.15 53.12 密度 升/僱員 Indirect energy consumption 間接能源消耗 - Purchased electricity kilowatt hours 15,093,880 17,846,940 千瓦時 一外購電力 kilowatt hours/employee Intensity 41,695.80 36,054.42 千瓦時/僱員 密度

Water management

The Group consumes water during its production process and for office use. In addition to the aforesaid measures related to the discharge of sewage, the Group also encourages all employees to develop a habit of conscious water use and implements the following water-saving measures:

- Formulate specific guidelines and measures for water conservation based on the characteristics of water consumption; and
- Inspect and maintain water storage, distribution, and consumption facilities regularly, and promptly solve problems identified to prevent wastage of water resources.

During the two years ended 31 December 2022, the Group did not encounter any issues in water sourcing.

#### 用水管理

本集團在生產過程中及辦公時會消耗水。 除上述與排污有關的措施外,本集團亦 鼓勵全體僱員養成自覺節水的習慣,並 實施以下節水措施:

- 根據用水的特點,制訂具體的節約 用水指引和措施;及
- 定期對蓄水、輸水及用水設施進行 檢查及維護,發現問題及時解決, 防止水資源的浪費。

截至2022年12月31日止兩個年度,本 集團在水源方面概無任何問題。

The table below sets forth details of water consumption of the Group:

#### 下表列載本集團的用水詳情:

	Unit 單位	For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止 年度	For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日止 年度
Water	tonnes 喃	206,879	339,856
用水 Intensity 密度	<sup></sup> 哦 tonnes/employee 噸/僱員	571.49	686.58

## A.3 The environment and natural resources

The Group recognises its responsibility to minimise the negative environmental impacts arising from its business operations and it is committed to achieving the goal of environmental sustainability. The Group regularly assesses the environmental risks of its business operations, adopts preventive measures to reduce risks, and ensures compliance with relevant laws and regulations. The significant impact of activities of the Group on the environment and the actions taken to manage them are detailed in the sections headed "A.1 Emissions" and "A.2 Use of resources".

#### A.4 Climate change

Management of the Group regularly monitors and identifies climate change risk that is relevant to the Group's business operations. The climate-related risks can be divided into two major categories: (i) risks related to the transition to a lower-carbon economy and (ii) risks related to the physical impacts of climate change.

#### (i) Transition risks

Transitioning to a lower-carbon economy may entail extensive policy, legal, technology, and market changes to address mitigation and adaptation requirements related to climate change. Depending on the nature, speed, and focus of these changes, transition risks may pose varying levels of financial and reputational risk to the Group. Policy actions around climate change could continue to evolve. Transition risks related to policy change include any risk that the environmental laws and regulations in China may be amended from time to time and changes in those laws and regulations may cause us to incur additional costs in order to comply with the more stringent rules.

## A3. 環境及天然資源

本集團意識到有責任將其業務運營中產 生的任何負面環境影響減至最低,並致 力於實現環境可持續性的目標。本集團 定期評估其業務運營造成的環境風險, 採取預防措施降低風險並確保遵守相關 法律及法規。本集團業務對環境的重大 影響及為管理有關影響已採取的行動於 「A.1排放」及「A.2資源利用」章節詳述。

## A.4氣候變化

本集團管理層定期監控及識別與本集團 業務運營有關的氣候變化風險。與氣候 有關的風險可以分為兩大類:(i)與向低 碳經濟轉型有關的風險,及(ii)與氣候變 化的物理影響有關的風險。

#### (i) 轉型風險

向低碳經濟轉型可能引發廣泛的政 策、法律、技術及市場變革,以解 決與氣候變化有關的緩解及適應要 求。視乎該等變化的性質、速度及 重心同程度的財務及聲譽風險。圍繞 氣候變化的獎行動或會持續發 展。與政策變更有關的轉型風險包 括中國環境法律法規可能不時修訂 帶來的任何態勢,而該等法律 的變更可能導致我們產生額外費用 以遵守更嚴格的規定。

#### (ii) Physical risks

Physical risks may have financial implications for the Group, such as direct damage to assets and indirect impacts from supply chain disruption. The Group's financial performance may be affected by changes in water availability, sourcing, and quality, or extreme temperature changes affecting the premises, operations, supply chain, transport needs, and employee safety. During the two years ended 31 December 2022, the Group did not encounter any difficulty in water availability, sourcing and guality, and it did not encounter any extreme temperature changes affecting the premises, operations, supply chain, transport needs, and employee safety that materially and adversely affecting business operation. The management will continue to assess and manage the climate-related risks posed to the Group in the future.

## **B. SOCIAL**

#### **B.1 Employment and labour practices**

Employees are one of the Group's important assets. The Group provides a safe, fair and harmonious working environment for its employees. By upholding values of trust, respect and compassion, the Group believes that it will boost employees' sense of belonging and retain top talents.

The Group has a recruitment policy in place. New employees are recruited according to business needs and upon request from relevant departments. The Group generally recruits its workforce through online platforms, regional job fairs and referrals by existing employees. The candidates will be examined based on their relevant experiences, skills, knowledge, and integrity. According to the recruitment policy, the Group encourages its employees to refer potential candidates, rewards would be given if the candidates are successfully employed.

#### (ii) 物理風險

物理風險可能對本集團產生財務影 響,例如資產直接損毀及供應鏈中 斷產生的間接影響。本集團的財務 表現可能會因供水、水源及水應變、 運輸需求及員工安全的極端溫度變 化而受到影響。截至2022年12月 31日止兩個年度,本集團到任何、 水源及水質方面並無遇到任何、 水,亦無遇到影響場所、運營选成 輕端溫度變化而對業務運營造成 極端溫度變化而對業務運營造成 輕大不利影響。管理層將於未來繼續 相關的風險。

## B. 社會

#### B.1 僱傭及勞工準則

僱員乃本集團的重要資產之一。本集團 為僱員提供安全、公平及和諧的工作環 境。通過堅持信任、尊重及同情的價值 觀,本集團相信這將增強僱員的歸屬感 並留住頂尖人才。

本集團已制定招聘政策。根據業務需要 並按有關部門的要求招聘新僱員。本集 團通常透過網上平台、地區性就業招聘 會及現有僱員介紹等方式招聘員工。將 根據求職者的相關經驗、技能、知識及 誠信對其予以審查。根據招聘政策,本 集團鼓勵僱員推介潛在候選人,倘候選 人成功獲聘會給予獎勵。

Each employee of the Group will receive an employee handbook which stipulates the rights and obligations of them. Basic rules such as dormitory rules, canteen management rules, factory access rules and resignation procedures will be included in the handbook and allow the employees to have constant references.

The Group also regularly reviews and updates its employment policy to ensure the applicability of its terms and condition and compliance with the latest labour laws and regulations. During the two years ended 31 December 2022, the Group complied with the relevant labour laws and regulations and did not experience any significant labour disputes or any disruption to business operations due to labour disputes. In addition, the Group did not experience any difficulties in the recruitment and retention of experienced core staff or skilled personnel.

#### Employee benefits and welfare

The Group's employees are generally remunerated by way of fixed salary. The Group utilises an appraisal system for its employees and considers the appraisal results of individual employees when conducting their salary review and determining the amounts of bonuses. The team manager, person-in-charge of the factories and human resources department will be responsible for conducting performance appraisal. The Group's employees are also entitled to a number of subsidies, including but not limited to job-nature based subsidy, performance-based bonus, share options and paid leave.

During the two years ended 31 December 2022, the Group made timely and adequate contributions to social insurance and housing provident fund for its qualified employees in the PRC; and mandatory provident fund for its employees in Hong Kong, in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations.

本集團的每名僱員會獲得一本僱員手冊, 當中列明其權利及責任。宿舍規則、食 堂管理規則、進出工廠規則及呈辭程序 等基本規則會載於手冊,隨時供僱員參考。

本集團亦定期檢討及更新其僱傭政策, 以確保其條款及條件的適用性及遵守最 新的勞工法律及法規。截至2022年12 月31日止兩個年度,本集團遵守相關勞 動法律及法規,概無發生任何重大勞資 糾紛或任何因勞資糾紛而中斷業務運營。 此外,本集團在招聘及挽留經驗豐富的 核心人員或技術人員方面概無遭遇任何 困難。

#### 僱員福利

本集團的僱員一般以收取固定薪金的方 式獲得薪酬。本集團為僱員採用一套評 核系統,並於進行薪金檢討及釐定花紅 金額時考慮個別僱員的評核結果。團隊 經理、工廠負責人及人力資源部將負責 進行年度績效評核。本集團的僱員亦有 權收取若干補貼,包括但不限於按工作 性質給予的補貼、績效花紅、購股權及 有薪假期。

截至2022年12月31日止兩個年度,本 集團根據相關法律法規為中國合資格僱 員的社會保險及住房公積金;及為香港 僱員的強積金作出及時及充足供款。

#### Labour standards

The Group's recruitment policy sets out its recruitment procedures and standard. The Group strictly follows and regularly reviews such policy. The Group would carry out background checks to authenticate information provided by job applicants to confirm that they are at least 18 years old. During the two years ended 31 December 2022, the Group did not have noncompliance in relation to laws and regulations regarding prevention of child and forced labour. The Group also ensures that the working hours of its employees are reasonable and comply with the relevant laws and regulations and its employees would have sufficient rest periods.

#### Equal opportunity

The Group provides equal opportunities for employees in respect of recruitment, job advancement, training and development, etc. Employees are not discriminated against or deprived of such opportunities on the basis of race, nationality, religion, physical condition, disability, gender, pregnancy, sexual orientation, political status, age and any other discrimination prohibited by applicable law. Employees shall not act in discriminatory manner or they can be subject to disciplinary actions.

#### (i) Employee relations

The Directors consider that it is important to maintain good relationship with employees. The Group maintains regular communications with its employees by arranging gatherings, celebration activities and trainings. Through these activities, the Group would collect feedback from its employees on job satisfactions and their expectations on the Group and would implement appropriate strategies to improve the work environment and its relationship with the employees.

#### 勞工準則

本集團的招聘政策載列其招聘程序及標準。本集團嚴格遵守並定期檢討有關政策。本集團將進行背景調查,以驗證求職者提供的資料,確認彼等至少滿18歲。截至2022年12月31日止兩個年度,本集團並無違反有關防止童工及強制勞工的法律及法規。本集團亦確保僱員的工作時間合理,符合有關法律及法規,僱員將有足夠的休息時間。

#### 平等機會

本集團在招聘、晉升、培訓及發展等方 面為僱員提供平等機會。僱員不會遭受 種族、國籍、宗教、身體狀況、殘疾、 性別、懷孕、性取向、政治地位、年齡 及適用法律禁止的任何其他歧視。僱員 不得以歧視的方式行事,否則可能會受 到紀律處分。

#### (i) 僱員關係

董事認為與僱員保持良好關係非常 重要。本集團通過安排聚會、慶祝 活動及培訓與僱員保持定期溝通。 通過該等活動,本集團將收集僱員 對工作滿意度的反饋及其對本集團 的期望,並將實施適當的策略,改 善工作環境及與僱員的關係。

#### (ii) Employee health and safety

The Group's principal raw materials are colouring dyes and additives. Although they are not hazardous chemicals as defined under the Catalog of Hazardous Chemicals (2015)《危險化學品 目錄(2015)版》), they can cause accidents and/ or adverse impact on the environment unless they are properly stored and handled. In order to ensure the safe storage of the dyes and additives and to minimise the risk of the occurrences of any accidents, the Group has adopted certain measures in relation to the storage and handling of dyes and additives including:

- Storage facilities for dyes and additives must be (i) in specialised space or storage rooms;
   (ii) managed by designated personnel;
   (iii) labelled clearly; and (iv) kitted with sufficient fire safety equipment;
- Personnel and departments which handle different dyes and additives must strictly comply with the relevant management regulations, operational procedures and fire safety guidelines; and
- Specialised containers used for the storage of dyes and additives must be labelled accordingly

The Group has established a series of safety guidelines, rules and procedures for different aspects of its production activities, including fire safety, operation safety, warehouse safety, work related injuries and emergency and evacuation procedures to promote occupational health and safety and to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Also, the Group provides suitable and necessary protection equipment to its employees, i.e., earplugs, protective suits and mask to ensure their safety during work. Furthermore, the Group will inspect its production facilities from time to time in order to ensure that such facilities are safe for use.

#### (ii) 僱員健康與安全

本集團的主要原材料為著色染料及 添加劑。儘管著色染料及添加劑並 非《危險化學品目錄(2015)版》界定 的有害化學品,惟除非妥善存放及 處理,否則可能導致事故及/或對 環境造成不利影響。為妥善存放染 料及添加劑並減少意外發生的風 險,本集團已就儲存及處理染料及 添加劑採納若干措施,其中包括:

- 染料及添加劑的儲存設施必須為(i)專門空間或儲物房:(ii) 由指定人員管理:(iii)清晰標 示用途:及(iv)配有足夠的消 防安全設備:
- 處理不同染料及添加劑的人員及部門必須嚴格遵守有關管理規定,操作程序及消防安全指引;及
- 用於儲存染料及添加劑的專 門容器必須標示用途。

本集團已就生產活動的不同方面(包 括防火安全、營運安全、倉庫安全、 因工受傷及緊急與逃生程序)訂立 一系列安全指引、規則及程序,以 推廣職業健康及安全,並確保遵守 適用法律及法規。本集團亦為僱員 提供合適及必須的保護裝備,即耳 塞、保護衣及面罩,以確保其工作 過程的安全。此外,本集團會不時 檢查生產設施,確保該等設施可安 全使用。

During the two years ended 31 December 2022, the Group complied in all material respects with relevant laws and regulations relating to health and work safety and the Group did not record any material accidents. The Group was not involved in any material violations of health and safety laws or regulations and it was not subject to material litigations, claims, administrative sanctions or penalties with regard to work safety and labour related issues. There were also no work-related fatalities or serious injuries, and no days were lost due to work injury for the three years ended 31 December 2022.

#### (iii) Development and training

In order to increase the overall competitiveness of workforce, the Group strives to ensure that its employees are equipped with the required skill and safety knowledge when performing their duties. It has been the Group's policy to provide all-round training to its employees. Usually it includes induction training with regard to factory rules, production flow and use of machineries which is held by manager or director; on-board training on the usage of machines and safety procedures required by its experienced senior staff for one to two months; and sometimes education opportunities depending on the job function of the employees.

The Group will also arrange management skills training to its potential mid-level staffs to increase their ability on management. Newly recruited employees are required to attend a safety training course so that they can be familiarised with the safety standards which they are required to meet during production and in their handling of production equipment. The Group will also hold events occasionally for its employees or allow its employees to join the trade fairs or seminars in difference provinces or cities, in order for them to catch up with market trend. 截至2022年12月31日止兩個年 度,本集團已在所有重大方面均遵 守有關健康與工作安全的相關法律 及法規,本集團概無錄得任何重大違 事故。本集團並無捲入任何重大違 反健康與安全法律或法規的行為, 亦無因工作安全及勞工相關問題遭 受重大訴訟、索賠、行政制裁或處 罰。截至2022年12月31日止三個 年度,概無人員因工傷死亡、重傷, 亦無人員因工傷缺勤。

#### (iii) 發展及培訓

為增強工作團隊的整體競爭力,本 集團致力確保僱員於履行職務時具 備所需技能及安全知識。本集團一 向的政策為向僱員提供全面的培 訓。培訓通常包括經理或主管舉行 的入職培訓,內容有關廠房規則、 生產流程及機器使用;為期一至兩 個月,由資深高級員工主持的機器 使用方法及必要之安全程序的實地 培訓;及偶爾視乎僱員工作職能的 教育機會。

本集團亦將向準中層員工安排管理 技巧培訓,提升其管理能力。新獲 聘的僱員必須出席安全培訓課程, 讓彼等瞭解於生產過程及操作生產 設備時須符合的安全標準。本集團 亦不時為僱員舉行活動,或容許僱 員參加在不同省份或城市舉辦的貿 易博覽會或研討會,以緊貼市場趨 勢。

Set forth below is the number and percentage of training hours completed by the Group's employees by gender and employee category: 以下為按性別及僱員類別劃分的本 集團僱員完成的培訓時數及所佔百 分比:

#### For the year ended 31 December 2022

#### 截至2022年12月31日止年度

Employee category	Male	Female	Total	% of training hours by employee category 按僱員類別劃分 的佔培訓時數
僱員類別	男	女	總計	的百分比
	Training hours 培訓時數	Training hours 培訓時數	Training hours 培訓時數	
Senior management 高級管理層	885	198	1,083	7.9%
Middle management 中級管理層	961	293	1,254	9.1%
Other employees 其他僱員	7,308	4,145	11,453	83.1%
Total 總計	9,154	4,636	13,790	100.0%
% of training hours by gender 按性別劃分的佔培訓時數 的百分比	66.4%	33.6%	100.0%	

## For the year ended 31 December 2021

#### 截至2021年12月31日止年度

Employee category	Male	Female	Total	% of training hours by employee category 按僱員類別劃分 的佔培訓時數
僱員類別	男	女	總計	的百分比
	Training hours 培訓時數	Training hours 培訓時數	Training hours 培訓時數	
Senior management 高級管理層	648	136	784	9.4%
Middle management 中級管理層	792	216	1,008	12.0%
Other employees 其他僱員	4,644	1,940	6,584	78.6%
Total 總計	6,084	2,292	8,376	100.0%
% of training hours by gender 按性別劃分的佔培訓時數 的百分比	72.6%	27.4%	100.0%	

#### *(iv) Employee distribution*

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had 358 (2021: 495) and 4 (2021: nil) full-time employees employed for the Group's business operations in the PRC and HK, respectively. The Group had no part-time employees. Set forth below are the distribution of the Group's employees as at 31 December 2022 by gender and age group:

#### (iv) 僱員分佈

於2022年12月31日,本集團分別 有358名(2021年:495名)及4名 (2021年:無)全職僱員受僱從事 本集團於中國及香港的業務。本集 團概無兼職僱員。下文載列本集團 於2022年12月31日按性別及年齡 組劃分的僱員分佈:

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Employees         Percentage 催星人数         Percentage           By gender         技性別劃分         百分比           Male         男性         215         59.4%           Female         女性         147         40.6%           By age groups         技年齢組別劃分         30 成或以下         71         19.6%           30 or below         30 成或以下         71         19.6%           31-40         31-40歳         118         32.6%           41-50         41-50歳         96         26.5%           51 or above         51 成或以上         77         21.3%           The table below sets forth the staff turnover rate of the Group classified by different categories:         下表載列本集團按不同類別劃分的         of the Group classified by different categories:         For the year ended year ended         31 December         31 December         31 December         31 December         31 December         2022         2021         2021         2021         2022         2021         12 月 31 日		分類	Number of	
By gender         按性別劃分           Male         男性         215         59.4%           Female         女性         147         40.6%           By age groups         技年齢組別劃分         30         30         59.4%           By age groups         技年齢組別劃分         30         30         59.4%           By age groups         技年齢組別劃分         30         30         59.4%           30 or below         30歳或以下         71         19.6%           31-40         31-40歳         118         32.6%           41-50         41-50歳         96         26.5%           51 or above         51 歳或以上         77         21.3%           The table below sets forth the staff turnover rate         下表載列本集團技不同類別劃分的         of the Group classified by different categories:         催員流失比率 :           For the         year ended         31 December         102022         2021           截至 2022 年         截至 2021 年         12月31日         12月31日           2052 2022 年         截至 2022 年         截至 2021 年         12月31日           12月31日         12月31日         12月31日         12月31日           Male         男性         29%         5%           Female         女性         35%	Category			
Male         男性         215         59.4%           Female         女性         147         40.6%           By age groups         技年齢組別劃分         30 感或以下         71         19.6%           31-40         31-40歳         118         32.6%           41-50         41-50歳         96         26.5%           51 or above         51歳或以上         77         21.3%           The table below sets forth the staff turnover rate or the Group classified by different categories:         For the kegar ended state year ended 31 December         31 December           2022         2021         截至2022年         截至2021年         12月31日         12月31日           Category         分類         止年度         止年度         上年度         上年度           By gender         技性別劃分         Male         男性         29%         5%           Female         女性         35%         5%         12%           Male         男性         29%         5%         5%           Sy age groups         技年 齢組別劃分         30         30         3%         5%           Sy age groups         女性         35%         5%         3%           O or below         30歳或以以上         35%         5%         3%				
Male         男性         215         59.4%           Female         女性         147         40.6%           By age groups         技年齡組別劃分         30 感或以下         71         19.6%           30 or below         30 感或以下         71         19.6%           31-40         31-40, ((147))         118         32.6%           41-50         41-50, ((157))         96         26.5%           51 or above         51 ((153))         77         21.3%           The table below sets forth the staff turnover rate         Tr stationally and the grameded year ended 31 December         31 December         31 December           2022         2021         ((127))         (127))         12 (131)         12 (131)           Category         分類         (147))         (128)         12 (131)         12 (132)           Male         男性         29%	By gender	按性別劃分		
Female     女性     147     40.6%       By age groups     技年齢組別劃分     71     19.6%       30 or below     30歳或以下     71     19.6%       31-40     31-40歳     118     32.6%       41-50     41-50歳     96     26.5%       51 or above     51歳或以上     77     21.3%       The table below sets forth the staff turnover rate of the Group classified by different categories:     下表載列本集團按不同類別劃分     第2022       Kage groups     大性別劃分     2022     2021       截至2022年     截至2021年     12月31日     12月31日       Category     分類     止年度     止年度       By gender     大性別劃分     近年     5%       Female     女性     35%     5%       30 or below     30歳或以下     35%     5%       31-40     31-40歳     16%     7%       41-50     41-50歳     21%     8%       51 or above     51歳或以上     57%     10%			215	59.4%
By age groups         按年 輸組別劃分           30 or below         30 歲或以下         71         19.6%           31-40         31-40,00,000         118         32.6%           41-50         41-50,000         96         26.5%           51 or above         51 歲或以上         77         21.3%           The table below sets forth the staff turnover rate of the Group classified by different categories:         下表載列本集團按不同類別劃分 m         meg.ñx失比率 :           Year ended         year ended         year ended         31 December         31 December           2022         2021         截至2022 ft         2222         2021           截至2022 ft         22131 ft         12 月31 ft         12 月31 ft         12 月31 ft         12 月31 ft           Category         分類         止年度         止年度         上年度         10%           Male         男性         29%         5%         5%         5%           Fernale         女性         35%         12%         12%         12%           S0 or below         30 歳或以下         35%         5%         5%         12%         12%         12%         12%           S1 = 40         男性         29%         5%         12%         12%         12%         16% </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
30 or below 30歳或以下 71 19.6% 31-40 31-40歳 118 32.6% 41-50 41-50歳 96 26.5% 51 or above 51歳或以上 77 21.3% The table below sets forth the staff turnover rate of the Group classified by different categories: For the For the year ended year ended 31 December 31 December 2022 2021 截至2022 年 截至2021年 12月31日 12月31日 12月31日 12月31日 2222 2021 截至2022 年 截至2021年 12月31日 12月31日 24年度 止年度 By gender 按性別劃分 Male 男性 29% 5% Female 女性 35% 12% By age groups 按年齡組別劃分 30 or below 30歳或以下 35% 5% 31-40 31-40歳 16% 7% 41-50 41-50歳 21% 8% 51 or above 51歳或以上 57% 10% By geographical region 按地區劃分 China 中國 32% 8%	Ternale	1	177	40.070
31-40 31-40歳 118 32.6% 41-50 41-50歳 96 26.5% 51 or above 51 歳或以上 77 21.3% The table below sets forth the staff turnover rate of the Group classified by different categories: For the staff turnover rate of the Group classified by different categories: For the For the year ended year ended 31 December 31 December 2022 2021 截至2022年 截至2021年 12月31日 12月31日 Category 分類 止年度 止年度 By gender 按性別劃分 Male 男性 29% 5% Female 女性 35% 12% By age groups 按年齡組別劃分 30 or below 30 歲或以下 35% 5% 31-40 31-40歲 16% 7% 41-50 41-50歲 21% 8% 51 or above 51 歲或以上 57% 10%	By age groups	按年齡組別劃分		
41-50       41-50歳       96       26.5%         51 or above       51歳或以上       77       21.3%         The table below sets forth the staff turnover rate of the Group classified by different categories:       下表載列本集團按不同類別劃分的 (僱員流失比率:         For the year ended 31 December       For the year ended 31 December         2022       2021         截至 2022 年       截至2021 年         2022       2021         截至 2022 年       截至2021 年         12 月 31 日       12 月 31 日         Category       分類       止年度         Male       男性       29%       5%         Fernale       女性       35%       12%         8y age groups       按年齡組別劃分       16%       7%         30 or below       30 歲或以下       35%       5%         31-40       31-40歲       16%       7%         41-50       41-50歲       21%       8%         51 or above       51歳或以上       57%       10%         61 or above       51歳或以上       57%       10%         61 or above       51歳或以上       57%       10%         61 or above       51歳或以上       57%       10%	30 or below	30歲或以下	71	19.6%
51 or above 51 歲或以上 77 21.3% The table below sets forth the staff turnover rate rāt āt sāt sāt sāt sāt sāt sāt sāt sāt sā	31–40	31-40 歲	118	32.6%
The table below sets forth the staff turnover rate of the Group classified by different categories:下表載列本集團按不同類別劃分的 僱員流失比率:For the For the year ended 31 December 31 December 31 December 2022 2021 截至2022 年 截至2021年 12月31日 12月31日 12月31日 上年度 止年度Category 分類 止年度 止年度By gender按性別劃分 大性Male男性 女性29%5% 5% 12%By age groups按年齡組別劃分 30 cir below30 or below30歲或以下 35% 5% 51-4031-40 41-50 51 or above51歲或以上By geographical region China按地區劃分 中國29%5% 5% 57% 10%	41–50	41-50 歲	96	26.5%
of the Group classified by different categories:	51 or above	51歲或以上	77	21.3%
For the year ended 31 December     For the year ended 31 December     For the year ended 31 December       31 December     31 December       2022     2021       截至 2022 年     截至 2021 年       12月31日     12月31日       12月31日     12月31日       Category     分類     止年度       By gender     按性別劃分       Male     男性     29%       Female     女性     35%       By age groups     按年齡組別劃分       30 or below     30歲或以下     35%       31-40     31-40歲     16%       41-50     41-50歲     21%       By geographical region     按地區劃分       China     中國     32%	The table below sets forth the staff turnover rate		下表載列本集團按	不同類別劃分的
year ended 31 December 2022         year ended 31 December 30 Z         year ended 31 December 31 December 31 December 32 %         year ended 31 December 31 December 31 December 32 %         year ended 31 December 32 %         year ended 32 %         year ended 32 %         year ended 32 %         year ended 31 December 32 %         year ended 32 %         year ended 32 %         year ended 32 %         year ended 31 December 32 %         year ended 31 December 32 %         year ended 32 %         year ended 33 December 33 December 33 December 33 December 33 December 33 December 33 December 34 Decemb	of the Group classified by differ	ent categories:	僱員流失比率:	
31 December     31 December     202     2021       截至 2022年     截至 2021年     12月31日     12月31日       12月31日     12月31日     12月31日       Category     分類     止年度     止年度       By gender     按性別劃分         Male     男性     29%     5%       Female     女性     35%     12%       By age groups     按年齡組別劃分         30 or below     30歲或以下     35%     5%       31-40     31-40歳     16%     7%       41-50     41-50歳     21%     8%       51 or above     51歳或以上     57%     10%       By geographical region     按地區劃分     32%     8%			For the	For the
31 December     31 December     202     2021       截至 2022年     截至 2021年     12月31日     12月31日       12月31日     12月31日     12月31日       Category     分類     止年度     止年度       By gender     按性別劃分         Male     男性     29%     5%       Female     女性     35%     12%       By age groups     按年齡組別劃分         30 or below     30歲或以下     35%     5%       31-40     31-40歳     16%     7%       41-50     41-50歳     21%     8%       51 or above     51歳或以上     57%     10%       By geographical region     按地區劃分     32%     8%			vear ended	vear ended
截至 2022 年       截至 2021 年         12月31日       12月31日         12月31日       12月31日         12月31日       12月31日         Male       男性         Female       女性         By age groups       按年齡組別劃分         30 or below       30歲或以下         31-40       31-40歲         41-50       16%         51 or above       51 歲或以上         By geographical region       按地區劃分         China       中國       32%			-	
12月31日       12月31日       12月31日         Category       分類       止年度       止年度         By gender       按性別劃分           Male       男性       29%       5%         Female       女性       35%       12%         By age groups       按年齡組別劃分           30 or below       30歲或以下       35%       5%         31-40       31-40歳       16%       7%         41-50       41-50歳       21%       8%         51 or above       51歳或以上       57%       10%         By geographical region       按地區劃分			2022	2021
Category         分類         止年度         止年度           By gender         按性別劃分			截至2022年	截至2021年
Category         分類         止年度         止年度           By gender         按性別劃分			12月31日	12月31日
Male     男性     29%     5%       Female     女性     35%     12%       By age groups     按年齡組別劃分       30 or below     30歲或以下     35%     5%       31-40     31-40歲     16%     7%       41-50     41-50歲     21%     8%       51 or above     51歲或以上     57%     10%       By geographical region     按地區劃分     32%     8%	Category	分類	止年度	止年度
Male     男性     29%     5%       Female     女性     35%     12%       By age groups     按年齡組別劃分       30 or below     30歲或以下     35%     5%       31-40     31-40歲     16%     7%       41-50     41-50歲     21%     8%       51 or above     51歲或以上     57%     10%       By geographical region     按地區劃分     32%     8%	By gender	按性別劃分		
Female女性35%12%By age groups按年齡組別劃分30 or below30歲或以下35%5%31-4031-40歲16%7%41-5041-50歲21%8%51 or above51歲或以上57%10%By geographical region China按地區劃分 中國32%8%			20%	5.0/
By age groups         按年齡組別劃分           30 or below         30歲或以下         35%         5%           31-40         31-40歳         16%         7%           41-50         41-50歳         21%         8%           51 or above         51歳或以上         57%         10%           By geographical region         按地區劃分         57%         8%           China         中國         32%         8%			/ -	- / -
30 or below 30 歳或以下 35% 5% 31-40 31-40歳 16% 7% 41-50 41-50歳 21% 8% 51 or above 51歳或以上 57% 10% By geographical region 按地區劃分 China 中國 32% 8%	Terride		5570	12 /0
31-40 31-40歳 16% 7% 41-50 41-50歳 21% 8% 51 or above 51歳或以上 57% 10% By geographical region 按地區劃分 China 中國 32% 8%	By age groups	按年齡組別劃分		
41-50 41-50歳 21% 8% 51 or above 51歳或以上 57% 10% By geographical region 按地區劃分 China 中國 32% 8%	30 or below	30歲或以下	35%	5%
51 or above 51歲或以上 57% 10% By geographical region 按地區劃分 China 中國 32% 8%	31–40	31–40 歲	16%	7%
By geographical region     按地區劃分       China     中國     32%     8%	41–50		21%	8%
China         中國         32%         8%	51 or above	51歲或以上	57%	10%
China         中國         32%         8%	By geographical region	按地區劃分		
Hong Kong 香港 – –		中國	32%	8%
	Hong Kong	香港	-	-

## **B.2 Operating practices**

#### (i) Supply chain management

Most of the Group's major suppliers are based in the PRC. The Group relies on the support from a wide variety of suppliers to provide raw materials and production equipment to carry out its business operations. It is very important for the Group to choose its suppliers carefully as such decision would directly affect the quality of its products and services.

The Group expects its suppliers to uphold the environmental, social and governance principles that the Group has adopted into the management of its business operations. In order to ensure that the components and raw materials meet the requisite safety and quality standards, the Group adopts stringent criteria in supplier selection (including but not limited to whether they provide high quality raw materials, whether they maintain a high standard on environmental protection and comply with relevant laws on environmental issues, whether price is comparable to market rate and location of their factories) and continuously monitors existing suppliers on an annual basis, based on criteria such as product quality, product defect ratio, delivery punctuality ratio and responsiveness.

Whether the supplier will continue to be included in the Group's list of approved suppliers depends on the marks it achieved under annual evaluation. The awareness of environmental protection is one of the key criteria for us to evaluate the suppliers. The Group highly recognises suppliers that can provide international recognitions and certificates, including but not limited to (i) ISO 14001, recognising the environmental management system in place, (ii) Bluesign® certificate, recognising textile chemical providers and the products are responsible, sustainable and is greener textile chemicals for the environment, or (iii) Standard 100 of OEKO-Tex® recognition, mainly on product safety, which also attest to socially and environmentally sound conditions in production facilities.

### B.2 營運慣例

#### (i) 供應鏈管理

本集團大多數主要供應商位於中 國。本集團依賴眾多供應商的支持, 以提供開展業務的原材料及生產設 備。謹慎選擇供應商就本集團而言 至關重要,因為有關決定會直接影 響產品及服務的質量。

供應商是否繼續列入本集團的經 核准供應商名單需視乎其於年度 評審下所取得分數而定。環保意識 為我們評估供應商的關鍵標準之 一。本集團高度認可能夠提供國際 認可及證書的供應商,包括但不限 於(i)認可制定環保管理體系的ISO 14001,(ii)認可紡織化學品供應商 及產品為負責任、可持續及為環境 友好型紡織化學品的Bluesign®認 證,或(iii)主要為涉及產品安全亦 證明生產設施社會及環境良好狀況 的OEKO-Tex®標準100。

If the aggregate marks of the supplier under the Group's annual evaluation (i) equals to or is more than 80 marks, then the supplier will remain in our list of approved suppliers for the following year; (ii) less than 80 marks, the Group would ask the suppliers to make corresponding amendments and conduct the evaluation again after three months. If its marks under the evaluation equals to or is more than 80 marks, the supplier will remain in the list of approved suppliers for the following year; or (iii) equals to or less than 70 marks, the supplier will be removed from the list of approved suppliers.

The number of the Group's suppliers by geographical locations were as follows:

如供應商在本集團的年度評審下所 取得總分(i)等於或高於80分,則 該供應商來年會繼續列入核准供應 商名單:(ii)低於80分,本集團會 要求供應商作出相應改善,並在三 個月後再作評審。如其在評審下得 分等於或高於80分,供應商來年 會繼續列入核准供應商名單;或(iii) 等於或低於70分,該供應商會由 核准供應商名單剔除。

按地理位置劃分的本集團供應商數 目如下:

Geographical locations of the Group's suppliers 本集團供應商的地理位置	Number of suppliers 供應商數目	
	For the year ended	
	31 December 2022	
	截至2022年	
	12月31日止年度	
The PRC	395	
中國 Hong Kong 香港	1	
Total 總計	396	

#### (ii) Product responsibility

#### Product assurance and recall

The Group believes that its reputation for product quality, timely delivery and customer service has contributed significantly to the success of its business operations.

The Group adopts strict quality control measures which includes four stages, (i) initial quality check for raw materials, (ii) checking against prototype of greige fabrics according to the specification from customers, such as pattern and dimension of our lace and obtain approval from customers before bulk production; (iii) inspecting finished lace against any snagged yarns to ensure the number of weaving defects is below the agreed level and (iv) conduct various types of test to ensure appropriate elasticity of the products. In the event of anomalies discovered during inspection, the production staff would instantly report to the manager of the quality control department or to the general manager of the Group, so that the problem can be solved as guickly as possible.

The Group is currently using the total quality management system which can monitor the quality of products in an all-rounded respective. The Group's quality management system complies with the standard of GB/T 19001-2016/ ISO9001:2015 Quality Management Systems Requirements and the Group was awarded a certificate for the design, and production of warp knitted lace (針織經編花邊). Also, the Group fully complies with domestic industry standards such as FZ/T 73027- 2016 Textile Industry Standard (Warp Knitted Lace) of the PRC\* (中華人民共和國紡織 行業標準(針織經編花邊)). The Group has also been accredited with, among others, ISO9001:2015 for guality management system for its design and production of lace and OEKO-TEX® Confidence in Textiles STANDARD 100, which shows that the quality of the Group's products can meet the international stringent requirements on product safety. In respect of dyeing services, the Group has obtained ISO14001:2015 for its environmental management system.

#### (ii) 產品責任

#### 產品保證與召回

本集團相信,本集團於產品質量、 準時交付及客戶服務的聲譽對業務 成功貢獻良多。

本集團採取嚴格的質量監控措施, 當中包括四個階段:(i)原材料的初 始質量檢驗:(ii)在大規模生產前根 據客戶規格(如花邊圖案及尺寸) 檢查坯布原型,並取得客戶批准; (iii)檢查花邊製成品是否有任何脱 絲問題,確保紡織缺陷低於協定水 平;及(iv)進行多種試驗,確保產 品具有合適彈性。倘於檢驗過程中 發現異常之處,生產人員會即時向 品質監控部經理或本集團總經理匯 報,以便盡快解決問題。

本集團目前採用全面品質管理系 統,全面監察產品質素。本集團 的品質管理系統符合GB/T 19001-2016/ISO9001:2015標準品質管 理系統要求,本集團亦獲頒授針織 經編花邊設計及生產證書。此外, 本集團全面遵守國內行業標準,例 如FZ/T 73027-2016中華人民共和 國紡織行業標準(針織經編花邊)。 本集團就花邊設計及生產的品質 管理系統獲得ISO9001:2015及獲 得 OEKO-TEX<sup>®</sup> Confidence in Textiles STANDARD 100 認證, 彰顯本集團 產品的品質可符合國際嚴格的產品 安全規定。就本集團的染整服務而 言,本集團已就環境管理系統獲得 ISO14001:2015認證。
#### Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

The Group also implements a series of repair and maintenance procedures of its machinery and equipment. The production team conducts basic routine checks on machinery and equipment regularly and detailed checks annually. The production team maintains detailed record on repair and maintenance work and the Group has its our own hardware warehouse to increase the efficiency of repairing.

During the two years ended 31 December 2022, the Group did not have material non-compliance with laws and regulations in relation to product safety and receive any product return request, nor had it received any complaint from its customers on the quality of products, and no customers made any material warranty claims against the Group.

#### Intellectual property rights and privacy protection

To protect its intellectual property rights, the Group has entered into confidentiality and noncompete agreements with members of senior management, employees of the design and development team and technical support team and/or other employees who have access to secrets or confidential information of the Group. The confidentiality and non-compete agreements prohibit such members of senior management and/or the relevant employees from (i) disclosing confidential information of the Group such as technology know-how and trade secrets acquired or generated during the course of their employment with the Group; and (ii) engaging in activities and/or business that may potentially compete with the Group.

The Group has also established appropriate guidelines for its employees to regulate the use of personal information, safeguard confidential information and avoid leakage of customers' and suppliers' privacy.

During the two years ended 31 December 2022, the Group was not aware of any material infringement of any intellectual property rights nor material breach of data privacy.

本集團亦執行一系列機器及設備的 維修及保養程序。生產團隊定期對 機器及設備進行基本例行檢查,並 每年進行詳細檢查。生產團隊保存 詳細的維修及保養工程記錄,本集 團擁有自家硬件倉庫,以提升維修 效率。

截至2022年12月31日止兩個年 度,本集團並無重大違反產品安全 的法律法規,概無收到任何產品退 貨要求,亦無收到任何客戶關於產 品質量的投訴,且概無客戶向本集 團提出任何重大保修索賠。

#### 知識產權及私隱保護

為保障知識產權,本集團已與高級 管理層成員、設計及開發團隊以及 技術支援團隊的僱員及/或能接觸 立保密及非競爭協議。保密及非競 爭協議禁止高級管理層成員及/ 或相關僱員(i)披露本集團過程中發 得或產生的工藝要領及/或商業秘 密;及(ii)從事可能與本集團構成 競爭的活動及/或業務。

本集團亦已為僱員制定適當的指 引,規範個人信息的使用、保護機 密信息並避免客戶及供應商私隱洩 露。

截至2022年12月31日止兩個年 度,本集團並無發現任何重大侵犯 任何知識產權或重大違反數據私隱 的情況。

#### Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

#### (iii) Anti-fraud and anti-corruption

The Group has implemented guides, policies and procedures regarding anti-fraud and anticorruption for its employees to follow. A reporting mechanism is in place for any fraud/corruption or suspected fraudulent/corruption behaviour. Any contravention to these guides and policies identified with solid evidence, the Group will terminate the engagement with the contravened parties immediately and if needed, report to relevant regulatory authorities. The Group also provides trainings to its employees from time to time to ensure that they comply and familiar with the guides, policies and procedures regarding antifraud and anti-corruption.

During the two years ended 31 December 2022, the Group complied with all applicable laws on prohibiting corruption and bribery and there was no concluded legal case regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or its employees.

#### Whistleblowing policy

The Group has implemented whistleblowing policy to provide a well-defined and accessible channel for reporting fraud, corruption, dishonest practices, or other similar matters and guidance on how an investigation would be initiated upon receiving a complaint. The policy also protects employees who report fraudulent activities in good faith and reasonable belief. A whistleblowing officer is elected to ensure that any reported case is dealt with in an expedited manner.

Upon receiving the complaint, the Board decides the method of investigation, which may involve appointing an external consultant for assessment. The Board will monitor and review the effectiveness of the whistleblowing policy from time to time.

#### (iii) 反欺詐及反貪污

本集團已實施有關反欺詐及反貪污 指引、政策及程序,供僱員遵循。 對於任何欺詐/腐敗或疑似欺詐/ 腐敗行為設有一個報告機制。如有 確鑿證據表明違反該等指引及政 策,本集團將立即終止與違規方的 接觸,並在必要時向相關監管機構 報告。本集團亦不時為僱員提供培 訓,確保彼等遵守並熟悉有關反欺 詐及反貪污的指引、政策及程序。

截至2022年12月31日止兩個年 度,本集團已遵守所有關於禁止貪 污受賄的適用法律,且本集團或其 僱員並無任何已完結的貪污行為法 律案件。

#### 舉報政策

本集團已實施舉報政策,為舉報欺 詐、腐敗、不誠實行為或其他類似 事項提供明確、可利用的渠道,並 為收到投訴後如何啟動調查提供指 導。該政策還保護該等出於善意及 合理信念舉報欺詐活動的員工。我 們已選出一名舉報主任以確保任何 舉報個案得以迅速處理。

接獲投訴後,董事會會決定調查方 式,當中有機會涉及委任外部顧問 進行評估。董事會將不時監察及檢 討舉報政策的成效。

#### **B.3 Community investment**

The Group acknowledges corporate social responsibility and allocates resources to satisfy the needs of the community. In achieving its social corporate goal in volunteering in the community, the Group has actively endeavoured in funding the development of less developed cities in the PRC by making donations to various charitable organisations occasionally.

During the two years ended 31 December 2022, the Group focused on environmental protection as well as cultural and sport promotion. Going forward, the Group will continue to focus on community needs and increase its investment in community. The Group has contributed a reasonable amount of time to environmental protection and cultural and sport promotion.

### B.3 社區投資

本集團承認企業社會責任並分配資源以 滿足社區的需求。為達成社區義務工作 這一社會企業目標,本集團通過不時向 不同慈善團體捐款,積極資助中國較落 後城市的發展。

截至2022年12月31日止兩個年度,本 集團關注環境保護及文體推廣。展望未 來,本集團將繼續關注社區需求並加大 對社區的投資。本集團已為環境保護及 文體推廣投入合理的時間。

The Directors are pleased to present to the shareholders of the Company the annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 4 January 2019. The Company's shares were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 13 January 2021.

## **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is an investment holding company. The Group provides dyeing services, sale and manufacture of lace as well as sales of footwear product to its customers. Details of the principal activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

# BUSINESS REVIEW, FUTURE PROSPECT AND DEVELOPMENT

The review of the business of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2022 and the discussion on the Group's future business development are set out in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report.

# PRINCIPAL RISK FACTORS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The following sets out the principal risks and uncertainties encountered by the Group in its business operations:

The Group as a dyeing service provider has been categorised as one of the heavily polluting industries. Any failure to comply with environmental regulations would expose the Group to penalties, fines, suspensions or actions in other forms.

The Group's business of providing dyeing services has been categorised as one of the heavily polluting industries and its operations are subjected to the environmental protection laws and regulations promulgated by the PRC government authorities. These laws and regulations require the Group to adopt effective measures to control and properly dispose of waste water and other environmental pollutants. The Group could be exposed to penalties, fines, suspensions or actions in other forms if we fail to comply with these laws and regulations.

董事欣然向本公司股東提呈截至2022年12月31 日止年度的年報及經審核綜合財務報表。

## 一般資料

本公司於2019年1月4日於開曼群島註冊成立為 獲豁免有限公司。本公司股份於2021年1月13日 在聯交所主板上市。

#### 主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本集團向其客戶提 供染整服務、花邊銷售及製造以及鞋履產品銷售。 主要附屬公司的主要業務詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註13。

### 業務回顧、未來前景及發展

本集團截至2022年12月31日止年度的業務回顧 以及有關本集團未來業務發展的討論載於本年報「主 席報告」及「管理層討論及分析」章節。

## 主要風險因素及不確定因素

下文載列本集團及其業務營運面臨的主要風險及 不確定因素:

作為染整服務供應商,本集團被分類為重污染產 業之一。如未能遵守環境法規,本集團將面臨刑罰、 罰款、停業或其他形式的法律行動。

本集團提供染整服務的業務被分類為重污染產業 之一,而本集團的營運須遵守中國政府機關頒佈 的環境保護法律法規。該等法律法規要求本集團 採取有效措施控制及妥善處置廢水及其他環境污 染物。倘本集團未能遵守該等法律法規,本集團 或會面臨刑罰、罰款、停業或其他形式的法律行動。

The Group derives a significant portion of revenue from customers in Fujian, Guangdong and Hong Kong. Failure to retain business relationships with existing customers or secure new business may materially affect the Group's results and financial performance.

The Group's revenue is concentrated in Fujian, Guangdong and Hong Kong. The Group mainly provides lace manufacture, dyeing services and footwear trading business on an order-by-order basis, there is no assurance that our business relationship with our customers in Fujian, Guangdong and Hong Kong will continue in the future. The Group's results of operations, profitability and liquidity may be materially and adversely affected if it is unable to secure new orders from existing customers in Fujian, Guangdong and Hong Kong or fail to procure similar level of business from new customers from other cities or countries on comparable commercial terms to offset the loss of revenue from customers in Fujian, Guangdong and Hong Kong.

The Group's business depends on a stable and adequate supply of raw materials and the Group does not enter into any long-term agreements with suppliers, fluctuation in the price of raw materials may affect the Group's cost of sales and adversely affect business operation and profitability.

Since the Group does not enter into any long-term agreement with its raw material suppliers, if any interruption, reduction or termination of the supply of raw materials occurs, or the price of the raw material increase due to an increase in demand, the Group has to bear the risk of such fluctuations and may not be able to shift such risk to its customers.

# EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Group does not have any important events occurring after the year ended 31 December 2022.

## **MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS**

During the year ended 31 December 2022, sales to the Group's largest customer and five largest customers accounted for approximately 38.2% (2021: approximately 9.4%) and approximately 47.6% (2021: approximately 21.0%) of the total revenue, respectively.

Purchases from the Group's largest supplier and the five largest suppliers during the year ended 31 December 2022 accounted for approximately 29.3% (2021: approximately 16.0%) and approximately 39.5% (2021: approximately 46.0%) of the total purchases, respectively.

本集團大部分收益來自於福建、廣東及香港的客戶。 未能保留與現有客戶的業務關係或獲得新業務可 對本集團的業績及財務表現構成重大影響。

本集團的收益集中在福建、廣東及香港。本集團 主要按訂單提供花邊製造、染整服務及鞋類貿易 業務,概不能保證我們與位於福建、廣東及香港 的客戶的業務關係將於日後持續。倘本集團未能 自於福建、廣東及香港的現有客戶獲得新訂單, 或未能以可比較商業條款從其他城市或國家的新 客戶採購水平接近的業務以抵銷福建、廣東及香 港的客戶產生的收益損失,本集團的經營業績、 盈利能力及流動資金可能受到重大不利影響。

本集團業務依賴穩定及充足的原材料供應,且本 集團並無與供應商訂立長期協議,原材料價格的 波動或會影響本集團的銷售成本,從而對業務營 運及盈利能力造成不利影響。

由於本集團與其原材料供應商並無訂立任何長期 協議,如原材料供應有任何中斷、減少或終止, 或原材料價格因需求上升而增加,則本集團須承 擔有關波動的風險,而未必能將風險轉嫁客戶。

### 報告期後事項

本集團沒有任何截至2022年12月31日止年度後發生的重要事項。

#### 主要供應商及客戶

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本集團最大客戶 及五大客戶的銷售額分別佔總收益約38.2%(2021 年:約9.4%)及約47.6%(2021年:約21.0%)。

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本集團最大供應商 及五大供應商的採購額分別佔總採購額約29.3% (2021年:約16.0%)及約39.5%(2021年:約 46.0%)。

None of the Directors of the Company or any of their close associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers for the year ended 31 December 2022.

## KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group maintains good relationships with employees, customers and suppliers by making frequent communications with them to understand their needs. The Group provides safe work environment, competitive remuneration, good welfare benefits and continuous training for its employees. During the year ended 31 December 2022, there were no material disputes between the Group and its employees, customers and suppliers.

# COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2022, to the best knowledge of the Directors, the Group has complied with all the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group. The Group also complied with (i) the requirements under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, the Listing Rules and the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "**SFO**") for the disclosure of information and corporate governance; and (ii) the ordinances relating to occupational safety for the interest of its employees.

# ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY AND SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Group is committed to fulfilling social responsibility, promoting employee benefits and development, protecting the environment and giving back to community and achieving sustainable growth. Details of such are set out in the section headed "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" in this annual report.

## **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 and the state of affairs of the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 103 to 106. The directors do not recommend the payment of dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: nil).

#### **SUBSIDIARIES**

Details of the Company's subsidiaries as at 31 December 2022 are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

本公司董事或彼等任何緊密聯繫人或就董事所知 擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上的任何股東,概無 於截至2022年12月31日止年度擁有本集團五大 客戶或供應商任何實益權益。

### 與僱員、客戶及供應商的關係

本集團與僱員、客戶及供應商進行經常溝通,了 解彼等的需求,維持良好關係。本集團為其僱員 提供安全的工作環境、具有競爭力的薪酬、良好 的福利待遇及持續培訓。截至2022年12月31日 止年度,本集團與其僱員、客戶及供應商之間並 無重大糾紛。

## 遵守法律及法規

截至2022年12月31日止年度,就董事所知,本集 團已遵守對本集團有重大影響的一切相關法律及 法規。本集團亦已遵守(i)香港公司條例、上市規 則和證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)有關披 露資料及企業管治的規定;及(ii)有關職業安全的 條例,以保障僱員權益。

## 環境政策及社會責任

本集團致力於履行社會責任、提升僱員福利及發 展、保護環境及回饋社會,務求達致可持續增長。 詳情載於本年報「環境、社會及管治報告」一節。

## 業績及股息

本集團截至2022年12月31日止年度的業績本集 團於該日的事務狀況載於第103至106頁的財務報 表。董事不建議就截至2022年12月31日止年度 派付股息(2021年:無)。

## 附屬公司

於2022年12月31日,本公司的附屬公司詳情載 於綜合財務報表附註13。

#### **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **BANK BORROWINGS**

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group had no bank borrowings.

#### **CHARGE ON ASSETS**

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group did not have any assets pledged as securities.

#### **CLOSURE OF THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

For the purposes of determining the shareholders' eligibility to attend and vote at the forthcoming annual general meeting to be held on 25 May 2023 (Thursday), the register of members of the Company will be closed from 22 May 2023 (Monday) to 25 May 2023 (Thursday), both days inclusive. The latest time to lodge transfer documents for registration will be at 4:30 p.m. on 19 May 2023 (Friday). During the above closure period, no transfer of shares will be registered. To be eligible to attend and vote at the forthcoming annual general meeting, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates and transfer forms must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong before 4:30 p.m. on 19 May 2023 (Friday).

## **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles or the laws of Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

#### 物業、廠房及設備

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本集團的物業、廠 房及設備變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註14。

## 股本

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本公司的股本變 動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註22。

## 銀行借款

於2022年及2021年12月31日,本集團並無銀行借款。

## 資產抵押

於2022年及2021年12月31日,本集團並無任何 被質押作為抵押的資產。

## 暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為確定股東符合資格出席本公司將於2023年5月 25日(星期四)舉行的應屆股東週年大會並於會上 表決,本公司將於2023年5月22日(星期一)至 2023年5月25日(星期四)(包括首尾兩日)期間暫 停辦理股份過戶登記手續。遞交過戶文件以辦理 登記的最遲時間為2023年5月19日(星期五)下午 四時三十分。於上述暫停辦理期間任何股份轉讓 不得進行登記。為符合資格出席應屆股東週年大 會並於會上表決,所有過戶文件連同有關股票及 過戶表格必須於2023年5月19日(星期五)下午四 時三十分前送達本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處 香港中央證券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇 后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712至1716號舖。

## 優先購買權

本公司細則或開曼群島法律概無有關優先購買權 的條文,致使本公司有責任按比例向現有股東發 售新股份。

## PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

During the year ended 31 December 2022, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

#### **RESERVES AND DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

The movements in the reserves of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of this annual report. The distributable reserves of the Company are set out in note 31(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION**

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief or exemption available to the shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

#### **CHARITABLE DONATIONS**

The Group made donations of RMB200,000 during the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

#### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

During the year ended 31 December 2022, no contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company or its subsidiaries were entered into or existed.

#### FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the published results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out in the section headed "Five-Year Financial Summary" of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

#### 購買、贖回或出售本公司上市證券

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本公司及其任何 附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司上市 證券。

## 儲備及可供分派儲備

本公司截至2022年12月31日止年度的儲備變動 載於本年報綜合權益變動表。本公司可供分派儲 備載於綜合財務報表附註31(a)。

## 税務減免及豁免

就董事所知,概無股東因持有本公司證券而享有 任何税務減免或豁免。

## 慈善捐贈

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本集團作出捐贈 人民幣200,000元(2021年:無)。

## 管理合約

截至2022年12月31日止年度,概無訂立或存在 有關管理和經營本公司或附屬公司全部或任何重 大部分業務的合約。

#### 財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度的已刊發業績以及資 產及負債的概要載於本年報「五年財務概要」一節。 本概要並不構成經審核綜合財務報表其中一部分。

## DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this annual report were:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing *(Chairman)* (appointed on 30 September 2022) Mr. Lin Mingiang

Mr. Larry Stuart Torchin (appointed on 30 September 2022)

Ms. Jian Xuegen (appointed on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Lin Chaowei (resigned on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Lin Chaowen (resigned on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Lin Bingzhong (resigned on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Wei Cunzhuo (resigned on 30 September 2022)

Ms. Lin Lili (resigned on 30 September 2022)

#### Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Chow Kit Ting

Dr. Chiu Kwok Hung, Justin (appointed on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Chan Hoi Shan (appointed on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Sheng Zijiu (resigned on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Yip Koon Shing (resigned on 30 September 2022)

Mr. Wong Chun Sek Edmund (resigned on 30 September 2022)

In accordance with the Articles, Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing, Mr. Larry Stuart Torchin, Ms. Jian Xuegen, Mr. Chow Kit Ting, Dr. Chiu Kwok Hung, Justin and Mr. Chan Hoi Shan will retire and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM.

## **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS**

Biographical details of the members of the Board and relationship between members of the Board are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors" in this annual report.

### 董事

截至2022年12月31日止年度及直至本年報日期, 本公司的董事為:

#### 執行董事

蔡榮星先生(主席)(於2022年9月30日獲委任) 林民強先生 Larry Stuart Torchin先生(於2022年9月30日獲委任) 簡雪艮女士(於2022年9月30日獲委任) 林朝偉先生(於2022年9月30日辭任) 林朝文先生(於2022年9月30日辭任) 林秉忠先生(於2022年9月30日辭任) 魏存灼先生(於2022年9月30日辭任) 林莉莉女士(於2022年9月30日辭任)

#### 獨立非執行董事

周傑霆先生 趙國雄博士(於2022年9月30日獲委任) 陳海山先生(於2022年9月30日獲委任) 盛子九先生(於2022年9月30日辭任) 葉冠成先生(於2022年9月30日辭任) 黃俊碩先生(於2022年9月30日辭任)

根據細則,蔡榮星先生、Larry Stuart Torchin先生、 簡雪艮女士、周傑霆先生、趙國雄博士及陳海山 先生將於應屆股東週年大會上退任並符合資格及 願意膺選連任。

## 董事履歷詳情

董事會成員的履歷詳情及董事會成員之間的關係 載於本年報「董事履歷詳情」一節。

## EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES AND MANPOWER SERVICE EXPENSES, INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

Details of the Group's employee benefit expenses and manpower service expenses for the year ended 31 December 2022 (including the emoluments of the Directors and senior management and the five highest paid individuals of the Group) are set out in note 9 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report. The emoluments payable to the Directors are determined according to various factors, including but not limited to their performance, market conditions and the financial conditions of the Group. During the year ended 31 December 2022, no Directors have waived any emoluments.

#### **DIRECTORS' LETTERS OF APPOINTMENT**

Each of Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing, Mr. Larry Stuart Torchin, Ms. Jian Xuegen, Dr. Chiu Kwok Hung, Justin and Mr. Chan Hoi Shan has signed a letter of appointment with our Company up to a term of three years commencing from 30 September 2022. Each of Mr. Lin Minqiang and Mr. Chow Kit Ting has signed a letter of appointment with our Company up to a term of three years commencing from 16 December 2020 and Mr. Chow Kit Ting renewed his appointment on 30 September 2022. These appointments may be terminated in accordance with the terms of the letter of appointment.

Apart from the foregoing, no Directors proposed for re-election at the AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment or compensation, other than statutory compensation.

## **PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION**

Pursuant to the Articles, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities (to the fullest extent permitted by the Companies Laws of the Cayman Islands) which he/she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto.

## 僱員福利開支及人力資源服務開支<sup>,</sup> 包括董事酬金

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本集團的僱員福 利開支及人力資源服務開支(包括本集團董事、高 級管理層及五名最高薪酬人士的薪酬)詳情載於本 年報綜合財務報表附註9。應付董事的酬金乃根據 多種因素釐定,包括但不限於其表現、市況及本 集團的財務狀況。截至2022年12月31日止年度, 概無董事放棄任何酬金。

## 董事委任函

蔡榮星先生、Larry Stuart Torchin先生、簡雪艮女 士、趙國雄博士及陳海山先生各自已與本公司簽 訂委任函,自2022年9月30日起計為期三年。林 民強先生及周傑霆先生各自已與本公司簽訂委任 函,自2020年12月16日起計為期三年,周傑霆先 生於2022年9月30日續簽委任函。該等委任函可 根據委任函的條款予以終止。

除上述者外,概無建議於股東週年大會重選的董 事與本公司訂立不得由本公司於一年內終止而毋 須支付款項或賠償(法定賠償除外)的服務合約。

## 獲准許的彌償條文

根據細則,各董事可(在開曼群島公司法准許下盡 可能)就於或有關執行其職責或其他與此有關而蒙 受或招致的所有損失或責任獲得以本公司資產作 出的彌償。

## DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 December 2022, interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which have been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or have been entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or otherwise have been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code are as follows:

# (i) Interest in the ordinary shares of the Company

## 董事及最高行政人員於本公司或任 何相關法團的股份、相關股份及債 權證的權益及淡倉

於2022年12月31日,本公司董事及最高行政人 員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨 條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有 已根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知 會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及 期貨條例有關條文被當作或視為擁有的權益及淡 倉)或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須載入本公司 存置的登記冊的權益及淡倉,或根據標準守則須 知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

#### (i) 於本公司普通股的權益

Name of Director	Capacity/nature of interest	Number of shares held <i>(Note 1)</i> 持有的 股份數目	Percentage of shareholding in the Company (Approximate) 於本公司的 持股百分比
董事姓名	身份/權益性質	(附註1)	(概約)
Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing <i>(Note 2)</i> 蔡榮星先生 <i>(附註2)</i>	Interest in a controlled corporation and beneficial owner 受控法團權益與實益擁有人	819,000,000 (L)	65.0%
Mr. Lin Minqiang <i>(Note 3)</i> 林民強先生 <i>(附註3)</i>	Interest in a controlled corporation Interest held jointly with other persons 受控法團權益 與其他人士共同持有權益	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%

# (ii) Interest in the ordinary shares of an associated corporation

#### (ii) 於相聯法團普通股的權益

				Percentage of shareholding in
Name of Director	Name of associated corporation	Capacity/nature of interest	Number of shares held (Note 1) 持有的 股份數目	the associated corporation (Approximate) 於相聯法團的 持股百分比
董事姓名	相聯法團名稱	身份/權益性質持	(附註1)	(概約)
Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing	Glorious Way Investments Limited (" <b>Glorious Way</b> ")	Beneficial owner	1(L)	100%
蔡榮星先生	榮偉投資有限公司(「 <b>榮偉</b> 」)	實益擁有人		
Notes:		附註:		

- 1. The letter "L" denotes long position of the shares.
- 2. Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing (i) directly and beneficially holds 1.98% of the shares of the Company; and (ii) beneficially owns 100% of the issued shares of Glorious Way, which in turn holds 63.02% of the shares of the Company. Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing is a director of Glorious Way. Therefore, Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing is deemed, or taken to be interested in the shares of the Company held by Glorious Way for the purpose of the SFO and in aggregate holds 65.0% of the shares of the Company.
- 3. These shares are held by Deyong Investment Co., Ltd ("Deyong Investment"). Deyong Investment is an investment holding company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands (the "BVI") and is owned by Mr. Lin Minqiang, as to 60%. Mr. Lin Minqiang is a director of Deyong Investment. Therefore, Mr. Lin Minqiang is deemed, or taken, to be interested in the shares of the Company held by Deyong Investment for the purposes of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had registered any interests or short positions in any shares and underlying shares in, and debentures of, the Company or any associated corporations as at 31 December 2022, as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Part XV of the SFO or the Model Code.

- 1. 「L」代表該名人士於股份的好倉。
- 蔡榮星先生(i)直接及實益持有本公司1.98% 股份:及(ii)實益擁有榮偉已發行股份 100%,而榮偉持有本公司63.02%股份。蔡 榮星先生為榮偉的董事。因此,根據證券及 期貨條例,蔡榮星先生被視為或當作於榮偉 所持有的本公司股份中擁有權益,故合共持 有本公司65.0%股份。
- 該等股份由Deyong Investment Co., Ltd (「Deyong Investment」)持有。Deyong Investment為於英屬處女群島(「英屬處女 群島」)註冊成立的投資控股公司,由林民 強先生擁有60%。林民強先生為Deyong Investment的董事。因此,根據證券及期貨 條例,林民強先生被視為或當作於Deyong Investment所持有的本公司股份中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,於2022年12月31日,概無本 公司董事或最高行政人員於本公司或任何相聯法 團的任何股份、相關股份及債權證中,擁有記入 本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條須存置的登 記冊或根據證券及期貨條例第XV部或標準守則須 另行知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。

## ARRANGEMENT FOR DIRECTORS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Saved as disclosed in this annual report, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this annual report were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director of the Company or their respective spouses or minor children, or were such rights exercised by them, or was the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debt securities (including debentures) of the Company or any other body corporate.

## SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

So far as is known to the Directors, as at 31 December 2022, the following corporation/persons (other than the interests of the Directors or chief executives of the Company as disclosed above) had interests of 5% or more in the issued shares which fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

#### 董事購買股份或債權證的安排

除本年報所披露者外,於截至2022年12月31日 止年度及直至本年報日期的任何時間,概無向本 公司任何董事或彼等各自的配偶或未成年子女授 出任何可藉收購本公司股份或債權證而獲得利益 的權利,彼等亦無行使任何該等權利,且本公司、 其控股公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立任何安排, 致使本公司董事可藉收購本公司或任何其他法團 股份或債務證券(包括債權證)而獲得利益。

## 主要股東及其他人士於本公司股份 及相關股份中擁有的權益及淡倉

就董事所知,於2022年12月31日,下列法團/人 士(上文所披露的本公司董事或最高行政人員權益 除外)擁有本公司已發行股份中5%或以上的權益 且根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部條文 須向本公司及聯交所披露或須記入本公司根據證 券及期貨條例第336條須存置的登記冊:

Name	Capacity/nature of interest	Number of shares held (Note 1)	Percentage of shareholding in the Company (Approximate) 於本公司的
姓名/名稱	身份/權益性質	<b>股份數目</b> <i>(附註1)</i>	<b>持股百分比</b> (概約)
		(7) 42 7)	( UM JRI)
Glorious Way (Note 2)	Beneficial owner	794,000,000 (L)	63.02%
榮偉 <i>(附註2)</i>	實益擁有人	794,000,000 (L)	63.02%
Ms. Wu Chor Har <i>(Note 3)</i>	Interest of spouse	819,000,000 (L)	65.0%
胡秋霞女士 <i>(附註3)</i>	配偶權益	819,000,000 (L)	65.0%

Name	Capacity/nature of interest	Number of shares held (Note 1)	Percentage of shareholding in the Company (Approximate) 於本公司的
姓名/名稱	身份/權益性質	<b>股份數目</b> <i>(附註1)</i>	<b>持股百分比</b> (概約)
Deyong Investment (Note 4)	Beneficial owner	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
Deyong Investment (附註4)	實益擁有人	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
Mr. Lin Chaoji <i>(Note 5)</i>	Interest held jointly with other persons	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
林朝基先生(附註5)	與其他士共同持有權益	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
Mr. Lin Bingzhong <i>(Note 5)</i>	Interest held jointly with other persons	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
林秉忠先生(附註5)	與其他人士共同持有權益	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
Mr. Lin Chaowei <i>(Note 5)</i>	Interest held jointly with other persons	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
林朝偉先生(附註5)	與其他人士共同持有權益	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
Mr. Lin Chaowen <i>(Note 5)</i>	Interest held jointly with other persons	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
林朝文先生(附註5)	與其他人士共同持有權益	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
Ms. Lin Yueyun <i>(Note 6)</i>	Interest of spouse	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
林月雲女士(附註6)	配偶權益	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
Ms. Jiang Yanyun (Note 7)	Interest of spouse	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
蔣艷雲女士(附註7)	配偶權益	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
Ms. Zheng Xiuqin <i>(Note 8)</i>	Interest of spouse	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
鄭秀欽女士(附註8)	配偶權益	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
Ms. Lin Yunzhen <i>(Note 9)</i>	Interest of spouse	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
林雲珍女士(附註9)	配偶權益	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
Ms. Lin Aimei <i>(Note 10)</i>	Interest of spouse	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
林愛美女士 <i>(附註10)</i>	配偶權益	126,000,000 (L)	10.0%
Notes:	附註:		
1. The letter "L" denotes long position of th	ie shares. 1. 「L」代表	該名人士於股份的好倉	0

2. Glorious Way is an investment holding company incorporated in the BVI and is wholly owned by Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing.

 榮偉為於英屬處女群島註冊成立的投資控股公司, 由蔡榮星先生全資擁有。

- 3. Ms. Wu Chor Har is the spouse of Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing. Therefore, Ms. Wu Chor Har is deemed to be, or taken to be, interested in the shares of the Company which Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing is interested in for the purposes of the SFO.
- Deyong Investment is an investment holding company incorporated in the BVI and is owned by Mr. Lin Minqiang, Mr. Lin Bingzhong, Mr. Lin Chaoji, Mr. Lin Chaowei and Mr. Lin Chaowen as to 60%, 11.6%, 10.54%, 9.22% and 8.64%, respectively.
- 5. On 31 December 2019, Mr. Lin Minqiang, Mr. Lin Bingzhong, Mr. Lin Chaoji, Mr. Lin Chaowei and Mr. Lin Chaowen entered into an acting in concert agreement to acknowledge and confirm (among other things) that they are parties acting in concert during the three years ended 31 December 2019 and six months ended 30 June 2020 and that to continue to act in the same manner in the Group after the Company's listing. As such, by virtue of the SFO, Mr. Lin Minqiang, Mr. Lin Bingzhong, Mr. Lin Chaoyi, Mr. Lin Chaowei and Mr. Lin Chaowen are deemed to be interested in all the shares of the Company held by Deyong Investment.
- Ms. Lin Yueyun is the spouse of Mr. Lin Minqiang. Therefore, Ms. Lin Yueyun is deemed to be, or taken to be, interested in the shares of the Company which Mr. Lin Minqiang is interested in for the purposes of the SFO.
- Ms. Jiang Yanyun is the spouse of Mr. Lin Bingzhong. Therefore, Ms. Jiang Yanyun is deemed to be, or taken to be, interested in the shares of the Company which Mr. Lin Bingzhong is interested in for the purposes of the SFO.
- Ms. Zheng Xiuqin is the spouse of Mr. Lin Chaoji. Therefore, Ms. Zheng Xiuqin is deemed to be, or taken to be, interested in the shares of the Company which Mr. Lin Chaoji is interested in for the purposes of the SFO.
- Ms. Lin Yunzhen is the spouse of Mr. Lin Chaowei. Therefore, Ms. Lin Yunzhen is deemed to be, or taken to be, interested in the shares of the Company which Mr. Lin Chaowei is interested in for the purposes of the SFO.
- Ms. Lin Aimei is the spouse of Mr. Lin Chaowen. Therefore, Ms. Lin Aimei is deemed to be, or taken to be, interested in the shares of the Company which Mr. Lin Chaowen is interested in for the purposes of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, the Company has not been notified of any other relevant interests or short positions in the issued share capital of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

- 胡秋霞女士為蔡榮星先生的配偶。因此,根據證券 及期貨條例,胡秋霞女士被視為或當作於蔡榮星先 生擁有權益的本公司股份中擁有權益。
- Deyong Investment為於英屬處女群島註冊成立的 投資控股公司,分別由林民強先生、林秉忠先生、 林朝基先生、林朝偉先生及林朝文先生擁有60%、 11.6%、10.54%、9.22%及8.64%。
- 5. 於2019年12月31日,林民強先生、林秉忠先生、 林朝基先生、林朝偉先生及林朝文先生訂立一致 行動協議,以承認及確認(其中包括)彼等於截至 2019年12月31日止三個年度及截至2020年6月 30日止六個月為一致行動人士,並將於本公司上 市後繼續以同一方式於本集團行動。因此,根據證 券及期貨條例,林民強先生、林秉忠先生、林朝基 先生、林朝偉先生及林朝文先生被視為於Deyong Investment所持有的本公司所有股份中擁有權益。
- 林月雲女士為林民強先生的配偶。因此,根據證券 及期貨條例,林月雲女士被視為或當作於林民強先 生擁有權益的本公司股份中擁有權益。
- 蔣艷雲女士為林秉忠先生的配偶。因此,根據證券 及期貨條例,蔣艷雲女士被視為或當作於林秉忠先 生擁有權益的本公司股份中擁有權益。
- 鄭秀欽女士為林朝基先生的配偶。因此,根據證券 及期貨條例,鄭秀欽女士被視為或當作於林朝基先 生擁有權益的本公司股份中擁有權益。
- 林雲珍女士為林朝偉先生的配偶。因此,根據證券 及期貨條例,林雲珍女士被視為或當作於林朝偉先 生擁有權益的本公司股份中擁有權益。
- 10. 林愛美女士為林朝文先生的配偶。因此,根據證券 及期貨條例,林愛美女士被視為或當作於林朝文先 生擁有權益的本公司股份中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,於2022年12月31日,本公司 概無獲悉本公司已發行股本中根據證券及期貨條 例第XV部第2及3分部條文須向本公司披露的任 何相關權益或淡倉,或須記入本公司根據證券及 期貨條例第336條須存置的登記冊的任何相關權 益或淡倉。

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No Director or his/her connected entity has or had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries or its parent company was a party subsisting during or at the end of the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### **CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTEREST**

No contracts of significance were entered into between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and any controlling shareholders or any of its subsidiaries or any contracts of significance for the provision of services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries by any controlling shareholders or any of its subsidiaries.

## DIRECTORS' AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

None of the Directors, controlling shareholders or any of their respective associates has engaged in or has any interest in any business that competes or may compete with the business of the Group, or has any other conflict of interest with the Group during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report.

#### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company conditionally adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on 16 December 2020 (the "Adoption Date"), which become effective on 13 January 2021.

#### (i) Purpose of Share Option Scheme

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to attract and retain the best available personnel, to provide additional incentive to eligible participants; and to promote the success of the business of the Group.

## 董事於交易、安排或合約的權益

概無董事或其關連實體於截至2022年12月31日 止年度內或年末時仍存續且由本公司或其任何附 屬公司、同系附屬公司或其母公司所訂立並對本 公司業務而言屬重要的任何交易、安排或合約中 直接或間接擁有或曾擁有重大權益。

#### 控股股東權益

本公司或其任何附屬公司並無與任何控股股東或 其任何附屬公司訂立重大合約,亦無任何控股股 東或其任何附屬公司向本公司或其任何附屬公司 提供服務而訂立的重大合約。

### 董事及控股股東於競爭業務的權益

於報告期間及直至本報告日期,概無董事、控股 股東或任何彼等各自的聯繫人從事任何與本集團 的業務競爭或可能競爭的業務或擁有該等業務的 任何權益,亦無與本集團有任何其他利益衝突。

### 購股權計劃

本公司於2020年12月16日(「採納日期」)有條件 採納一項購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),其於2021 年1月13日生效。

#### (i) 購股權計劃的目的

購股權計劃旨在吸引及挽留最優秀的人員、 向本集團僱員提供額外獎勵以及推動本集團 業務創出佳績。

#### (ii) Who may join and basis of eligibility

The Board may, at its absolute discretion and on such terms as it may think fit, grant any employee (full-time or parttime), director, consultant or adviser of the Group, or any substantial shareholder of the Group, or any distributor, contractor, supplier, agent, customer, business partner or service provider of the Group, options to subscribe at a price calculated in accordance with paragraph (iii) below for such number of shares as it may determine in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme. The basis of eligibility of any participant to the grant of any option shall be determined by the Board (or as the case may be, the independent nonexecutive Directors) from time to time on the basis of his/ her contribution or potential contribution to the development and growth of the Group.

#### (iii) Exercise price of share option

The exercise price of share option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price solely determined by the Board and shall be at least highest of: (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of grant of the option; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the option; and (iii) the nominal value of a share on the date of grant of the option.

#### (iv) Grant of options and acceptance of offers

An offer for the grant of options must be accepted within seven days inclusive of the day on which such offer was made. The amount payable by the grantee of an option to our Company on acceptance of the offer for the grant of an option is HKD1.00.

#### (ii) 參與者資格及條件

董事會可全權酌情按其認為適合的條款,向 本集團任何僱員(全職或兼職)、董事、諮詢 人或顧問、或本集團任何主要股東、或本集 團任何分銷商、承包商、供應商、代理、客戶、 商業夥伴或服務供應商授出購股權,使彼等 可根據購股權計劃的條款,按下文第(iii)段計 算的價格認購董事會可能指定數目的股份。 董事會(或視情況而定包括獨立非執行董事) 可不時根據個別參與者對本集團發展及增長 所作出或可能作出的貢獻決定獲授任何購股 權的參與者資格。

## (iii) 購股權行使價

根據購股權計劃授出的購股權行使價由董事 會全權釐定,但不得低於下列較高者:(i)於 購股權授出日期於聯交所每日報價表所報的 股份收市價;(ii)於緊接購股權授出日期前五 個營業日在聯交所每日報價表所報的股份平 均收市價;及(iii)於購股權授出日期的股份面 值。

#### (iv) 授出購股權及接納要約

授出購股權的要約限於作出有關要約日期(包括該日)起計七日內接納。購股權承授人須於 接納要約時就獲授的購股權向本公司支付1.00 港元。

# (v) Maximum number of shares that may be issued

The aggregate number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of our Company must not exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time. No options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes of our Company if this will result in such 30% limit being exceeded.

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Share Option Scheme, the maximum numbers of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other schemes shall not, in aggregate, exceed 10% of the Shares in issue as at the Adoption Date (i.e. 126,000,000 shares) unless approved by the shareholders of the Company.

The 10% limit as mentioned above may be refreshed at any time by obtaining approval of the Company's shareholders in general meeting provided that the total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 10% of the shares in issue as at the date of approval of the refreshed limit. Options previously granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company (including those outstanding, cancelled or lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes of the Company) will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the refreshed 10% limit. A circular must be sent to the Company's shareholders containing the information as required under the Listing Rules in this regard.

#### (vi) Maximum entitlement of each participant

Unless approved by shareholders of the Company in general meeting in the manner stipulated in the Listing Rules, the maximum entitlement for each eligible participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) under the Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes of the Company in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares in issue.

## (v) 可發行的股份數目上限

因行使根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購 股權計劃已授出但尚未行使的全部購股權而 可能發行的股份總數,不得超過不時已發行 股份的30%。如根據購股權計劃或本公司任 何其他購股權計劃授出購股權後會超過有關 30%的上限,則不得授出購股權。

在購股權計劃條款及條件的規限下,有關根 據購股權計劃及任何其他計劃可能授出的購 股權的股份數目上限合共不得超出於採納日 期全部已發行股份的10%(即126,000,000股 股份),除非本公司股東另行批准。

上文所述的10%上限可隨時經本公司股東 在股東大會上批准後更新,惟因行使根據購 股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃將予 授出的全部購股權而可能發行的股份總數, 不得超過批准經更新上限當日已發行股份的 10%。就計算經更新10%上限而言,先前根 據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃及本公 司任何其他購股權計劃的條款尚未行使、已 註銷或已失效的購股權)將不會計算在內。一 份載有上市規則就此方面規定的資料的通函, 必須寄發予本公司股東。

#### (vi) 各參與者的配額上限

除非經本公司股東在按上市規則規定的方式 舉行的股東大會上批准,各參與人士於任何 12個月期間直至授出日期的配額上限(包括 已行使及尚未行使的購股權)不得超過已發 行股份總數的1%。

#### (vii) Time of exercise of option

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during a period as the Board may determine which shall not exceed ten years from the date of grant subject to the provisions of early termination thereof.

#### (viii) Period of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of ten years commencing on the Adoption Date and shall expire at the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the tenth anniversary thereof unless terminated earlier by our Shareholders in general meeting. As at 31 December 2022, the remaining life of the Share Option Scheme is approximately seven years and 11.5 months.

For further details on the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme, please refer to Appendix IV to the Prospectus.

As of 31 December 2022 and the date of this annual report, no share options had been granted or agreed to be granted under the Share Option Scheme. As a result, the total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme as of the date of this annual report was 126,000,000, representing 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as of the Adoption Date.

## **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

The connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Group under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules entered by the Group with World Mart Limited ( $\mathbb{E}$  明有限公司), during the Reporting Period with a term of one year, were exempted from reporting, disclosure and independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules. Details were disclosed in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Details of the Group's related party transactions during the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements. None of these related party transactions are connected transactions which are subject to the reporting, announcement and shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

#### (vii) 行使購股權的時限

承授人可於董事會可能釐定的期間,隨時根 據購股權計劃的條款行使購股權,惟有關期 間不得超過授出日期起計十年,並受有關提 前終止條文所規限。

#### (viii) 購股權計劃期限

購股權計劃將於採納日期起計十年內有效, 除非在股東大會上遭股東提早終止,否則於 緊接購股權計劃滿十週年前的營業日的營業 時間結束時屆滿。於2022年12月31日,購 股權計劃的剩餘年期約為七年11.5個月。

有關購股權計劃主要條款的進一步詳情,請 參閱招股章程附錄四。

於2022年12月31日及本年報日期,概無根 據購股權計劃授出或同意授出購股權。因此, 於本年報日期,根據購股權計劃可發行的股 份總數為126,000,000股,佔本公司於採納日 期已發行股本的10%。

## 關連交易

於報告期間,本集團根據上市規則第14A章與旺 明有限公司訂立本集團關連交易或持續關連交易, 為期一年,惟獲豁免遵守上市規則下的申報、披 露及獨立股東批准規定。有關詳情,披露於本綜 合財務報表附註30。

## 關聯方交易

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本集團的關聯方 交易詳情載於綜合財務報表附註30。概無該等關 聯方交易為須遵守上市規則項下申報、公告或獨 立股東批准規定的關連交易。

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Reporting Period.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

Details of the Company's corporate governance practices are set out in the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" of this annual report.

## **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

Other than the Share Option Scheme, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2022.

### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

According to the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Board, as of the date of this report, the Company has maintained the public float as required under the Listing Rules.

#### **REVIEW OF AUDITED ANNUAL RESULTS**

The Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

## MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS OF LISTED ISSUERS

The Company has adopted the Model Code set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. All Directors have confirmed that, following specific enquiry by the Company, they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code during the Reporting Period.

#### 購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

於報告期間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、 出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

#### 企業管治常規

有關本公司企業管治常規的詳情載於本年報「企業 管治報告」一節。

#### 股權掛鈎協議

截至2022年12月31日止年度,除購股權計劃外, 本公司概無訂立任何股權掛鈎協議。

## 充足公眾持股量

根據本公司公開可獲得的資料及就董事所知,於 本報告日期,本公司已維持上市規則規定的公眾 持股量。

#### 審閱經審核年度業績

本集團截至2022年12月31日止年度的經審核綜 合財務報表已由審核委員會審閱。

## 上市發行人董事進行證券交易的 標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十載述的標準守則作 為其有關董事進行證券交易的操守守則。經本公 司作出具體查詢後,全體董事確認,彼等於於報 告期間已遵守標準守則所載的規定標準。

## **USE OF PROCEEDS FROM IPO**

Details of the use of the proceeds from IPO are set out on page 14 of this annual report.

#### **AUDITOR**

The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who shall retire at the forthcoming AGM and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM to re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers as the auditor of the Company.

By order of the Board Deyun Holding Ltd. Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing Chairman

Hong Kong, 30 March 2023

## 首次公開發售所得款項用途

有關首次公開發售所得款項用途的詳情載於本年 報第14頁。

#### 核數師

截至2022年12月31日止年度的財務報表已由羅 兵咸永道會計師事務所審核,而其將於應屆股東 週年大會上退任並符合資格及願意膺選連任。於 應屆股東週年大會上將提呈一項決議案以續聘羅 兵咸永道會計師事務所為本公司核數師。

承董事會命 Deyun Holding Ltd.(德運控股有限公司\*) *主席* 蔡榮星先生

香港,2023年3月30日

\* For identification purpose only

## Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告



**To the Shareholders of Deyun Holding Ltd.** (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

## **OPINION**

#### What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Deyun Holding Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 103 to 176, comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022;
- the consolidated income statement for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### **Our opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

## 羅兵咸永道

**致德運控股有限公司股東** (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

#### 我們已審計的內容

德運控股有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬 公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於第103至176頁的 綜合財務報表,包括:

- 於2022年12月31日的綜合財務狀況表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合全面收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量表;及
- 綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策及其 他解釋信息。

## 我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師 公會頒布的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反 映了 貴集團於2022年12月31日的綜合財務狀 況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現 金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥 為擬備。

PricewaterhouseCoopers, 22/F, Prince's Building, Central, Hong Kong T: +852 2289 8888, F: +852 2810 9888, www.pwchk.com

## **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

## **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

- Revenue recognition for manufacturing of lace, provision of dyeing services and sales of shoes
- Impairment of contract assets, trade and bills receivables

## 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港審計準則》 進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本 報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部 分中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當 地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

#### 獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒布的《專業會計師道德守則》 (以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已 履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。

## 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本 期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事 項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時 進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項概述如下:

- 製造花邊、提供染整服務及銷售鞋履收益確認
- 合約資產減值及貿易應收款項及應收票據減 值

#### Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

Revenue recognition for manufacturing of lace, provision of dyeing services and sales of shoes 製造花邊、提供染整服務及銷售鞋履收益確認

Refer to Notes 2.20 and 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

請參閱綜合財務報表附註2.20及5。

During the year ended 31 December 2022, revenue of approximately RMB134,155,000 was recognised in the Group's consolidated income statement.

截至2022年12月31日止年度, 貴集團的綜合收益表已 確認約人民幣134,155,000元。

Revenue from manufacturing of lace and provision of dyeing services is recognised over the period of the contract using the input method. For contracts in progress at the period end, the Group applies a percentage of completion to the contracted price and the percentage is determined with reference to the actual costs incurred and the total estimated costs on completion for the services.

製造花邊及提供染整服務的收益於合約期間使用成本投入法確認。就期末在建合約而言, 貴集團對合約價格採 用完工百分比,而該百分比乃經參考已產生的實際成本 及服務完成時的估計成本總額釐定。

#### 關鍵審計事項(續)

# How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Our audit procedures performed on revenue recognition for manufacturing of lace, provision of dyeing service and sales of shoes included:

我們就製造花邊、提供染整服務及銷售鞋履收益確認所 進行的審計程序包括:

- We understood, evaluated and tested the key controls in respect of revenue recognition for manufacturing of lace, provision of dyeing service and sales of shoes assessed the inherent risk of material misstatements by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors;
- 通過考慮估計不確定性的程度及其他固有風險因素 水平,我們了解、評估並測試有關製造花邊、提供 染整服務及銷售鞋履收益確認的關鍵控制,並評估 重大錯誤陳述的固有風險;
- We discussed with management and evaluated whether the method used by management to estimate revenue in relation to contracts in progress at period end is reasonable;
- 我們與管理層討論並評估管理層於期末估計在建合約收益所採用的方法是否合理;
- We assessed management's identification of performance obligations and the recognition of revenue by examining the sales contracts with customers and with reference to our understanding of the client's business and industry practices;
- 通過檢查客戶的銷售合約並參考我們對客戶業務的 了解及行業慣例,我們評估管理層識別履約責任及 確認收益;
- We tested, on a sample basis, revenue transactions recognised during the year to supporting documents, e.g. sales contracts, delivery documents and customers' acknowledgement of sales;
- 我們抽樣測試年內在佐證文件(如銷售合約、交貨文件及客戶銷售確認書)中確認的收益交易;

#### Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

Revenue from the sales of shoes transferred at a point in time is recognised when the control of the products has transferred, being when the Group has delivered the products to the customers, and the customers have full discretion over the products.

於某一時間點轉讓的銷售鞋履收益於產品控制權已轉讓 時確認,即 貴集團已將產品交付客戶,而客戶對產品完 全擁有決定權時。

We focused on this area due to the magnitude of revenue transactions occurred and hence, significant audit effort was spent in auditing this area.

我們著重此方面的原因在於所產生的收益交易金額龐大, 因此,已就此方面耗用大量審計資源。

#### 關鍵審計事項(續)

## How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

- For revenue from manufacturing of lace and provision of dyeing services, we tested, on a sample basis, the actual costs incurred including direct material costs, direct labour costs and overhead costs to underlying supporting documents and checked the calculation of the revenue recognition based on the contracted prices and the total costs incurred on completion; and
- 對於製造花邊及提供染整服務收益,我們抽樣測試 相關佐證文件中的已產生實際成本,包括直接物料 成本、直接勞工成本及營業成本,並按照合約價格 及完成時產生的成本總額核查收益確認的計算方式; 及
- For revenue from sales of shoes, we tested, on a sample basis, revenue transactions from the sales of shoes recognised before and after the financial yearend to delivery documents, e.g. delivery notes and shipping documents to determine whether revenue from the sales of shoes had been recognised in the appropriate financial period.
- 對於銷售鞋履收益,我們抽樣測試交貨文件(如交貨 單及裝運單據)中的於財政年度結算日之前及之後所 確認銷售鞋履的收益交易,以釐定鞋履銷售收益是 否於適當的財政期間予以確認。

Based upon the above procedures performed, we considered that the recognition of revenue from manufacturing of lace, provision of dyeing service and sales of shoes was supported by the available evidence.

基於上述所進行程序,我們認為製造花邊、提供染整服務 及銷售鞋履收益確認獲現有憑據支持。

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

Impairment of contract assets, trade and bills receivables 合約資產減值及貿易應收款項及應收票據減值

Refer to Notes 3.1.3, 4.1 and 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

請參閱綜合財務報表附註3.1.3、4.1及20。

As at 31 December 2022, the carrying value of the Group's gross contract assets, trade and bills receivables amounted to RMB15,760,000, against which the provision for impairment of contract assets, trade and bills receivables amounted to RMB3,425,000 was made.

於2022年12月31日, 貴集團的合約資產、貿易應收款 項及應收票據總額的賬面值為人民幣15,760,000元,並就 此計提合約資產、貿易應收款項及應收票據的減值撥備 人民幣3,425,000元。

Management applied the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all contract assets, trade and bills receivables. In measuring the credit loss rates, management assess whether there are any significant changes in payment profiles and risk of default, and takes into consideration the current and forward-looking information, to adjust the expected losses rates.

管理層採用香港財務報告準則第9號的簡化方法計量預期 信貸虧損,當中對所有合約資產、貿易應收款項及應收票 據使用存續期預期信貸虧損撥備。計量信貸虧損率時,管 理層評估付款情況及違約風險是否有任何重大變動,並 考慮當前及前瞻性資料,以調整預期虧損率。

#### 關鍵審計事項(續)

# How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Our audit procedures performed on impairment of contract assets, trade and bills receivables included:

我們就合約資產減值及貿易應收款項及應收票據減值所 進行的審計程序包括:

- We obtained an understanding of the management's internal control and assessment processes for determining the provision for impairment of contract assets, trade and bills receivables and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and the judgement involved in determining the assumptions to be applied;
- 我們了解管理層釐定合約資產、貿易應收款項及應 收票據減值撥備的內部監控及評估程序,並透過考 慮估計不確定性的程度及釐定所使用的假設時涉及 的判斷,藉此評估重大誤報的內在風險;
- We evaluated the outcome of prior period assessment of provision for impairment of contract assets, trade and bills receivables, by reviewing receivables settlement records, to assess the effectiveness of management's estimation process;
- 我們審查貿易應收款項結算記錄,藉此評估對合約 資產、貿易應收款項及應收票據撥備的前期評估結果, 以評估管理層之估算過程的有效性;

#### Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

We focused on auditing the impairment of contract assets, trade and bills receivables because the estimation of loss allowance is subject to a high degree of estimation uncertainty. The inherent risk in relation to the impairment assessment of contract assets, trade and bills receivables is considered significant due to the subjectivity of significant assumptions used, and significant judgements involved in selecting data.

我們著重於審核合約資產減值及貿易應收款項及應收票 據減值,原因是虧損撥備的估計具有高度不確定性。由於 所使用之重要假設的主觀性,以及於選用數據時涉及重 大判斷,因此與合約資產減值及貿易應收款項及應收票 據減值評估有關的內在風險屬重大。

#### 關鍵審計事項(續)

# How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

- We tested on a sample basis, the accuracy of ageing profile of trade receivables by checking to relevant supporting evidence;
- 我們透過檢查相關的支持證據,以抽樣方式測試貿易應收款項賬齡分析的準確性;
- We assessed the appropriateness of the expected credit loss methodology adopted by management and the reasonableness of the use of forward-looking information by management in determining the expected credit loss allowance; and
- 我們評估管理層採用的預期信貸虧損方法的適當性, 以及管理層釐定預期信貸虧損撥備時使用前瞻性資 料的合理性;及
- We considered whether the judgements made in selecting the methods, significant assumptions and data would give rise to indicators of possible management bias.
- 我們考慮在選擇方法、重大假設及數據時作出的判 斷是否會導致可能存在管理層偏差的跡象。

Based upon the above procedures performed, we considered that management's judgements and assumptions applied in respect of the impairment of contract assets, trade and bills receivables were supportable by the evidence obtained and procedures performed.

基於上述所進行程序,我們認為管理層對合約資產、貿易 應收款項及應收票據減值撥備所應用的判斷及假設可通 過所獲得的憑證及所執行的程序支持。

## **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## 其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括年 報內的所有信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們 的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息, 我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是 閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否 與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情 況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息 存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這 方面,我們沒有任何報告。

## RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

## 董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報表 須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香 港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬 備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使 綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導 致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團 持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經 營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎, 除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別 無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理 保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們 僅向 閣下(作為整體)報告我們的意見,除此之 外本報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內 容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。合理保 證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照《香港審計準 則》進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能 發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合 理預期它們單獨或滙總起來可能影響綜合財務報 表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作出的經濟決定, 則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任*(續)*

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中,我們 運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務 報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行 審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和 適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由 於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛 假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能 發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高 於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的 風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的 審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制 的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會 計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出 結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存 在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而 可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重 大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性, 則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜 合財務報表中的相關披露。假若有關的披露 不足,則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們 的結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計 憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴 集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和 內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中 肯反映交易和事項。

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

• Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ting Wai Kin Ambrose.

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任*(續)*

 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲 取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合財務 報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的方 向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部 責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃的 審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我 們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明, 説明我們已符合 有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求, 並與他們溝通 有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關 係和其他事項, 以及在適用的情況下, 用以消除 對獨立性產生威脅的行動或採取的防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事 項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構 成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些 事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項, 或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報 告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾 利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是丁偉健。

**PricewaterhouseCoopers** *Certified Public Accountants* 

Hong Kong, 30 March 2023

**羅兵咸永道會計師事務所** 執業會計師

香港,2023年3月30日

## **Consolidated Income Statement**

綜合收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2022 RMB′000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB′000 2021年 人民幣千元
Revenue Cost of sales	收益 銷售成本	5 6	134,155 (137,966)	165,942 (126,748)
Gross (loss)/profit Other income Other gains/(losses), net Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Net impairment losses on financial assets and contract assets	毛(損)/利 其他收入 其他收益/(虧損)淨額 銷售及分銷開支 行政開支 金融資產及合約資產減值 虧損淨額	7 8 6 6	(3,811) 5,369 4,175 (1,663) (14,388) (782)	39,194 1,944 (3,689) (2,416) (10,333) (1,974)
Operating (loss)/profit	經營(虧損)/溢利		(11,100)	22,726
Finance income Finance costs	融資收入 融資成本	10 10	2,338 (11)	1,477 (123)
Finance income, net	融資收入淨額		2,327	1,354
(Loss)/profit before income tax Income tax expense	<b>除所得税前(虧損)/溢利</b> 所得税開支	11	(8,773) (164)	24,080 (2,898)
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年內 (虧損)/溢利		(8,937)	21,182
(Loss)/earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company Basic and diluted (RMB cents)	<b>本公司擁有人應佔每股</b> <b>(虧損)∕盈利</b> 基本及攤薄(人民幣分)	12	(0.71)	1.70

The above consolidated income statement should be read in 上述综合收益表應與隨附的附註一併閱讀。 conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

## 綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

		2022 RMB'000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB′000 2021年 人民幣千元
(Loss)/profit for the year Other comprehensive income/(loss): Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	<b>年內(虧損)/溢利 其他全面收益/(虧損):</b> <i>其後可能重新分類至損益的項目</i> 換算海外業務的匯兑差額	(8,937) 129	21,182
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年內全面 (虧損)/收益總額	(8,808)	21,163

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合全面收益表應與隨附的附註一併閱讀。

## Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2022 於2022 年 12 月 31 日

		Notes 附註	2022 RMB'000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB'000 2021年 人民幣千元
Assets	資産			
Non-current assets	<b>非流動資產</b> 物業、廠房及設備	14	140 567	147 476
Properties, plant and equipment Right-of-use asset	初末、 M 厉 反 武 伸 使 用 權 資 產	14	142,567 2,555	147,476 2,640
Investment property	) 投資物業	14	2,555	2,840
Intangible assets	2010年 無形資產	15	743	1,236
Prepayments	預付款項	18	25	7,807
riepayments	原门派名	10	25	7,007
			146,171	159,467
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	19	7,955	9,737
Contract assets	合約資產	20	6,198	8,320
Trade and bills receivables	貿易應收款項及應收票據	20	6,137	18,774
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及			
other receivables	其他應收款項	18	572	1,623
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	21	187,910	182,294
			208,772	220,748
Total assets	資產總值		354,943	380,215
Equity	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Share capital	股本	22	10,511	10,511
Reserves	儲備		315,387	324,195
Total equity	權益總額		325,898	334,706

#### Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2022 於2022 年 12 月 31 日

		Notes 附註	2022 RMB'000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB'000 2021年 人民幣千元
Liabilities	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Other payables	其他應付款項	23	1,425	1,478
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	24	549	535
			1,974	2,013
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	25	10,096	20,221
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	23	11,657	17,242
Contract liabilities	合約負債	23	365	588
Current income tax liabilities	即期所得税負債		4,953	5,445
			27,071	43,496
Total liabilities	負債總額		29,045	45,509
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		354,943	380,215

The consolidated financial statements on pages 103 to 176 were approved by the Board of Directors on 30 March 2023 and were signed on its behalf. 第103至176頁的綜合財務報表已經董事會於 2023年3月30日批准刊發,並由以下人士代為簽署。

Tsoi Wing Sing 蔡榮星 Director 董事 Lin Minqiang 林民強 Director 董事

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合財務狀況表應與隨附的附註一併閱讀。

## Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

			Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔					
		Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other reserves 其他儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note a) (附註a)	Statutory reserve 法定儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total equity 權益總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January 2022 Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	<b>於2022年1月1日的結餘</b> 年內虧損 其他全面收益	10,511 - -	80,081 - -	104,466 _ _	19,022 - -	(17) - 129	120,643 (8,937) –	334,706 (8,937) 129
Total comprehensive loss	全面虧損總額	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	129	(8,937)	(8,808)
Balance at 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日的結餘	10,511	80,081	104,466	19,022	112	111,706	325,898
<b>Balance at 1 January 2021</b> Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss	<b>於2021年1月1日的結餘</b> 年內溢利 其他全面虧損	_*	- - -	104,466 _ _	16,620 _ _	2 (19)	101,863 21,182 –	222,951 21,182 (19)
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額					(19)	21,182	21,163
<b>Transactions with owners</b> Capitalisation issue (Note 22) Issuance of ordinary shares	<b>與擁有人的交易</b> 資本化發行(附註22) 本公司發行普通股(附註22)	7,883	(7,883)	-	-	-	-	-
of the Company (Note 22) Share issuance costs Appropriation (Note b)	股份發行成本 撥款(附註b)	2,628 - -	102,486 (14,522) –		- - 2,402	-	 (2,402)	105,114 (14,522) –
Total transactions with owners	與擁有人的交易總額	10,511	80,081	-	2,402	-	(2,402)	90,592
Balance at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日的結餘	10,511	80,081	104,466	19,022	(17)	120,643	334,706

\* The balance was rounded to the nearest thousand.

結餘約整至最接近千位。
# **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity** 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

#### Notes:

- (a) Other reserves represent the combined share capital and capital reserve of the companies comprising the Group, after elimination of inter-company transactions and balances as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 in relation to the reorganisation.
- The PRC laws and regulations require companies registered in the PRC (b) to provide for certain statutory reserves, which are to be appropriated from the profit after income tax (after offsetting accumulated losses from prior years) as reported in their respective statutory financial statements, before profit distributions to equity holders. All statutory reserves are created for specific purposes. A PRC company is required to appropriate an amount of 10% of statutory profits after income tax to statutory surplus reserves, prior to distribution of its post-tax profits of the current year. A company may discontinue the contribution when the aggregate sum of the statutory surplus reserve is more than 50% of its registered capital. The statutory surplus reserves shall only be used to make up losses of the company, to expand the company's operations, or to increase the capital of the company. In addition, a company may make further contribution to the discretional surplus reserve using its post-tax profits in accordance with resolutions of shareholders

附註:

- (a) 其他儲備指於2022年及2021年12月31日,本集團 旗下各公司經對銷集團內公司間交易及結餘後的有 關重組的合併股本及資本儲備。
- (b) 中國法律及法規規定,中國註冊公司於向權益持有 人作出溢利分派前,須就自其各自法定財務報表所 呈報的所得税後溢利(抵銷過往年度的累計虧損後) 轉撥的若干法定儲備計提撥備。所有法定儲備均就 特定目的而設立。中國公司於分派其當前年度的税 後溢利前,須轉撥所得税後法定溢利10%的金額 至法定盈餘儲備。當法定盈餘儲備的總額超出註冊 資本的50%時,公司可停止轉撥。法定盈餘儲備將 僅用於彌補公司虧損、擴充公司營運或增加公司資 本。此外,公司可根據股東決議案,進一步轉撥其 税後溢利至酌情盈餘儲備。

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合權益變動表應與隨附的附註一併閱讀。

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2022 RMB′000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB′000 2021年 人民幣千元
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b> Cash generated from operations Income tax paid Interest received	<b>經營活動現金流量</b> 經營所得現金 已付所得税 已收利息	27(a)	14,536 (642) 2,338	30,488 (7,449) 1,477
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得現金淨額		16,232	24,516
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of properties, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of properties, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets	<b>投資活動現金流量</b> 購買物業、廠房及設備 出售物業、廠房及設備的所 得款項 購買無形資產	27(b)	(10,626) _ _	(35,231) 828 (1,069)
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(10,626)	(35,472)
Cash flows from financing activities Repayments of bank borrowings Gross proceeds from issuance of ordinary shares upon listing Interest paid Payment of IPO listing expenses	<b>融資活動現金流量</b> 償還銀行借款 於上市時發行普通股的所得 款項總額 已付利息 首次公開發售上市開支付款	27(c)	- (11) -	(13,000) 105,114 (128) (8,193)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	融資活動(所用)/所得現金 淨額		(11)	83,793
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Currency translation differences	現金及現金等價物增加淨額 年初現金及現金等價物 貨幣換算差額		5,595 182,294 21	72,837 109,483 (26)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年末現金及現金等價物	21	187,910	182,294

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in 上述综合現金流量表應與隨附的附註一併閱讀。 conjunction with the accompanying notes.

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# **1 GENERAL INFORMATION**

Deyun Holding Ltd. (the "**Company**") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 4 January 2019 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law Cap. 22, Law 3 of 1961 as consolidated and revised of the Cayman Islands. The address of the Company's registered office is 71 Fort Street, P.O. Box 500, George Town, Grand Cayman, KY1-1106, Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "**Group**") is principally engaged in (i) manufacturing of lace and provision of dyeing services; and (ii) sales of shoes.

The ultimate holding company of the Company is Glorious Way Investments Limited ("**Glorious Way**"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("**BVI**"). The ultimate controlling shareholder is Mr. Tsoi Wing Sing.

The shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Listing**") on 13 January 2021.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in unit of Renminbi ("**RMB**") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand ("**RMB'000**"), unless otherwise stated.

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

# 2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

# 1 一般資料

德運控股有限公司(「本公司」)於2019年1月 4日根據開曼群島公司法(1961年第三號法 例,經綜合及修訂)於開曼群島註冊成立為獲 豁免有限公司。本公司註冊辦事處地址為71 Fort Street, P.O. Box 500, George Town, Grand Cayman, KY1-1106, Cayman Islands。

本公司為一家投資控股公司。本公司及其附 屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事(i)製造花邊 及提供染整服務:及(ii)鞋履銷售。

本公司的最終控股公司為於英屬處女群島(「**英** 屬處女群島」)註冊成立的公司榮偉投資有限 公司(「榮偉」)。最終控股股東為蔡榮星先生。

本公司股份於2021年1月13日在香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市(「上市」)。

該等綜合財務報表以單位人民幣(「**人民幣**」) 呈列,除非另有指明,否則所有數值均約整 至最接近千位(「**人民幣千元**」)。

# 2 主要會計政策概要

此附註提供編製該等綜合財務報表時所採用 的主要會計政策。除非另有説明,否則於所 呈列的所有年度一直貫徹採用該等政策。

## 2.1 編製基準

本集團綜合財務報表已按照香港會計師 公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財 務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)及香 港公司條例(香港法例第622章)的披露 規定編製。綜合財務報表已根據歷史成 本法編製。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the directors of the Group to exercise judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in Note 4.

#### (a) Amended standards adopted by the Group

The Group has adopted the following amended standards for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 1 January 2022:

HKFRS 1, HKFRS 9, HKFRS	Annual Improvements to
16 and HKAS 41	HKFRSs 2018–2020
(Amendments)	

Reference to the

Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use

**Conceptual Framework** 

Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract Covid-19-Related Rent

Concessions beyond

Merger Accounting for

Common Control Combinations

2021

HKFRS 3 (Amendments)

HKAS 16 (Amendments)

HKAS 37 (Amendments)

HKFRS 16 (Amendments)

Accounting Guideline 5

(Amendments)

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.1 編製基準(續)

編製符合香港財務報告準則的綜合財務 報表需要使用若干關鍵會計估計,亦需 要本集團董事在應用本集團會計政策的 過程中作出判斷。涉及較多判斷或複雜 程度較高的範疇或假設及估計對綜合財 務報表屬重大的範疇已於附註4披露。

### (a)本集團採納的準則修訂本

本集團已於2022年1月1日開始的年度 報告期間首次應用以下經修訂準則:

<b>エ、</b> 世日 - 25 - 19 - 4-	
香港財務報告	香港財務報告準則
準則第1號、	2018年至2020年
香港財務報告	的年度改進
準則第9號、	
香港財務報告	
準則第16號	
及香港會計	
進 則第41號	
(修訂本)	
	柳本标加丛相社
香港財務報告	概念框架的提述
準則第3號	
(修訂本)	
香港會計準則	物業、廠房及設備-
第16號(修訂本)	擬定用途前的
	所得款項
香港會計準則	虧損性合約-履行合約
第37號(修訂本)	的成本
香港財務報告準則	於2021年後之
第16號(修訂本)	Covid-19相關租金
	寬減
會計指引第5號	共同控制下的
(修訂本)	合併會計處理

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

### (b) New and amended standards, interpretation and accounting guideline issued but not yet adopted by the Group

The following new and amended standards, interpretation and accounting guideline have been published that are not mandatory for 31 December 2022 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the Group.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.1 編製基準(續)

### (b) 已頒佈但本集團尚未採納的新訂及 經修訂準則、解釋及會計指引

以下為已頒佈但於2022年12月31 日之報告期間並未強制生效的新訂 及經修訂準則、詮釋及會計指引, 而本集團亦無提前採用。

> Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於下列日期或之後開始 的會計期間生效

HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
(Amendments) 香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告準則 實務報告第2號(修訂本)	會計政策之披露	2023年1月1日
HKAS 8 (Amendments)	Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
香港會計準則第8號(修訂本)	會計估計之定義	2023年1月1日
HKAS 12 (Amendments)	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023
香港會計準則第12號(修訂本)	與單一交易產生的資產及負債有關之遞延税項	2023年1月1日
HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
香港財務報告準則第17號	保險合約	2023年1月1日
HKFRS 17 (Amendments)	Amendments to HKFRS 17	1 January 2023
香港財務報告準則第17號(修訂本)	香港財務報告準則第17號的修訂	2023年1月1日
	Initial Application of HKFRS 17 and HKFRS 9	1 January 2023
	– Comparative information	1 January 2025
香港財務報告準則第17號	香港財務報告準則第17號及香港財務報告 準則第9號的首次應用一比較資料	2023年1月1日
HKAS 1 (Amendments)	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2024
香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)	負債按流動或非流動分類	2024年1月1日
HKAS 1 (Amendments)	Non-current Liabilities with Covenant	1 January 2024
香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)	具契諾的非流動負債	2024年1月1日
HKFRS 16 (Amendments)	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	1 January 2024
香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)	售後租回的租賃負債	2024年1月1日
HK Interpretation 5 (2020)	Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan	1 January 2024
	that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause	
香港詮釋第5號(2020年)	借款人對含有按要求償還條款的定期貸款的 分類	2024年1月1日
HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (Amendments)	Sales or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be determined
香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則 第28號(修訂本)	投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之資產出售 或注資	待定

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

#### (b) New and amended standards, interpretation and accounting guideline issued but not yet adopted by the Group (Continued)

The Group will adopt the above new and amended standards, interpretation and accounting guideline as and when they become effective. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of these new and amended standards, interpretation and accounting guideline, certain of which may be relevant to the Group's operations and may give rise to changes in accounting policies, changes in disclosures and remeasurements of certain items in the consolidated financial statements.

### 2.2 Subsidiaries

#### 2.2.1 Consolidation

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

#### (a) Business combination

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-byacquisition basis, either at fair value or at the noncontrolling interest's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.1 編製基準(續)

(b) 已頒佈但本集團尚未採納的新訂及 經修訂準則,解釋及會計指引(續)

> 本集團將於上述新訂及經修訂準 則、詮釋及會計指引生效時採用。 本集團已開始評估該等新訂及經修 訂準則、詮釋及會計指引的影響, 其中若干有可能與本集團的業務有 關並可能導致會計政策變動、披露 變動以及重新計量綜合財務報表中 若干項目。

# 2.2 附屬公司

#### 2.2.1綜合入賬

附屬公司為本集團擁有控制權的實 體(包括結構實體)。當本集團透 過參與該實體的活動而獲得或有權 享有可變回報,且有能力透過其對 實體的權力影響該等回報時,則本 集團控制該實體。附屬公司自控制 權轉移至本集團當日起綜合入賬, 並自控制權終止當日起終止綜合入 賬。

#### (a) 業務合併

本集團採用收購法將業務合 併入賬。收購附屬公司的轉 讓代價為本集團已轉讓資產、 所產生負債及發行的股本權 益的公平值。所轉讓代價包 括因或然代價安排而產生任 何資產或負債的公平值。於 業務合併中收購的可識別資 產以及承擔的負債及或然負 債初步按其於收購日期的公 平值計量。本集團根據個別 收購基準,按公平值或按非 控股權益應佔被收購方可識 別淨資產的確認金額的比例, 確認於被收購方的任何非控 股權益。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.2 Subsidiaries (Continued)

#### 2.2.1 Consolidation (Continued)

(a) Business combination (Continued)

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" ("**HKFRS 9**") in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, noncontrolling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the profit or loss.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 附屬公司(續)

#### 2.2.1綜合入賬(續)

(a) 業務合併(續)

收購相關成本於產生時支銷。

倘業務合併分階段進行,收 購方先前於被收購方持有的 股權於收購日期的賬面值重 新計量為收購日期的公平值; 有關重新計量所產生的任何 收益或虧損於損益中確認。

本集團將予轉讓的任何或然 代價按收購日期的公平值確 認。被視為一項資產或負償 的或然代價的公平值後續變 動,按照香港財務報告準則 第9號「金融工具」(「香港財務 報告準則第9號」)於損益中確 認。分類為權益的或然代價 毋須重新計量,而其後續結 算於權益入賬。

所轉讓代價、於被收購方的 任何非控股權益金額及任何 先前於被收購方的股權於吸 購日期的公平值超逾所收購 可說服列作商譽。倘轉之一 。 代價、已確認非控股權益於 收購於 其有的權益總額低於所 收購於議價收購的情況下), 則該差額會直接於損益中確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.2 Subsidiaries (Continued)

#### 2.2.1 Consolidation (Continued)

#### (a) Business combination (Continued)

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries now comprising the Group have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

# (b) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions – that is, as transactions with the owners of the subsidiary in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying amount of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposal to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

#### (c) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.2 附屬公司(續)

### 2.2.1綜合入賬(續)

### (a) 業務合併(續)

集團公司之間的公司間交易、 結餘及交易的未變現收益均 予以對銷。未變現虧損亦會 對銷。本集團現時旗下附屬 公司的會計政策已作出必要 的變動以確保與本集團採用 的政策一致。

### (b) 控制權並無變動的附屬公司 擁有權權益變動

不會導致失去控制權的非控股權益交易入賬列作權益交易入賬列作權益交易入賬列作權益及附屬公司擁有人以其作為擁有人的身份進行的。任何已付代購附額。任何已付代購附額計入的屬面非控股權益進行出傳的收益或虧損亦計入權益。

#### (c) 出售附屬公司

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.2 Subsidiaries (Continued)

#### 2.2.2 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

### 2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker ("**CODM**"). The CODM, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the directors who make strategic decisions.

#### 2.4 Foreign currency translation

#### 2.4.1 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements is presented in RMB, which is the Company's functional currency and the Group's presentation currency.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.2 附屬公司(續)

#### 2.2.2獨立財務報表

於附屬公司的投資由本公司按成本 扣除減值入賬。成本包括直接應佔 投資成本。附屬公司的業績由本公 司按已收股息及應收股息入賬。

當收到於附屬公司的投資的股息 時,倘股息超過附屬公司在宣派股 息期間的全面收益總額,或倘於獨 立財務報表的投資賬面值超過被投 資公司淨資產(包括商譽)於綜合 財務報表的賬面值時,則須對有關 投資進行減值測試。

# 2.3 分部報告

經營分部的報告形式與向主要營運決策 者(「主要營運決策者」)提供的內部報告 形式一致。主要營運決策者負責分配資 源及評估經營分部表現,其已被確定為 作出策略決策的董事。

# 2.4 外幣換算

#### 2.4.1功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體財務報表所列的項目 均採用該實體經營所在主要經濟環 境的貨幣(「**功能貨幣」**)計量。綜合 財務報表以本公司的功能貨幣及本 集團的呈列貨幣人民幣呈列。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.4 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

#### 2.4.2 Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are generally recognised in profit or loss.

All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated income statement on a net basis within "Other gains/(losses), net".

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. For example, translation differences on non-monetary assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss and translation differences on non-monetary assets such as equities held at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised in other comprehensive income.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.4 外幣換算(續)

### 2.4.2交易及結餘

外幣交易按交易當日現行匯率換算 為功能貨幣。結算有關交易及按年 末匯率換算以外幣計值的貨幣資產 及負債所產生的外匯損益一般於損 益內確認。

所有其他外匯收益及虧損一概按淨 額基準於綜合收益表內的「其他收 益/(虧損)淨額」內呈列。

以外幣公平值計量的非貨幣項目採 用釐定公平值當日的匯率換算。以 公平值入賬的資產及負債的匯兑差 額列報為公平值收益或虧損的一部 分。例如,非貨幣資產及負債(如 以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的 權益)的匯兑差額在損益中確認為 貨幣資產(如以公平值計量且其變 動計入其他全面收益的權益)的匯 兑差額在其他全面收益中確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.4 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

#### 2.4.3 Group companies

The results and financial positions of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- income and expenses for each income statement and statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign operations are taken to other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is sold or any borrowings forming part of the net investment are repaid, the associated exchange differences are reclassified to profit or loss, as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.4 外幣換算(續)

### 2.4.3集團公司

功能貨幣與呈列貨幣不同的所有集 團實體(當中不涉及嚴重通脹經濟 體系貨幣)的業績及財務狀況按以 下方法換算為呈列貨幣:

- 每份呈列的財務狀況表內的 資產及負債按該財務狀況表 當日的收市匯率換算;
- 每份收益表及全面收益表內 的收支按平均匯率換算(除非 此平均匯率並非交易日期現 行匯率的累計影響的合理約 數,在此情況下,收支項目 按交易日期的匯率換算);及
- 所有由此產生的匯兑差額於 其他全面收益確認。

於綜合入賬時,換算任何於海外業務的投資淨額而產生的匯兑差額計入其他全面收益。當出售海外業務 或償還構成該投資淨額部分的任何 借款時,相關的匯兑差額於損益重 新歸類為出售收益或虧損的一部分。

因收購海外業務而產生的商譽及公 平值調整,均視作有關海外實體的 資產及負債,並按收市匯率換算。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.5 Properties, plant and equipment

Properties, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the assets' carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of properties, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs, net of their residual value, over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Buildings	Shorter of estimated useful lives or remaining
	lease terms
Plant and machinery	5 to 15 years
Office equipment	5 years
Motor vehicles	10 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains or losses on disposal are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are recognised in "Other gains/(losses), net" in consolidated income statement.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.5 物業 · 廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按歷史成本減累計折 舊列賬。歷史成本包括收購該等項目直 接應佔的開支。

僅當與資產有關的未來經濟利益可能流 入本集團,而該項目的成本能夠可靠地 計量時,方會將該項目其後產生的成本 計入該項資產的賬面值或確認為獨立資 產(如適當)。單獨資產中任何組成部分 的賬面值在更換時終止確認。所有其他 維修及保養成本乃於其產生的財政期間 自損益扣除。

物業、廠房及設備的折舊按以下估計可 使用年期以直線法分攤其成本並扣除其 剩餘價值計算:

樓宇	估計可使用年期或餘 下租期(以較短者為
	準)
廠房及機器	5至15年
辦公設備	5年
汽車	10年

資產的剩餘價值及可使用年期均於各報 告期末進行檢討,並作出適當的調整。 倘資產的賬面值高於其估計可收回金額, 則即時將資產賬面值撇減至其可收回金 額。

出售收益或虧損乃透過比較所得款項與 賬面值釐定,並於綜合收益表內的「其 他收益/(虧損)淨額」內確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 2.5 Properties, plant and equipment (Continued)

Construction-in-progress (the "**CIP**") represents properties and plant under construction and is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes the costs of construction and acquisition and capitalised borrowing costs. No provision for depreciation is made on CIP until such time as the relevant assets are completed and ready for intended use. When the assets concerned are available for use, the cost are transferred to relevant categories of properties, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the policy as stated above.

## 2.6 Investment property

Investment property is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Investment property, is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and is not occupied by the Group. Investment property is initially measured at cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. Depreciation is recognised so as to write-off the cost of investment property over the shorter of its estimated useful life of 30 years or the related leasing period and after taking into account of its estimated residual value, using the straight-line method.

The asset's residual value and useful life is reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains or losses on disposal are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within "Other gains/(losses), net" in consolidated income statement.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.5 物業·廠房及設備(續)

在建工程(「**在建工程**」)指建設中的物業 及廠房,按成本減累計減值虧損呈列(如 有)。成本包括建造及收購成本及資本 化借款成本。在建工程之折舊撥備只會 於有關資產竣工及可作擬定用途之時方 才計提。倘有關資產可供使用,則成本 轉撥至相關物業、廠房及設備類別,並 根據上述政策計提折舊。

# 2.6 投資物業

投資物業按歷史成本減累計折舊呈列。 投資物業乃持有以賺取長期租金收入或 作為資本增值或兩者兼具,並非由本集 團佔用。投資物業初步按成本計量,包 括相關交易費用及借款成本(如適用)。 投資物業在計及估計剩餘價值後,於估 計使用年期30年或相關租賃期間(以較 短者為準)以直線法確認折舊,以撇銷 投資物業成本。

資產的剩餘價值及可使用年期均於各報 告期末進行檢討,並作出適當的調整。

倘資產的賬面值高於其估計可收回金額, 則即時將資產賬面值撇減至其可收回金 額。

出售收益或虧損乃透過比較所得款項與 賬面值釐定,並於綜合收益表內的「其 他收益/(虧損)淨額」內確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.7 Intangible assets

### Software

Computer software licenses for own use are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Computer software is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment, if any. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives of 5 years.

### 2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

# 2.9 Financial assets

#### 2.9.1 Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets as assets to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

The Group reclassified debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.7 無形資產

軟件

電腦軟件使用許可按購入和使該特定軟件達到可使用時所產生的成本作資本化 處理。電腦軟件按成本減累計攤銷及減 值列賬。此等成本按不超過5年之估計 可使用年期攤銷。

# 2.8 非金融資產減值

當有事件發生或情況改變顯示賬面值可 能無法收回時,則須就資產減值進行檢 討。減值虧損按資產賬面值超出其可收 回金額之差額確認。可收回金額為資產 公平值減銷售成本及使用價值兩者之較 高者。評估減值時,資產按個別可識別 現金流量(現金產生單位)之最低層次分 類。於各報告日期,已減值商譽以外之 資產將就撥回減值之可能性進行檢討。

# 2.9 金融資產

#### 2.9.1分類

本集團將其金融資產分類為按攤銷 成本計量的資產。

分類視乎實體管理金融資產的業務 模式及現金流量合約條款而定。

本集團僅當管理該等資產的業務模 式變動時重新分類債務投資。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.9 Financial assets (Continued)

#### 2.9.2 Recognition and measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

#### Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Group classifies its debt instruments to be measured at amortised cost.

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.9 金融資產(續)

### 2.9.2確認及計量

於初步確認時,本集團按公平值加 (倘金融資產並非按公平值計入損 益)收購金融資產直接產生的交易 成本計量金融資產。按公平值計入 損益的金融資產交易成本於損益支 銷。

釐定現金流量是否僅為本金及利息 付款時,附有嵌入式衍生工具的金 融資產獲整體考慮。

#### 債務工具

債務工具的隨後計量視乎本集團管 理資產的業務模式及資產現金流量 特點而定。本集團將其債務工具分 類為按攤銷成本計量。

持作收取合約現金流量,而現金流 量僅為本金及利息付款的資產按攤 銷成本計量。當資產終止確認或減 值時,隨後按攤銷成本計量且並非 對沖關係的債務投資的收益或虧損 於損益中確認。該等金融資產的利 息收入以實際利率法列入其他收入。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.9 Financial assets (Continued)

#### 2.9.3 Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and reward of ownership.

### 2.10 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statements of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### 2.11 Impairment of financial assets

The Group's financial assets measured at amortised cost are subject to HKFRS 9's expected credit loss model. The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 3.1.3 sets out the details on how the Group determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For contract assets, trade and bills receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition. The provision matrix is determined based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the contract assets, trade and bills receivables with similar credit risk characteristics and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.9 金融資產(續)

#### 2.9.3 終止確認

當從投資收取現金流量的權利屆滿 或已被轉讓,且本集團已轉讓所有 權的絕大部分風險及回報時,終止 確認金融資產。

# 2.10 抵銷金融工具

當有可合法強制執行權利抵銷已確認金 額,並有意按淨額基準結算或同時變現 資產及結算負債時,金融資產與負債可 互相抵銷,並在綜合財務狀況表呈報其 淨額。

# 2.11 金融資產減值

本集團按攤銷成本計量的金融資產受香 港財務報告準則第9號的預期信貸虧損 模式規限。本集團以前瞻性基準評估與 其按攤銷成本計量的資產相關的預期信 貸虧損。採用的減值方式視乎信貸風險 是否大幅增加而定。附註3.1.3呈列本集 團如何釐定是否有重大信貸風險增加詳 情。

就合約資產、貿易應收款項及應收票據 而言,本集團採用香港財務報告準則第 9號准許的簡化方式,該方式要求自初 始確認起確認預期存續期虧損。撥備矩 陣根據有類似信貸風險特徵的合約資產、 貿易應收款項及應收票據於預期年期內 的過往觀察所得違約率釐定,並按未來 估計調整。於各報告日期更新過往觀察 所得違約率及分析未來估計變動。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 2.11 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For other receivables, the Group measures the impairment as either 12-month expected credit losses or life-time expected credit losses, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If a significant increase in credit risk of the other receivables has occurred since initial recognition, then impairment is measured as lifetime expected credit losses.

### 2.12 Trade, bills and other receivables

Trade and bills receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade, bills and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade, bills and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment.

### 2.13 Inventories

The Group's inventories comprise solely raw materials which stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

# 2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and deposits held at call with banks with original maturities of three months or less.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.11 金融資產減值(續)

就其他應收款項而言,視乎信貸風險自 初步確認後有否大幅上升,本集團計量 減值為12個月預期信貸虧損或存續期 預期信貸虧損。倘其他應收款項的信貸 風險自初步確認後大幅上升,減值按存 續期預期信貸虧損計量。

## 2.12 貿易應收款項、應收票據及其 他應收款項

貿易應收款項及應收票據乃於日常業務 過程中向客戶銷售貨品或提供服務而應 收的款項。倘貿易應收款項、應收票據 及其他應收款項預期將在一年或以內收 回(若更長則在業務正常經營週期內), 則歸類為流動資產,否則呈列為非流動 資產。

貿易應收款項、應收票據及其他應收款 項初步按公平值確認,其後以實際利率 法按攤銷成本計量,並扣減減值撥備。

# 2.13 存貨

本集團存貨僅包含原材料,按成本與可 變現淨值較低者列賬。成本乃採用加權 平均法釐定。可變現淨值按日常業務過 程中的估計售價減完成產品估計成本及 進行銷售所需的估計成本計算。

# 2.14 現金及現金等價物

就於綜合現金流量表呈列而言,現金及 現金等價物包括手頭現金以及原定到期 日為三個月或以內的銀行通知存款。

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements $42 \times 10^{-4}$

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.15 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

### 2.16 Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as noncurrent liabilities.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## 2.17 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as finance costs.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.15 股本

普通股分類為權益。

發行新股份或購股權直接應佔的新增成 本於權益中列作所得款項的減項(扣除 税項)。

## 2.16 貿易應付款項及其他應付款項

貿易應付款項指就於一般業務過程中自 供應商購得貨品或服務付款的責任。倘 款項於一年或以內(若更長則在業務正 常經營週期內)到期,則貿易應付款項 及其他應付款項分類為流動負債。否則, 貿易應付款項呈列為非流動負債。

貿易應付款項及其他應付款項初步按公 平值確認,其後以實際利率法按攤銷成 本計量。

# 2.17 撥備

當本集團因過往事件須承擔當前法定或 推定責任,而履行責任可能需要有資源 流出,且能夠可靠地估計有關金額,則 會確認撥備。日後經營虧損不會確認撥備。

倘出現多項類似責任,履行責任需要資 源流出的可能性乃經整體考慮責任類別 後釐定。即使同類責任中就任何一項流 出資源的可能性可能偏低,仍會確認撥備。

撥備採用除税前利率按照履行有關責任 預期所需支出的現值計量,有關利率反 映當時市場對貨幣的時間價值及該責任 特有風險的評估。因時間推移而增加的 撥備確認為融資成本。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.18 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

#### 2.18.1 Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

#### 2.18.2 Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.18 即期及遞延所得税

期內所得税開支或抵免按當期應課税收 入以各司法權區的適用税率計算,並就 由於暫時性差異及未抵扣税務虧損而導 致的遞延税項資產及負債作出調整。

#### 2.18.1 即期所得税

即期所得税支出乃根據公司的附屬 公司及聯營公司營運及產生應課税 收入的國家於報告期末已頒佈或實 質頒佈的税務法例計算。管理層就 適用税務規例受詮釋所規限的情況 定期評估報税表的狀況,並在適當 情況下根據預期須向税務機關支付 的金額設定撥備。

#### 2.18.2 遞延所得税

遞延税項資產僅於可能有未來應課 税溢利可使用暫時性差額及虧損抵 銷時確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 2.18 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

#### 2.18.2 Deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred income tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### 2.19 Employee benefits

#### 2.19.1 Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including nonmonetary benefits and accumulating sick leave that are expected to be settled wholly within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the consolidated statements of financial position.

#### 2.19.2 Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial position if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.18 即期及遞延所得税(續)

#### 2.18.2 遞延所得税(續)

倘本集團有能力控制撥回暫時性差 額的時間及該等差額很可能不會於 可見將來撥回,則不會就海外業務 投資的賬面值及税基之間的暫時性 差額確認遞延税項負債及資產。

倘有可依法強制執行權利將即期税 項資產與負債相互抵銷而遞延所得 税結餘涉及同一税務機關,則遞延 税項資產及負債相互抵銷。倘有關 實體有可依法強制執行權利抵銷及 有意按淨值基準結算,或有意同時 變現資產及結算負債,則即期税項 資產及負債互抵銷。

# 2.19 僱員福利

#### 2.19.1 短期責任

預計將於僱員提供相關服務的期間 末後十二個月全部清償的工資、薪 金(包括非貨幣福利)及累計病假 負債就截至報告期間末僱員提供的 服務確認並按清償負債時預計將支 付的金額計量。相關負債於綜合財 務狀況表中按即期僱員福利責任確 認。

### 2.19.2 其他長期僱員福利責任

倘實體沒有無條件權利延遲償還至 於報告期間後最少十二個月,而不 論預期何時會實際償還,責任會於 綜合財務狀況表呈列為流動負債。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.19 Employee benefits (Continued)

### 2.19.3 Defined contribution plans

The Group pays contributions to state or publicly or privately managed pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

#### 2.19.4 Bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Group's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

### 2.20 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and represents amount for the goods sold or service rendered in the ordinary course of the Group's activity.

The Group does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customers and the payment by the customers exceeds one year. As a consequence, the Group does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

When either party to a contract has performed, the Group presents the contract in the consolidated statements of financial position as a contract asset or a contract liability, depending on the relationship between the Group's performance and the customer's payment.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.19 僱員福利(續)

#### 2.19.3 界定供款計劃

本集團向由國家或公營或私營管理 的退休金保險計劃支付強制、合約 或自願性供款。本集團在支付供款 後即無進一步付款責任。供款於到 期時確認為僱員福利開支。倘若有 現金退款或未來供款額出現下調, 預付供款確認為資產。

#### 2.19.4 花紅計劃

本集團按照計及本集團股東應佔溢 利並作出若干調整後的公式確認花 紅負債及開支。本集團於有合約責 任或過往慣例已產生推定責任時確 認撥備。

### 2.20 收益確認

收益按已收或應收代價的公平值計量, 即於本集團一般業務過程中就銷售貨品 或提供服務已收及應收的款項。

本集團預計將不會有任何轉讓承諾貨品 或服務予客戶與客戶付款之間期限超過 一年的合約。因此,本集團並未就資金 的時間價值調整任何交易價格。

當合約任何一方已履約,本集團根據本 集團履約與客戶付款的關係於綜合資產 負債表呈列合約為合約資產或合約負債。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.20 Revenue recognition (Continued)

A contract asset is the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer. Incremental costs incurred to obtain a contract, if recoverable, are capitalised and presented as assets and subsequently amortised when the related revenue is recognised.

A contract liability is the Group's obligation to transfer the promised goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

A receivable is recorded when the Group has an unconditional right to consideration. A right to consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

Revenue is recognised when specific criteria have been met for the Group's activity as described below:

# Manufacturing of lace and provision of dyeing services

Revenue from manufacturing of lace and provision of dyeing services is recognised when the control of the goods or services is transferred to the customer.

Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the goods or services may transfer over time or at a point in time. Control of the goods or services is transferred over time if the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the goods or services transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the asset.

Revenue recognised over time uses the input method with reference to the costs incurred for the goods or services.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.20 收益確認(續)

合約資產指本集團已向客戶轉讓貨品或 服務而有權收取代價的權利。為取得合 約產生的增量成本(如可收回)將資本化 並呈列為資產,並於隨後確認有關收益 時攤銷。

合約負債指本集團已收取或應收相關代 價而應向客戶轉讓承諾貨品或服務的義 務。

應收款項於本集團對代價擁有無條件權 利時入賬。倘僅須待時間過去便可收取 代價,收取代價的權利即為無條件。

收益於滿足下文所載本集團活動的特定 標準時確認:

#### 製造花邊及提供染整服務

製造花邊及提供染整服務之收益於貨品 或服務控制權轉移予客戶時確認。

根據合約條款及適用於合約之法律,則 貨品或服務控制權可能隨時間或於某時 間點轉移。倘本集團於履約中創造的資 產無可替代用途且本集團有就至今已完 成履約取得付款的可強制執行權力,則 貨品或服務控制權隨時間轉移。

倘貨品或服務控制權隨時間轉移,則收 益於合約期間按完全履行履約責任之進 度確認。否則,收益於客戶取得資產控 制權時確認。

收益乃經參考貨品或服務產生之成本隨 時間使用輸入法確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.20 Revenue recognition (Continued)

### Sales of shoes

Revenue from trading of casual and sports footwear is recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customers, the customers have full discretion over the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customers' acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specified location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customers, and either the customers have accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

As receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

#### 2.21 Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

#### 2.22 Leases

The Group leases land for the manufacturing of lace and provision of dyeing services. The consideration paid for the lease is treated as a right-of-use asset, which is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Lease land is amortised over the remaining lease term using straightline method.

Leases are recognised as right-of-use assets and the corresponding liabilities at the date of which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.20 收益確認(續)

#### 鞋履銷售

買賣休閒鞋履及運動鞋履的收益於產品 的控制權已轉移(即產品交付予客戶), 而客戶全權擁有產品,且並無未履行的 責任而可能影響客戶接收產品時確認。 當產品運送至指定地點,陳舊及損失的 風險已轉移予客戶,且客戶已按照銷售 合約接收產品,或接收條款已經失效, 或本集團有客觀證據證明所有接收準則 已經達成時,即發生交付。

應收款項於產品交付時確認,乃因代價 於該時間點變為無條件,僅須等待款項 到期支付。

# 2.21 利息收入

利息收入乃根據時間比例基準按實際利率法確認。

# 2.22 租賃

本集團就製造花邊及提供染整服務租賃 土地。為租賃支付的代價按使用權資產 方式處理,按成本減累計攤銷及累計減 值虧損(如有)呈列。租賃土地於剩餘租 賃期內使用直線法攤銷。

租賃於租賃資產可供本集團所用之日期 確認為使用權資產及相應負債。每期租 金均分攤為負債及融資成本。融資成本 將在有關租賃期間於損益中支銷,以藉 此制定每個期間對負債餘額之穩定期間 利息率。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 2.22 Leases (Continued)

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate;
- amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be determined, or the entity's incremental borrowing rate.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of less than 12 months. Low-value assets comprise assets with value below RMB5,000.

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.22 租賃(續)

自租賃產生的資產及負債初步按現值基 準計量。租賃負債包括以下租賃付款的 現值淨額:

- 固定付款(包括實物固定付款), 減任何應收租賃優惠;
- 基於指數或利率的可變租賃付款;
- 剩餘價值擔保下的承租人的預期支 付款項;
- 採購權的行使價格(倘承租人合理 地確定行使該權利);及
- 支付終止租賃的罰款(倘租賃期限 反映承租人行使該權)。

租賃付款使用租賃所隱含的利率(倘該 利率可被釐定)或該實體增量借款利率 予以折現。

與短期租賃相關的支付及低價值資產的 租賃以直線法於損益中確認為開支。短 期租賃指租賃期為少於12個月的租賃。 低價值資產包括價值低於人民幣5,000 元的資產。

來自本集團作為出租人的經營租賃之租 賃收入於租期內按直線法於收入確認。 取得經營租賃產生的初步直接成本乃加 於相關資產的賬面值上,並在租期內按 租賃收入相同基準確認為開支。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.23 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the shareholders is recognised as a liability in the periods in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

#### 2.24 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised in the consolidated income statement within "Other income" on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are recognised.

### 2.25 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

# 2 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 2.23 股息分派

向股東分派的股息在本公司股東或董事 (如適用)批准有關股息的期間內於確認 為負債。

# 2.24 政府補助

當能夠合理地保證將可收取政府補助, 而本集團將會符合所有附帶條件時,政 府補助會按其公平值確認。

補償本集團產生的開支之補助有系統地 於與確認開支相同之期間在綜合收益表 「其他收入」內確認。

# 2.25 或然負債

或然負債乃因過往事項可能產生的責任, 而其存在與否僅能透過發生或未有發生 一宗或多宗本集團不能完全控制的不明 朗未來事項確定。或然負債亦可為因不 大可能須流出經濟資源或未能可靠計量 有關責任金額而不予確認的過往事項所 產生的現時責任。

或然負債不予確認,惟須在財務報表中 披露。當流出資源的可能性有變,致使 可能流出資源,則或然負債將被確認為 撥備。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# **3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk). The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

### 3.1 Market risk

#### 3.1.1 Foreign exchange risk

The majority of assets and liabilities are denominated in RMB, United States dollar ("USD") and Hong Kong dollar ("HKD") and there are no significant assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies. The Group is subject to foreign exchange rate risk arising from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities which are denominated in a currency other than RMB, which is the functional currency of the major operating companies within the Group. The Group currently does not hedge its foreign currency exposure.

The Group's foreign currency transactions are mainly denominated in USD. At 31 December 2022, if USD had weakened/strengthened by 5% against the RMB with all other variables held constant, loss before income tax for the year then ended would have been approximately RMB600,000 higher/lower (2021: profit before income tax would have been approximately RMB566,000 lower/higher), mainly as a result of the foreign exchange difference on the translation of USD denominated prepayments, deposits and other receivables, other payables and accruals, trade and bills receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

At 31 December 2022, if HKD had weakened/ strengthened by 5% against the RMB with all other variables held constant, loss before income tax for the year then ended would have been approximately RMB1,990,000 higher/ lower (2021: profit before income tax would have been approximately RMB1,452,000 lower/ higher), mainly as a result of the foreign exchange difference on the translation of HKD denominated trade and bills receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables, trade payables, other payables and accruals and cash and cash equivalents.

# 3 財務風險管理

本集團業務承受多種財務風險:市場風險(包括外匯風險及利率風險)、信貸風險及流動 資金風險。本集團的整體風險管理計劃重點 關注金融市場的不可預測性,並尋求盡量減 低對本集團財務表現的潛在不利影響。

# 3.1 市場風險

#### 3.1.1外匯風險

大部分資產及負債以人民幣、美元 (「美元」)及港元(「港元」)計值,並 無其他重大資產及負債以其他貨幣 計值。本集團面臨因日後商業交易 以及確認以人民幣以外之貨幣(為 本集團內主要營運公司之功能貨幣) 計值的資產及負債而產生的外幣匯 率風險。本集團現時並無對沖其外 幣風險。

本集團之外幣交易主要以美元計 值。於2022年12月31日,倘美元 兑人民幣貶值/升值5%而所有其 他可變因素保持不變,截至有關日 期止年度的除所得税前虧損將增加 /減少約人民幣600,000元(2021 年:除所得税前溢利減少/增加約 人民幣566,000元),主要因換算 以美元計值的預付款項、按金及其 他應收款項、其他應付款項及應計 款項、貿易應收款項及應收票據以 及現金及現金等價物之外匯差額。

於2022年12月31日,倘港元兑人 民幣貶值/升值5%而所有其他可 變因素保持不變,截至有關日期止 年度的除所得税前虧損將增加/減 少約人民幣1,990,000元(2021年: 除所得税前溢利減少/增加約人民 幣1,452,000元),主要因換算以港 元計值的貿易應收款項及應收款 項、預付款項、按金及其他應收款 項、貿易應付款項、其他應付款項 及應計款項及現金及現金等價物之 外匯差額。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

## 3.1 Market risk (Continued)

#### 3.1.2 Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk is mainly attributable to its cash at banks with floating interest rates. Details of the Group's cash at banks have been disclosed in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

Other than cash at banks, the Group does not have significant interest-bearing assets or liabilities.

As at 31 December 2022, if interest rates on cash at banks had been 100 basis points higher/ lower with all variables held constant, loss before income tax for the year then ended would have been approximately RMB1,879,000 lower/higher (2021: profit before income tax would have been approximately RMB1,823,000 higher/lower), mainly as a result of higher/lower of interest income on the cash at banks.

#### 3.1.3 Credit risk

The credit risk of the Group mainly arises from cash at banks, contract assets, trade and bills receivables, deposits and other receivables. The carrying amounts of each financial asset represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets.

#### Risk management

The Group has policies in place to ensure that credit terms are made to customers with an appropriate credit history and the Group performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers.

The credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited because deposits are in banks with sound credit ratings and management does not expect any loss from non-performance by these counterparties.

# 3 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 市場風險(續)

### 3.1.2利率風險

本集團的利率風險主要來自其以浮 動利率計息的銀行現金。本集團銀 行現金的詳情於綜合財務報表附註 21披露。

除銀行現金以外,本集團並無重大 計息資產或負債。

於2022年12月31日,倘銀行現金 的利率增加/減少100個基點而所 有其他變量保持不變,截至有關日 期止年度的除所得税前虧損會減少 /增加約人民幣1,879,000元(2021 年:除所得税前溢利增加/減少約 人民幣1,823,000元),主要由於銀 行現金的利息收入增加/減少所致。

### 3.1.3信貸風險

本集團的信貸風險主要來自銀行現 金、合約資產、貿易應收款項及應 收票據、按金以及其他應收款項。 各金融資產的賬面值指本集團就金 融資產所面臨的最大信貸風險。

#### 風險管理

本集團已制定政策確保信貸期乃向 具有良好信用記錄的客戶作出,本 集團對其客戶進行定期信貸評估。

現金及現金等價物的信貸風險有 限,原因是該等存款存放於信貸評 級甚佳的銀行,故管理層預期不會 因該等對手方違約而產生任何虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# 3.1 Market risk (Continued)

### 3.1.3 Credit risk (Continued)

#### Risk management (Continued)

(a) Impairment of financial assets

The Group has two types of financial asset that is subject to the expected credit loss models:

- Contract assets, trade and bills receivables
- Other financial assets carried at amortised cost

#### Contract assets, trade and bills receivables

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all contract assets, trade and bills receivables. The Group measures the expected credit losses on a combination of both individual and collective basis.

To measure the expected credit losses, contract assets, trade and bills receivables have grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The contract assets relate to unbilled services and have substantially the same risk characteristics as the trade receivables for the same types of contracts. The Group has therefore concluded that the expected loss rates for trade receivables are a reasonable approximation of the loss rates for the contract assets.

# 3 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 市場風險(續)

3.1.3信貸風險(續)

#### 風險管理(續)

(a) 金融資產減值

本集團有兩類金融資產乃按 預期信貸虧損模式計算:

- 合約資產、貿易應收款
  項及應收票據
- 按攤銷成本列賬的其他 金融資產

### *合約資產、貿易應收款項及應收 票據*

本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9 號簡化方法計量預期信貸虧損,對 所有合約資產、貿易應收款項及應 收票據採用整個存續期的預期虧損 撥備。本集團通過結合個別及共同 方式計量預期信貸虧損。

為計量預期信貸虧損,已根據共同 信貸風險特徵及逾期日數將合約資 產、貿易應收款項及應收票據分組。 合約資產涉及未入賬服務,且與相 同類型合約的應收貿易款項具有大 致相同的風險特徵。因此,本集團 認為,應收貿易款項的預期虧損率 與合約資產虧損率合理相若。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# 3.1 Market risk (Continued)

### 3.1.3 Credit risk (Continued)

Measurement of expected credit loss on individual basis

Contract assets, trade and bills receivables with known insolvencies are assessed individually for impairment allowances and are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. As at 31 December 2022, the balance of loss allowance in respect of these individually assessed receivables was approximately RMB2,841,000 (2021: RMB2,169,000).

# Measurement of expected credit loss on collective basis

Expected credit losses are also estimated by grouping the remaining receivables based on shared credit risk characteristics and collectively assessed for likelihood of recovery, taking into account the nature of the customer and its ageing category, and applying the expected credit loss rates to the respective gross carrying amounts of the receivables.

The expected credit loss rates are estimated on the basis of historical credit losses experienced, adjusted to reflect the effects of existing market conditions as well as forward looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivable.

## 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 市場風險(續)

3.1.3信貸風險(續)

#### 個別計量預期信貸虧損

已知無法償還的合約資產、貿易應 收款項及應收票據乃進行個別評估 以提撥減值撥備,並於合理預期無 法收回時撤銷。於2022年12月31 日,就該等個別評估應收款項之虧 損撥備結餘約為人民幣2,841,000 元(2021年:人民幣2,169,000元)。

#### 共同計量預期信貸虧損

經計及客戶性質及其賬齡類別,本 集團亦通過按共同信貸風險特徵對 剩餘應收款項分組及共同評估收回 的可能性估計預期信貸虧損,並將 預期信貸虧損率應用至各應收款項 賬面總值。

預期信貸虧損率乃根據歷史信貸虧 損經驗估計,並作出調整以反映目 前市況及影響客戶結算應收款項能 力的宏觀經濟因素的前瞻性資料。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# 3.1 Market risk (Continued)

# 3.1.3 Credit risk (Continued)

Measurement of expected credit loss on collective basis (Continued)

The provision for loss allowances for contract assets, trade and bills receivables as at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021 are determined as follows:

# 3 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.1 市場風險(續)

3.1.3信貸風險(續)

#### 共同計量預期信貸虧損(續)

於2022年12月31日及2021年12 月31日就合約資產、貿易應收款 項及應收票據計提的虧損撥備按下 表釐定:

		1–3 months 1至3個月	Over 3 months 3個月以上	Total 總計
31 December 2022	2022年12月31日			
Expected loss rate	預期虧損率	0.6%	11.2%	3.7%
Gross carrying amount	賬面總值			
- contract assets, trade and bills	合約資產、貿易應收款項及			
receivables (RMB'000)	應收票據(人民幣千元)	11,110	4,650	15,760
Provision for loss allowance (RMB'000)	計提虧損撥備(人民幣千元)	64	520	584
31 December 2021	2021年12月31日			
Expected loss rate	預期虧損率	0.4%	7.8%	1.6%
Gross carrying amount	賬面總值			
– contract assets, trade and bills	合約資產、貿易應收款項及			
receivables (RMB'000)	應收票據(人民幣千元)	25,007	4,730	29,737
Provision for loss allowance (RMB'000)	計提虧損撥備(人民幣千元)	103	371	474

Impairment losses on contract assets, trade and bills receivables are presented as "net impairment losses on financial assets and contract assets" in the consolidated income statement. When a receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for receivables. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item. 合約資產、貿易應收款項及應收票 據減值虧損乃於綜合收益表內以「金 融資產及合約資產減值虧損淨額」 列賬。當應收款項無法收回時,即 對應收款項撥備賬撇銷。其後收回 過往撇銷款項乃抵銷相同項目。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### 3.1 Market risk (Continued)

### 3.1.3 Credit risk (Continued)

#### Other financial assets carried at amortised cost

The Group's other financial assets carried at amortised cost include deposits and other receivables in the consolidated statement of financial position. The impairment loss of other financial assets carried at amortised cost is measured based on the 12-month expected credit loss. The 12-month expected credit loss is the portion of lifetime expected credit loss that results from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime expected credit loss.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, management considered the credit risk of deposits and other receivables to be low as counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual cash flow obligations in the near term. The Group has assessed that the expected credit losses for these other receivables were immaterial under 12-month expected losses method. Therefore, the loss allowance provision for these balances was immaterial and no provision was recognised.

# 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 市場風險(續)

#### 3.1.3信貸風險(續)

#### 按攤銷成本列賬的其他金融資產

本集團按攤銷成本列賬的其他金融 資產包括綜合財務狀況表的按金及 其他應收款項。按攤銷成本列賬的 其他金融資產的減值虧損乃按12 個月的預期信貸虧損計量。12個 月的預期信貸虧損為報告日期後 12個月內可能發生的與金融工具 相關的違約事件所導致的存續期預 期信貸虧損的一部分。然而,倘信 貸風險自產生後出現顯著增長,該 撥備將以存續期預期信貸虧損為基 準。

於2022年及2021年12月31日, 管理層認為按金及其他應收款項的 信貸風險較低,因為對手方具備在 短期內履行合約現金流量責任的 強大能力,本集團已評估,根據12 個月的預期虧損法,該等其他應收 款項的預期信貸虧損並不重大。因 此,該等結餘的虧損並不重大,且 並無確認任何撥備。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

## 3.1 Market risk (Continued)

#### 3.1.4 Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the shorter and longer term.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group held cash and cash equivalents amounting to approximately RMB187,910,000 (2021: RMB182,294,000), that are expected to be readily available to generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.

The Group maintains liquidity by a number of sources including orderly realisation of receivables that the Group considers appropriate and adequate amount of available financing including short-term borrowings are also considered by the Group in its capital structuring. The Group aims to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping sufficient bank balances, committed credit lines available and interest bearing borrowings which enable the Group to continue its business for the foreseeable future.

The table below analyses the non-derivative financial liabilities of the Group into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date.

# 3 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 市場風險(續)

#### 3.1.4流動資金風險

本集團的政策為定期監察現時及預 期的流動資金需求,以確保維持足 夠的現金儲備以應付其短期及長期 流動資金需求。

於2022年12月31日,本集團持有 的現金及現金等價物約為人民幣 187,910,000元(2021年:人民幣 182,294,000元),預期可產生現金 流入以管理流動資金風險。

本集團透過多種來源維持流動資 金,包括有序變現本集團認為適當 的應收款項,及本集團在其資本建 備過程中亦會考慮短期借款等足額 可用融資。本集團旨在透過維持充 足的銀行結餘、已承諾可用信貸額 及計息借款來維持資金的靈活性, 以便本集團於可見將來繼續其業務 營運。

下表列示本集團非衍生金融負債按 照相關到期組別,根據由財務狀況 表日至合約到期日的剩餘期間進行 分析。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

3	FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)	3	財務風險管理 <i>(續)</i>
	3.1 Market risk (Continued)		<b>3.1</b> 市場風險 <i>(續)</i>
	3.1.4 Liquidity risk (Continued)		3.1.4流動資金風險(續)
	The amounts disclosed in the table were the contractual undiscounted cash flows and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay.		表內披露的金額為合約未貼現現金 流量及本集團須按要求支付的最早 日期。

		Less than 1 year RMB'000 少於1年 人民幣千元	<b>More than</b> <b>1 year</b> RMB'000 <b>超過1年</b> 人民幣千元	<b>Total</b> RMB′000 <b>總計</b> 人民幣千元
At 31 December 2022 Trade payables Other payables and accruals (excluding accrued employee benefits, deposits received from customers and other	於2022年12月31日 貿易應付款項 其他應付款項及應計款項(不包括 應計僱員福利、自客戶收取的按 金及其他應付税項)	10,096	-	10,096
tax payables)		6,335	2,530	8,865
	-	10,451	2,550	10,301
At 31 December 2021 Trade payables Other payables and accruals (excluding accrued employee benefits, deposits	於2021年12月31日 貿易應付款項 其他應付款項及應計款項(不包括 應計僱員福利、自客戶收取的按	20,221	-	20,221
received from customers and other tax payables)	金及其他應付税項)	12,386	2,606	14,992
		32,607	2,606	35,213

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# 3.2 Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or sell assets to reduce debt.

# 3.3 Fair value estimation

The Group did not have any financial assets or financial liabilities at the consolidated statement of financial position which is measured at fair value.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets, including trade and bills receivables, deposits and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents; and the Group's financial liabilities including trade payables, other payables and accruals, approximate their fair values due to their short maturities.

The nominal values less any estimated credit adjustments for financial assets and liabilities with a maturity of less than one year are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

# 3 財務風險管理(續)

# 3.2 資本管理

本集團管理資本的目標是保障本集團按 持續經營基準繼續營運的能力,以為股 東帶來回報,同時兼顧其他利益相關者 的利益,並維持最佳的資本架構以減低 資金成本。

為維持或調整資本架構,本集團或會調 整向股東派付的股息金額,向股東退回 資本或出售資產以減低債務。

# 3.3 公平值估計

本集團於綜合財務狀況表內並無按公平 值計算的任何金融資產或金融負債。

本集團金融資產包括貿易應收款項及應 收票據、按金及其他應收款項及現金及 現金等價物;而本集團金融負債包括貿 易應付款項、其他應付款項及應計款項, 由於該等金融資產及金融負債屬短期性 質,其賬面值與其公平值相若。

到期日少於一年的金融資產及負債之賬 面值減任何估計信貸調整假設與其公平 值相若。用以披露的金融負債公平值透 過按本集團就類似金融工具可得的當時 市場利率將未來合約現金流量貼現予以 估計。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

# 4.1 Impairment of receivables and contract assets

The Group makes provision for impairment of receivables and contract assets based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's historical default rates, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. The identification of impairment of receivables and contract assets requires the use of judgment and estimates. Where the expectations are different from the original estimates, such differences will impact the carrying value of receivables and contract assets and loss for the impairment of receivables and contract assets recognised in the periods in which such estimates have been changed.

# 4 關鍵會計估計及假設

估計及判斷乃根據過往經驗及其他因素(包 括在相關情況下認為屬合理的未來事件預期) 持續評估。

本集團對未來作出多項估計及假設。根據定 義,就此產生的會計估計很少會與有關實際 結果相符。具重大風險導致須於下一個財政 年度對資產及負債賬面值作出重大調整的估 計及假設論述如下。

# 4.1 應收款項及合約資產減值

本集團根據有關違約風險及預期虧損率 的假設計提應收款項及合約資產減值撥 備。本集團於作出該等假設時動用判斷, 並根據本集團於各報告期末的過往違約 率、現行市況及前瞻性估計,挑選用於 減值計算的輸入資料。識別應收款項及 合約資產減值須運用判斷及估計。倘預 期與原本估計存在差異,該等差額將會 影響於有關估計變動的期間確認的應收 款項及合約資產賬面值以及應收款項及 合約資產減值虧損。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

# 5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company is an investment holding company and the Group is principally engaged in

- (i) manufacturing of lace and provision of dyeing services; and
- (ii) sales of shoes.

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the directors of the Company. The directors review the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. The directors have determined the operating segment based on these reports.

In previous years, the directors consider the Group's operation from a business perspective and determine that the Group has two reportable operating segments being manufacturing of lace and provision of dyeing services. In 2021, a new subsidiary was incorporated in Hong Kong which is principally engaged in sales of shoes. Therefore, the Board currently considers the Group's operation from a business perspective and determines that the Group has three reportable operating segments being:

- Manufacturing of lace principally engaged in manufacturing of lace based on customers' orders for lingerie and other products;
- Provision of dyeing services principally engaged in provision of dyeing services of lace and swimwear fabrics based on customers' orders; and
- (iii) Sales of shoes principally engaged in trading of causal and sports footwear.

The directors assess the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of revenue and gross profit.

# 收益及分部資料

5

本公司為一家投資控股公司及本集團主要從 事:

(i) 製造花邊及提供染整服務;及

(ii) 鞋履銷售。

主要營運決策者已確定為本公司董事。董事 審閱本集團的內部報告以評估表現及分配資 源。董事已根據該等報告決定經營分部。

於過往年度,董事從業務角度考慮本集團的 營運,並確定本集團有兩個可呈報經營分部, 即製造花邊及提供染整服務。2021年,一間 新附屬公司於香港成立,主要從事鞋履銷售。 因此,董事會目前從業務角度考慮本集團的 經營,並確定本集團有三個可呈報的經營分 部,分別是:

- (i) 製造花邊一主要從事根據客戶的女性內 衣及其他產品訂單製造花邊;
- (ii) 提供染整服務-主要從事根據客戶訂單 提供花邊及泳裝染整服務;及
- (iii) 鞋履銷售-主要從事休閒及運動鞋履的 貿易。

董事按照收益及毛利的計量評估經營分部的 表現。
For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## 5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

## (a) Segment revenue by operating segments

The segment information provided to the directors for the reportable segments for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

## 5 收益及分部資料(續)

#### (a) 按經營分部劃分的分部收益

向董事所提供的截至2022年及2021年 12月31日止年度的可呈報分部的分部 資料如下:

	Provision of dyeing								
		Manufactu	ring of lace	serv	ices	Sales o	of shoes	To	tal
		製造	花邊	提供染	整服務	鞋履	銷售	總	計
		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		2022年	2021年	<b>2022</b> 年	2021年	<b>2022</b> 年	2021年	<b>2022</b> 年	2021年
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Segment revenue	分部收益	26,762	56,161	56,108	94,244	51,285	15,537	134,155	165,942
Segment results	分部業績	111	18,572	(8,223)	18,995	4,301	1,627	(3,811)	39,194
Other segmental information:	其他分部資料:								
Depreciation of properties,	物業、廠房及設備的								
plant and equipment	折舊	7,391	7,425	9,194	8,023	-	-	16,585	15,448
Additions to non-current	非流動分部資產的								
segment assets	增加	335	2,477	9,544	24,295	-	-	9,879	26,772

Provision of dvoing

## (b) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derived revenue from the sales of goods at a point in time and provision of services over time as follows:

(b) 客戶合約收益分拆

本集團的收益來自於某個時間點銷售貨 品及隨時間提供服務,如下:

		2022 RMB′000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB'000 2021年 人民幣千元
Timing of revenue recognition Over time – provision of services At a point in time – sales of goods	收益確認時間 隨時間-提供服務 某個時間點-銷售貨品	82,870 51,285	150,405 15,537
		134,155	165,942

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## 5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

## (c) Segment revenue by customers' geographical location

The Group's revenue by geographical location, which is determined by the location of customers, is as follows:

#### 5 收益及分部資料(續)

#### (c) 按客戶地理位置劃分的分部 收益

本集團按地理位置(基於客戶位置釐定) 劃分的收益如下:

		2022	2021
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		2022年	2021年
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
The PRC	中國	81,972	148,577
Hong Kong	香港	51,379	16,232
Others	其他	804	1,133
		134,155	165,942

#### (d) Information about major customers

#### (d) 主要客戶資料

Revenue derived from customers individually contributing over 10% of the Group's total revenue during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 is as follows: 截至2022年及2021年12月31日止年度 個別貢獻超過本集團總收益10%以上的 客戶之收益如下:

		2022	2021
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		2022年	2021年
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Customer A	客戶A	51,285	N/A不適用*

The corresponding customer did not contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

截至2021年12月31日止年度,相應客 戶對本集團總收益的貢獻不超過10%。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## 5 REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION 5 收益及分部資料(續) (Continued)

#### (e) Details of contract liabilities

#### (e) 合約負債詳情

		2022 RMB′000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB'000 2021年 人民幣千元
Contract liabilities (Note 23)	合約負債(附註23)	365	588

Notes:

- (i) Contract liabilities represent advanced payments received from the customers for services that have not yet been transferred to the customers. The contract liabilities fluctuated during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 due to fluctuation in sales orders with advanced payments.
- (ii) During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, all brought-forward contract liabilities at the beginning of the financial years were fully recognised as revenue.

#### (f) Unsatisfied performance obligations

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, all performance obligations not yet satisfied by the Group were from contracts with original expected duration of less than one year. Therefore, as permitted by the relevant practical expedient under HKFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers", the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied performance obligations was not disclosed.

## (g) Non-current assets by geographical location

All of the Group's non-current assets were located in the PRC.

附註:

- (i) 合約負債指就尚未轉讓予客戶的服務 從客戶收取的預收款項。由於附有預收 款項的銷售訂單波動,合約負債於截至 2022年及2021年12月31日止年度有 所波動。
- (ii) 截至2022年及2021年12月31日止年 度,所有於財政年度初未結清的合約負 債已悉數確認為收益。

#### (f) 尚未履行的履約責任

於2022年及2021年12月31日,本集團 所有尚未履行的履約責任均來源於原預 期持續時間少於一年的合約。因此,誠 如香港財務報告準則第15號「客戶合約 收益」相關實際權宜之計所准許,並未 披露分配予該等尚未履行的履約責任的 交易價。

## (g) 按地理位置劃分的非流動資產

本集團的所有非流動資產均位於中國。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## **6 EXPENSES BY NATURE**

Expenses included in cost of sales, selling and distribution expenses, administrative expenses and net impairment losses on financial assets and contract assets are analysed as follows:

## 6 按性質劃分的開支

計入銷售成本、銷售及分銷開支、行政開支 及金融資產及合約資產減值虧損淨額的開支 分析如下:

		2022 RMB′000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB′000 2021年 人民幣千元
Raw materials and merchandise used (Note 19)	原材料及商品消耗(附註19)	72,543	58,270
Employee benefit expenses, including	僱員福利開支(包括董事酬金)	, 2, 5-15	50,270
directors' emoluments (Note 9)	(附註9)	32,403	37,056
Manpower service expenses (Note 9)	人力資源服務開支(附註9)	1,548	1,841
Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 16)	無形資產攤銷(附註16)	493	451
Utilities	水電費	9,394	9,806
Depreciation of properties, plant and	物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產		
equipment and right-of-use asset (Note 14)	折舊(附註14)	17,395	16,086
Depreciation of investment property (Note 15)	投資物業折舊(附註15)	27	33
Provision for impairment of inventories	存貨減值撥備(附註19)		
(Note 19)		3,065	-
Auditor's remuneration	核數師薪酬	1,702	1,843
Professional fees	專業費用	4,153	2,761
Other tax and surcharges	其他税項及附加費	926	1,439
Packaging expenses	包裝開支	874	1,722
Commission and handling charges	佣金及手續費	2,888	921
Waste handling charges	廢物處理費	2,980	4,001
Net impairment losses on financial	金融資產及合約資產減值虧損		
assets and contract assets	淨額	782	1,974
Others	其他	3,626	3,267
Total cost of sales, selling and distribution	銷售成本、銷售及分銷開支、行		
expenses, administrative expenses and net	政開支及金融資產及合約資產		
impairment losses on financial assets and	減值虧損淨額總額		
contract assets		154,799	141,471

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## **7 OTHER INCOME**

### 7 其他收入

		2022 RMB'000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB'000 2021年 人民幣千元
Government grants (Note) Rental income (Note 15) Others	政府補助(附註) 租金收入(附註15) 其他	4,970 - 399	1,800 17 127
		5,369	1,944

Note: Government grants are all income related and there exists no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies attaching to these government grants. 附註: 政府補助全部與收入相關,目前並無附帶 該等政府補助的未達成條件或其他或然事項。

#### 8 OTHER GAINS/(LOSSES), NET

## 8 其他收益/(虧損)淨額

		2022 RMB'000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB'000 2021年 人民幣千元
Losses on disposal of properties,	出售物業、廠房及設備的虧損		
plant and equipment		(2)	(3,174)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	4,177	(515)
		4,175	(3,689)

## 9 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES AND MANPOWER SERVICE EXPENSES, INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

## 9 僱員福利開支及人力資源服務 開支(包括董事酬金)

	<b>RMB′000</b> 2022年 人民幣千元	RMB′000 2021年 人民幣千元
工資及薪金 退休金成本界定供款計劃(附 註a) 其他員工福利	30,105 2,197 101	34,234 2,719 103
僱員福利開支總額(包括董事酬 金) 人力資源服務開支(附註b)	32,403 1,548	37,056 1,841
	退休金成本-界定供款計劃(附 註a) 其他員工福利 僱員福利開支總額(包括董事酬 金)	2022年 人民幣千元     工資及薪金 退休金成本-界定供款計劃(附 註a) 其他員工福利   30,105     2,197   101     僱員福利開支總額(包括董事酬 金)   32,403

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## 9 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES AND MANPOWER SERVICE EXPENSES, INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Notes:

(a) Pension costs – defined contribution plans

#### The PRC

As stipulated under the relevant rules and regulations in the PRC, the subsidiary operating in the PRC contributes to state-sponsored retirement plans for its employees. For the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, depending on the provinces of the employees' registered residences and their current region of work, the subsidiary contributed certain percentages of the salaries of its employees and had no further obligations for the actual payment of pensions or postretirement benefits beyond the contributions. The statesponsored retirement plans are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to the retired employees.

#### Hong Kong

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "Pension Scheme") set up pursuant to the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, for all of its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the consolidated income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the Pension Scheme. The assets of the Pension Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administrated fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed to the Pension Scheme, except for the Group's employer voluntary contributions, which are refunded to the Group when the employee leaves employment prior to vesting fully in the contributions, in accordance with the rules of the Pension Scheme. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

In 2022, total employees' contributions were RMB54,000 (2021: RMB7,000) and total contribution from the Company were RMB57,000 (2021: RMB12,000). No contributions forfeited by employees leaving the scheme were utilised to offset contributions during the year (2021: nil). As at 31 December 2022, there were no forfeited contributions (2021: nil) available to reduce the contributions payable in future years.

## 9 僱員福利開支及人力資源服務 開支(包括董事酬金)(續)

附註:

(a) 退休金成本--界定供款計劃

中國

按照中國相關規則及法規規定,於中國營運 的附屬公司須為其僱員向國家資助的退休計 劃作出供款。截至2022年及2021年12月31 日止年度,視乎僱員的登記戶籍省份及其目 前工作地區,附屬公司須作出其僱員薪金若 干百分比的供款,且並無進一步責任就該等 供款外的退休金或退休後福利作出實際支付。 該等國家資助的退休計劃負責應付退休僱員 的全部退休金責任。

香港

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例,為其香 港所有僱員營辦定額供款強積金退休福利計 劃(「**退休金計劃**」)。供款根據僱員基本薪金 的某個百分比計算作出,並於有關供款根據 退休金計劃的規則須予支付時在綜合收益表 支銷。退休金計劃的資產獨立於本集團之僱 主,由獨立管理的基金持有。本集團之僱員, 做款存入退休金計劃時全數歸屬於僱員,惟 本集團之僱主自願性供款除外,根據退休金 計劃之規則,倘僱員於該等供款全數歸屬前 離職,該等自願性供款將退還予本集團。

於2022年,員工的供款總額為人民幣54,000 元(2021年:人民幣7,000元),公司的供款 總額為人民幣57,000元(2021年:人民幣 12,000元)。本年度並無使用離開計劃的員工 被沒收的供款以抵銷供款(2021年:無)。截 至2022年12月31日,並被沒收的供款(2021 年:無)可用於減少未來年度的應付供款。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## 9 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES AND MANPOWER SERVICE EXPENSES, INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(b) Manpower service expenses

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group entered into certain manpower service arrangements with an external manpower service organisation in the PRC. Under these arrangements, certain of the Group's manpower requirements were fulfilled by this organisation at agreed service fees whereas the human resources provided were directly employed by the service organisation. The individuals providing services to the Group did not have any employment relationship with the Group.

(c) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group include one director for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: nil), whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented in Note 32. The emoluments payable to the remaining four individuals for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: five) are as follows:

## 9 僱員福利開支及人力資源服務 開支(包括董事酬金)(續)

附註:(續)

(b) 人力資源服務開支

截至2022年及2021年12月31日止年度,本 集團與一家中國外部人力資源服務機構訂立 若干人力資源服務安排。根據有關安排,該 機構按協定服務價格滿足了本集團若干人手 需求,而所提供的人力資源由該服務機構直 接聘請。向本集團提供服務的人士與本集團 並無任何僱傭關係。

(c) 五名最高薪酬人士

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本集團五名 最高薪酬人士分別包括一名董事(2021年: 無),其酬金反映在附註32呈列的分析中。 截至2022年12月31日止年度,應付餘下四 名(2021年:五名)人士的酬金如下:

		2022 RMB′000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB'000 2021年 人民幣千元
Wages and salaries Pension costs – defined contribution plans	工資及薪金 退休金成本-界定供款計劃	1,718 54	673 84
		1,772	757

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## 9 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES AND MANPOWER SERVICE EXPENSES, INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(c) Five highest paid individuals (Continued)

The emoluments fell within the following band:

9 僱員福利開支及人力資源服務 開支(包括董事酬金)(續)

附註:(續)

(c) 五名最高薪酬人士(續)

酬金範圍如下:

			individuals 數
		<b>2022</b> 2022年	2021 2021年
<b>Emolument band</b> Not more than HKD1,000,000	<b>酬金範圍</b> 不多於1,000,000港元	4	5

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. 截至2022年及2021年12月31日止年度,本 集團概無向任何董事或五名最高薪酬人士發 放任何酬金作為加盟或在加盟本公司時的獎 勵或作為離職補償。

### **10 FINANCE INCOME, NET**

#### 10 融資收入淨額

		2022	2021
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		2022年	2021年
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Finance income	融資收入		
Interest income	利息收入	2,338	1,477
Finance costs	融資成本		
Unwinding of discount on other payables	其他應付款項的折現回撥	(11)	(10)
Interest expenses on bank borrowings	銀行借款利息開支	(11)	(10)
		_	(118)
Less: capitalised on qualifying assets (Note)	減:合資格資產資本化(附註)		<u> </u>
		(11)	(123)
Finance income, net	融資收入淨額	2,327	1,354
Note: Borrowing costs have been capitalised at r	ates of 4 35% per     附註: 截	至2021年12月31日止	年度,銀行借款利

Note: Borrowing costs have been capitalised at rates of 4.35% per annum on qualifying assets for the year ended 31 December 2021. 附註:截至2021年12月31日止年度,銀行借款利 息開支分別對合資格資產按加權平均比率 的4.35%的年利率資本化。

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## **11 INCOME TAX EXPENSE**

Taxation has been provided at the appropriate rates prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, Fujian Deyun Technology Co., Ltd\* (福建德運科技有限公司) ("**Deyun Technology**"), the Group's subsidiary in the PRC, has qualified for high and new technology enterprises status and is therefore subject to a preferential income tax rate of 15%.

Pursuant to the enactment of two-tiered profit tax rates by the Inland Revenue Department of Hong Kong from the year of assessment 2018/19 onwards, the first HKD2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HKD2 million will be taxed at 16.5%.

During the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, Hope Faith Limited, the Group's subsidiary in Hong Kong, was a qualifying entity under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HKD2 million of profits will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HKD2 million will be taxed at 16.5%.

## 11 所得税開支

税項已按本集團經營所在的司法權區之適當 税率計提。

截至2022年及2021年12月31日止年度,本 集團在中國的附屬公司福建德運科技有限公司(「德運科技」)合資格獲頒高新技術企業地位,因此享有優惠所得税率15%。

根據香港税務局制定的利得税兩級制,由 2018/19課税年度起,合資格集團實體的首 200萬港元溢利將按8.25%税率課税,而200 萬港元以上的溢利將按16.5%税率課税。

截至2022年及2021年12月31日止年度,本 集團的香港附屬公司合誠有限公司為合資格 使用利得税兩級制的實體,首200萬港元溢 利將按8.25%税率課税,而200萬港元以上 的溢利將按16.5%税率課税。

		2022 RMB′000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB′000 2021年 人民幣千元
Current income tax – PRC Corporate income tax – Hong Kong profits tax	即期所得税 一中國企業所得税 一香港利得税	_ 150	2,618 91
Deferred income tax (Note 24)	遞延所得税(附註24)	150 14	2,709 189
Income tax expense	所得税開支	164	2,898

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#### 11 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

## 11 所得税開支(續)

		2022 RMB′000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB'000 2021年 人民幣千元
(Loss)/profit before income tax	除所得税前(虧損)/溢利	(8,773)	24,080
Tax calculated at tax rates applicable to (losses)/profits of the respective subsidiaries Tax effect of: Income not subject to tax Expenses not deductible for tax purpose Tax loss not recognised (Note (a)) Super deductions from research and development expenditure (Note (b))	按各附屬公司(虧損)/溢利 適用的税率計算的税項 以下項目的税務影響: 毋須課税的收入 不可扣税開支 未確認税項虧損(附註(a)) 研發開支超額抵扣(附註(b))	(1,399) (1,265) 1,853 2,242 (1,267)	3,431 
Income tax expense	所得税開支	164	2,898

Notes:

- (a) As at 31 December 2022, the Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of approximately RMB2,242,000 in respect of tax losses amounting to approximately RMB14,948,000, which is subject to the agreement by the relevant tax authority and could be carried forward to offset future income. The tax losses will expire within five years.
- (b) According to the relevant laws and regulations promulgated by the State Administration of Taxation of the PRC, enterprises engaging in research and development activities are entitled to claim 200% of their research and development expenses incurred as tax deductible expenses when determining their assessable profits for that year.

#### 12 (LOSSES)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

The basic (losses)/earnings per share is calculated by dividing the (loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021. 附註:

- (a) 於2022年12月31日,本集團並無就税項虧 損約人民幣14,948,000元確認遞延税項資產 約人民幣2,242,000元,惟須有關税務機構同 意,且可結轉抵銷日後收入。税項虧損將於 五年內屆滿。
- (b) 根據中國國家税務總局頒佈的相關法律及法規,從事研發活動的企業有權在釐定其年度應課税溢利時,將所產生的研發開支的200% 申報作可扣税開支。

## 12 每股(虧損)/盈利

每股基本(虧損)/盈利按本公司擁有人應佔 (虧損)/溢利除以截至2022年及2021年12 月31日止年度的已發行普通股加權平均數計 算。

	<b>2022</b> 2022年	2021 2021年
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to 本公司擁有人應佔年內(虧損)/ owners of the Company (RMB'000) 溢利(人民幣千元)		21 102
Weighted average number of ordinary shares 已發行普通股的加權平均數 in issue (thousands of shares) (千股)	(8,937) 1,260,000	21,182
Basic and diluted (losses)/earnings per share  每股基本及攤薄(虧損)/盈利 (RMB cents)     (人民幣分)	(0.71)	1.70

There were no differences between the basic and diluted (losses)/earnings per share as there were no potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

由於截至2022年及2021年12月31日止年度 並無發行在外的潛在攤薄普通股,故每股基 本及攤薄(虧損)/盈利並無差異。

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## **13 SUBSIDIARIES**

13 附屬公司

The Group's principal subsidiaries at 31 December 2022 and 2021 are set out below.

本集團於2022年及2021年12月31日的主要 附屬公司載列如下。

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及法人實體類別	Principal activities and place of operation 主要活動及經營地點	Particulars of paid up capital 繳足股本詳情	held/controlled	ffective interest d by the Group 的實際權益百分比
				2022 2022年	2021 2021年
Direct Interests: 直接權益:					
Deyun Investment Limited Deyun Investment Limited	BVI, limited liability company 英屬處女群島,有限公司	Investment holding in BVI 在英屬處女群島投資控股	USD1 1美元	100%	100%
Circle Time Limited Circle Time Limited	BVI, limited liability company 英屬處女群島,有限公司	Investment holding in BVI 在英屬處女群島投資控股	USD1 1美元	100%	100%
Indirect Interests: 間接權益:					
Deyun Holding (HK) Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	HKD1	100%	100%
Deyun Holding (HK) Limited	香港,有限公司	在香港投資控股	1港元		
Fujian Deyun Consulting Services Co. Ltd.*	The PRC, limited liability company	Investment holding in the PRC	RMB10,000,000	100%	100%
福建德運諮詢服務有限公司	中國,有限公司	在中國投資控股	人民幣10,000,000元		
Fujian Deyun Technology Company Limited*	The PRC, limited liability company	Manufacturing of lace and provision of dyeing services in the PRC	RMB98,670,000	100%	100%
福建德運科技股份有限公司	中國,有限公司	在中國製造花邊及提供染整 服務	人民幣98,670,000元		
Hope Faith Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Sales of shoes in Hong Kong	HKD1	100%	100%
合誠有限公司	香港,有限公司	在香港銷售鞋履	1港元		
Putian Yingchuang Trading Company Limited*	The PRC, limited liability company	Wholesale of textile and clothing	RMBO	100%	-
莆田盈創貿易有限公司	中國,有限公司	紡織品及服裝批發	人民幣0元		

\* For identification purposes only

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## 14 PROPERTIES, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET

## 14 物業、廠房及設備及使用權 資產

		<b>Buildings</b> RMB'000 <b>樓宇</b> 人民幣千元	Plant and machinery RMB'000 廠房及機器 人民幣千元	Office equipment RMB'000 辦公設備 人民幣千元	Motor vehicles RMB'000 汽車 人民幣千元	Construction in progress RMB'000 在建工程 人民幣千元	<b>Sub-total</b> RMB'000 小計 人民幣千元	Right-of-use asset RMB'000 使用權資產 人民幣千元	<b>Total</b> RMB'000 <b>總計</b> 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日								
Cost	成本	41,093	264,444	4,251	1,090	8,271	319,149	4,121	323,270
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(12,341)	(156,401)	(2,952)	(804)	-	(172,498)	(1,399)	(173,897)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	28,752	108,043	1,299	286	8,271	146,651	2,722	149,373
Year ended 31 December 2021	截至2021年12月31日止 年度								
Opening net book amount	期初賬面淨值	28,752	108,043	1,299	286	8,271	146,651	2,722	149,373
Additions	添置	1,382	13,896	248	1,832	3,473	20,831	-	20,831
Transfers	轉讓	-	11,744	-	-	(11,744)	-	-	-
Depreciation (Note 6)	折舊(附註6)	(2,104)	(13,453)	(386)	(61)	-	(16,004)	(82)	(16,086)
Disposals	出售	-	(4,002)	-	-	-	(4,002)	-	(4,002)
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	28,030	116,228	1,161	2,057	-	147,476	2,640	150,116
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日								
Cost	成本	42,475	279,053	4,499	2,922	-	328,949	4,121	333,070
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(14,445)	(162,825)	(3,338)	(865)	-	(181,473)	(1,481)	(182,954)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	28,030	116,228	1,161	2,057	-	147,476	2,640	150,116
Year ended 31 December 2022	截至2022年12月31日止 年度								
Opening net book amount	期初賬面淨值	28,030	116,228	1,161	2,057	-	147,476	2,640	150,116
Additions	添置	303	9,308	355	1,136	1,301	12,403	-	12,403
Depreciation (Note 6)	折舊(附註6)	(2,382)	(14,234)	(459)	(235)	-	(17,310)	(85)	(17,395)
Disposals	出售	-	-	(2)	-	-	(2)	-	(2)
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	25,951	111,302	1,055	2,958	1,301	142,567	2,555	145,122
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日								
Cost	成本	42,778	288,361	4,815	4,058	1,301	341,313	4,121	345,434
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(16,827)	(177,059)	(3,760)	(1,100)	-	(198,746)	(1,566)	(200,312)
							142,567		

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## 14 PROPERTIES, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSET (Continued)

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, depreciation expenses have been charged in cost of sales, selling and distribution expenses and administrative expenses as below:

## 14 物業、廠房及設備及使用權 資產(續)

截至2022年及2021年12月31日止年度,折 舊開支已自銷售成本、銷售及分銷開支及行 政開支扣除如下:

		2022 RMB'000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB'000 2021年 人民幣千元
Cost of sales Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses	銷售成本 銷售及分銷開支 行政開支	16,585 7 803	15,448 7 631
		17,395	16,086

#### **15 INVESTMENT PROPERTY**

#### 15 投資物業

		2022 RMB'000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB <sup>*</sup> 000 2021年 人民幣千元
At 1 January Depreciation (Note 6)	於1月1日 折舊(附註6)	308 (27)	341 (33)
At 31 December	於12月31日	281	308

The Group leased out an investment property through operating lease. The lease typically runs for an initial period of 5 years. The lease does not include variable lease payments. 本集團透過經營租賃出租一項投資物業。租 賃一般初步為期5年。租賃並無包含浮動租 賃付款。

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### **15 INVESTMENT PROPERTY** (Continued)

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the fair values of the Group's investment property were approximately RMB1,270,000 and RMB1,270,000 respectively. These fair values are determined by the directors of the Company mainly with reference to a valuation performed by an independent qualified professional valuer, using the income capitalisation approach.

The following amounts have been recognised in the consolidated income statement:

#### 15 投資物業(續)

於2022年及2021年12月31日,本集團投資 物業之公平值分別約為人民幣1,270,000元及 人民幣1,270,000元。該等公平值乃本公司董 事主要參考獨立合資格專業估值師使用收入 資本化法進行的估值後釐定。

下列金額已於綜合收益表確認:

		2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
		2022年	2021年
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Rental income from investment property (Note 7) Direct operating expenses attributable to	投資物業租金收入(附註7) 產生租金收入的投資物業應佔的直	-	17
investment property that generates rental income	接經營開支		(7)
		-	10

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## **16 INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

## 16 無形資產

		<b>Software</b> 軟件 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日	
Cost	成本	1,472
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	(827)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	645
Year ended 31 December 2021	截至2021年12月31日止年度	
Opening net book amount	期初賬面淨值	645
Additions	添置	1,042
Amortisation (Note 6)	攤銷(附註6)	(451)
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	1,236
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	
Cost	成本	2,514
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	(1,278)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	1,236
Year ended 31 December 2022	截至2022年12月31日止年度	
Opening net book amount	期初賬面淨值	1,236
Amortisation (Note 6)	攤銷(附註6)	(493)
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	743
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	
Cost	成本	2,514
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	(1,771)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	743

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, amortisation of approximately RMB114,000 and RMB96,000 has been charged in administrative expenses and approximately RMB379,000 and RMB355,000 has been charged in cost of sales respectively. 截至2022年及2021年12月31日止年度,分 別約人民幣114,000元及人民幣96,000元之 攤銷已自行政開支扣除,而約人民幣379,000 元及人民幣355,000元已自銷售成本扣除。

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## 17 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY 17 按類別劃分的金融工具 CATEGORY

	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
		2021年
	人氏常十九	人民幣千元
金融資產		
按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產		
貿易應收款項及應收票據(附註20)	6,137	18,774
按金及其他應收款項	37	1,011
現金及現金等價物(附註21)	187,910	182,294
	194,084	202,079
金融負債		
按攤銷成本列賬的金融負債		
貿易應付款項(附註25)	10,096	20,221
	7.748	13,853
	•	
	17,844	34,074
	貿易應收款項及應收票據(附註20) 按金及其他應收款項 現金及現金等價物(附註21) 金融負債	全融資產 6,137   按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產 6,137   資易應收款項及應收票據(附註20) 6,137   按金及其他應收款項 37   現金及現金等價物(附註21) 187,910   194,084 194,084   全融負債 10,096   方機的意味自款項及應計款項 7,748

## 18 PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

## 18 預付款項、按金及其他應收款 項

		2022 RMB'000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB′000 2021年 人民幣千元
<b>Current portion</b> Prepayments to suppliers Other prepayments Other receivables Deposits	<b>即期部分</b> 預付供應商款項 其他預付款項 其他應收款項 按金	225 310 2 35 572	370 242 1,011 – 1,623
Non-current portion Prepayments of acquisition of properties, plant and equipment	<b>非即期部分</b> 收購物業、廠房及設備的預付款項	25	7,807

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## 18 PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the carrying amounts of deposits and other receivables approximated their fair values.

The carrying amounts of the Group's prepayments, deposits and other receivables were denominated in the following currencies:

#### **18** 預付款項、按金及其他應收款 項(續)

於2022年及2021年12月31日,按金及其他應收款 項的賬面值與其公平值相若。

本集團預付款項、按金及其他應收款項的賬面值以 下列貨幣計值:

		2022 RMB′000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB'000 2021年 人民幣千元
RMB HKD USD	人民幣 港元 美元	305 212 80	9,259 171 –
		597	9,430

## **19 INVENTORIES**

#### 19 存貨

		2022	2021
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		2022年	2021年
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Raw materials	原材料	11,020	9,737
Less: Provision for impairment of inventories	減:存貨減值撥備	(3,065)	-
		7,955	9,737

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in cost of sales during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 amounted to approximately RMB72,543,000 and RMB58,270,000 respectively.

Provision for impairment of inventories amounting to approximately RMB3,065,000 was recognised in the consolidation income statement and included in cost of sales for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: nil). 截至2022年及2021年12月31日止年度, 金額分別約為人民幣72,543,000元及人民幣 58,270,000元的存貨成本確認為開支並計入 銷售成本。

截至2022年12月31日止年度,約人民幣 3,065,000元的存貨減值撥備已於綜合收益表 中確認,並計入銷售成本(2021年:無)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## 20 CONTRACT ASSETS, TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

## 20 合約資產、貿易應收款項及 應收票據

		2022 RMB'000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB'000 2021年 人民幣千元
Contract assets Less: Provision for impairment of contract assets	合約資產 減:合約資產減值撥備	6,226 (28)	8,348 (28)
Contract assets, net	合約資產淨額	6,198	8,320
Trade receivables Bills receivables Less: Provision for impairment of trade receivables	貿易應收款項 應收票據 減:貿易應收款項減值撥備	9,374 160 (3,397)	21,289 100 (2,615)
Trade and bills receivables, net	貿易應收款項及應收票據淨額	6,137 12,335	18,774 27,094

Contract assets represent the Group's rights to consideration for work completed but unbilled for its business. The contract assets are transferred to trade receivables when the rights become unconditional which generally take one to three months. The balances of contract assets fluctuated from yearto-year during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 as the Group provided varying amount of goods or services that were unbilled before the year-ends.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the carrying amounts of contract assets, trade and bills receivables approximated their fair values.

The Group's sales were generally on credit terms primarily from 30 to 60 days.

合約資產指本集團就其業務已完成但未開票 貨物和服務收取代價的權利。當權利成為無 條件時(一般需時一至三個月),合約資產轉 撥至貿易應收款項。由於本集團於年末之前 所提供貨物或服務的未開票金額不同,故於 截至2022年及2021年12月31日止年度的合 約資產結餘按年浮動。

於2022年及2021年12月31日,合約資產、 貿易應收款項及應收票據的賬面值與其公平 值相若。

本集團銷售的信貸期一般主要介乎30至60日。

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements $h \rightarrow A = 1 + 2h + 2h$

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## 20 CONTRACT ASSETS, TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Continued)

## 20 合約資產、貿易應收款項及 應收票據(續)

Movements on the Group's provision for impairment of contract assets are as follows:

#### 本集團合約資產減值撥備的變動如下:

		2022 RMB′000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB′000 2021年 人民幣千元
As at 1 January Provision for impairment on a collective basis	於1月1日 按共同基準計提的減值撥備	28	8 20
As at 31 December	於12月31日	28	28

Movements on the Group's provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

本集團的貿易應收款項減值撥備變動詳情如 下:

		2022 RMB′000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB'000 2021年 人民幣千元
As at 1 January	於1月1日	2,615	661
Provision for impairment on an individual	按個別基準計提的減值撥備		
basis		702	1,617
Provision for impairment on a collective	按共同基準計提的減值撥備		
basis		110	354
Reversal of provision for impairment	減值撥備撥回	(30)	(17)
As at 31 December	於12月31日	3,397	2,615

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## 20 CONTRACT ASSETS, TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Continued)

# As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the aging analysis of trade and bills receivables, based on invoice date, was as follows:

## 20 合約資產、貿易應收款項及 應收票據(續)

於2022年及2021年12月31日,貿易應收款 項及應收票據按發票日期的賬齡分析如下:

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
		2021年
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
1至3個月	4,884	16,659
3個月以上	4,650	4,730
	9,534	21,389
減:貿易應收款項減值撥備		
	(3,397)	(2,615)
	6,137	18,774
	3個月以上	1至3個月 4,884   3個月以上 4,650   減:貿易應收款項減值撥備 9,534   (3,397) (3,397)

The carrying amounts of the Group's contract assets, trade and bills receivables were denominated in the following currencies: 本集團合約資產、貿易應收款項及應收票據 的賬面值以下列貨幣計值:

		2022	2021
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		<b>2022</b> 年	2021年
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
/			
RMB	人民幣	11,750	26,806
USD	美元	585	288
		12,335	27,094

The maximum exposure to credit risk as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 was the carrying value of the receivables and contract assets mentioned above. The Group did not hold any collateral as security.

於2022年及2021年12月31日的最高信貸風 險為上文所述應收款項及合約資產的賬面值。 本集團並無持有任何抵押品作為抵押。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## 21 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

#### 21 現金及現金等價物

		2022 RMB′000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB′000 2021年 人民幣千元
Cash on hand Cash at banks	手頭現金 銀行現金	10 187,900	9 182,285
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	187,910	182,294
Maximum exposure to credit risk	信貸風險最大敞口	187,900	182,285

Cash and cash equivalents include the following for the purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows:

現金及現金等價物就綜合現金流量表而言包 括以下項目:

		2022	2021
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		<b>2022</b> 年	2021年
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	187,910	182,294

The carrying amounts of the Group's cash and cash equivalents were denominated in the following currencies:

本集團現金及現金等價物的賬面值以下列貨 幣計值:

		2022 RMB'000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB′000 2021年 人民幣千元
RMB	人民幣	129,972	124,973
USD	美元	13,028	10,484
HKD	港元	44,910	46,837
		187,910	182,294

Cash at banks earned interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rate. As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents approximated their fair values.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, cash and cash equivalents of the Group amounting to approximately RMB184,374,000 and RMB180,455,000, respectively, were deposited with the banks in the PRC where the remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the Government of the PRC.

銀行現金根據每日銀行存款利率按浮息賺取 利息。於2022年及2021年12月31日,現金 及現金等價物的賬面值與其公平值相若。

於2022年及2021年12月31日,本集團的現 金及現金等價物分別約為人民幣184,374,000 元及人民幣180,455,000元,存於中國境內的 銀行,而將資金匯出中國受中國政府頒佈外 匯管理規則及法規規管。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## 22 SHARE CAPITAL

## 22 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目	Nominal value 面值 HKD'000 千港元	Nominal value 面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
<b>Share capital</b> <b>Authorised:</b> As at 1 January 2021	<b>股本</b> 法定: 於2021年1月1日	38,000,000	380	337
Increase in authorised ordinary share (Note a)	增加法定普通股(附註a)	9,962,000,000	99,620	83,840
As at 31 December 2021, 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022	於2021年12月31日、 2022年1月1日及 2022年12月31日	10,000,000,000	100,000	84,177
		Number of shares 股份數目	Nominal value 面值 HKD'000 千港元	Nominal value 面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
<b>Issued:</b> As at 1 January 2021	<b>已發行:</b> 於2021年1月1日	20,000	_*	ڊ_
Capitalisation issue (Note b) Issuance of shares upon	資本化發行(附註b) 於上市時發行股份(附註c)	944,980,000	9,450	7,883
listing (Note c) As at 31 December 2021,	於2021年12月31日、	315,000,000	3,150	2,628
1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022	2022年1月1日及 2022年12月31日	1,260,000,000	12,600	10,511
* The amount was rounded	to the nearest thousand.	* 金額約罄	至最接近千位。	

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

#### 22 SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

#### Notes:

- (a) On 13 January 2021, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased to HKD100,000,000 comprising 10,000,000,000 shares of HKD0.01 each.
- (b) Pursuant to the written resolution passed by the shareholders on 16 December 2020, a total of 944,980,000 shares of HKD0.01 each were allotted and issued to the shareholders of the Company whose names appear on the register of members of the Company as at 31 December 2021 on a pro rata basis by way of capitalisation of HKD9,449,800 (approximately RMB7,953,000) from the Company's share premium account on the Listing Date. The capitalisation issue was completed on 13 January 2021.
- (c) On 13 January 2021, pursuant to the listing on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, the Company issued a total of 315,000,000 ordinary shares at a price of HKD0.4 per share for a total gross proceeds (before related share issuance costs) of HKD126,000,000.

### 23 CONTRACT LIABILITIES, OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

#### 22 股本(續)

附註:

- (a) 於2021年1月13日,本公司法定股本增至 100,000,000港元,包括10,000,000,000股每 股面值0.01港元的股份。
- (b) 根據股東於2020年12月16日通過的書面決 議案,透過將本公司股份溢價賬中的9,449,800 港元(約人民幣7,953,000元)撥充資本,已於 上市日期向於2021年12月31日名列本公司 股東名冊的本公司股東,按比例配發及發行 合共944,980,000股每股面值0.01港元的股 份。資本化發行已於2021年1月13日完成。
- (c) 於2021年1月13日,根據於香港聯合交易所 有限公司主板上市,本公司以每股0.4港元 的價格發行合共315,000,000股普通股,募 集資金總額(於扣除相關股份發行成本前)為 126,000,000港元。

#### 23 合約負債、其他應付款項及應 計款項

		2022 RMB'000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB'000 2021年 人民幣千元
<b>Current portion</b> Payables for acquisition of properties, plant and equipment	<b>即期部分</b> 購買物業、廠房及設備的應付款項	3,716	9,648
Other tax payables Other payables Accruals for auditor's remuneration	其他應付税項 其他應付款項 應計核數師薪酬	2,350 627 1,592	972 622 1,494
Accruals for employee benefit expenses Accruals for professional fees Other accruals	應計僱員福利開支 應計專業費用 其他應計款項 自客戶收取的按金	1,654 282 106 1,330	2,632 457 154
Deposits received from customers Contract liabilities (Note 5(e))	百春广收取时级並 合約負債(附註5(e))	12,022	1,263 588 17,830
<b>Non-current portion</b> Other payables	<b>非即期部分</b> 其他應付款項	1.425	1,478

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the carrying amounts of the Group's other payables and accruals approximated their fair values.

於2022年及2021年12月31日,本集團其他 應付款項及應計款項的賬面值與其公平值相若。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## 23 CONTRACT LIABILITIES, OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS (Continued)

## 23 合約負債、其他應付款項及應 計款項(續)

The carrying amounts of the Group's contract liabilities, other payables and accruals were denominated in the following currencies:

#### 本集團合約負債、其他應付款項及應計款項 的賬面值以下列貨幣計值:

		2022	2021
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		2022年	2021年
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
RMB	人民幣	10,622	16,947
USD	美元	659	376
HKD	港元	2,166	1,985
		13,447	19,308

#### **24 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES**

#### 24 遞延税項負債

		2022 RMB′000	2021 RMB'000
		2022年	2021年
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	549	535

The movement in deferred tax liabilities during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows: 遞延税項負債於截至2022年及2021年12月 31日止年度的變動(未經計及對銷相同税務 司法權區結餘)如下:

Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	Contracts assets 合約資產 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税務折舊 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>Others</b> <b>其他</b> RMB′000 人民幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總計 RMB′000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2021 Charged to the consolidated	於2021年1月1日 於綜合收益表扣除	(48)	(236)	(62)	(346)
income statement		44	(188)	(45)	(189)
At 31 December 2021 Charged to the consolidated	於2021年12月31日 於綜合收益表扣除	(4)	(424)	(107)	(535)
income statement		(3)	(3)	(8)	(14)
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	(7)	(427)	(115)	(549)

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#### 24 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (Continued)

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for the tax loss carried-forwards to extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profit is probable.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of approximately RMB2,242,000 in respect of tax losses amounting to approximately RMB14,948,000, which is subject to the agreement by the relevant tax authority and could be carried forward to offset future taxable income. The tax losses will expire within five year.

The Group had undistributed earnings of RMB130,736,000 as at 31 December 2022 (2021: RMB143,067,000), which, if paid out as dividends, would be subject to tax in the hands of the recipient. An assessable temporary difference exists, but no deferred liability has been recognised as the parent entity is able to control the timing of distributions of dividends from the PRC subsidiary and is not expected to distribute these profits in the foreseeable future.

#### **25 TRADE PAYABLES**

#### 24 遞延税項負債(續)

遞延税項資產確認為税項虧損結轉,一定程 度上可能通過未來應課税溢利實現相關税項 福利。

於2022年12月31日,本集團並無就税項虧 損約14,948,000元確認遞延所得税資產約人 民幣2,242,000元,惟須有關税務機構同意, 且可結轉抵銷日後收入。税項虧損將於五年 內屆滿。

於2022年12月31日,本集團的未分派盈利 為人民幣130,736,000元(2021年:人民幣 143,067,000元),如作為股息派付,收款人 須繳納税項。由於母公司有能力控制中國附 屬公司分派股息的時機,且可預見未來不會 分派股息,存在可評税暫時差額,但並無確 認遞延負債。

#### 25 貿易應付款項

		2022 RMB'000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB′000 2021年 人民幣千元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	10,096	20,221

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the aging analysis of trade payables, based on invoice date, was as follows:

於2022年及2021年12月31日,貿易應付款 項按發票日期的賬齡分析如下:

		2022 RMB′000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB'000 2021年 人民幣千元
1 to 3 months Over 3 months	1至3個月 3個月以上	6,279 3,817	17,728 2,493
		10,096	20,221

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the carrying amounts of the Group's trade payables were denominated in RMB and approximated their fair values.

於2022年及2021年12月31日,本集團貿易 應付款項的賬面值乃以人民幣計值,並與其 公平值相若。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## **26 DIVIDEND**

No dividend has been paid or declared by the Company during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

## **27 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

#### (a) Reconciliation of (loss)/profit before income tax to cash generated from operations

### 26 股息

本公司於截至2022年及2021年12月31日止 年度並無派付或宣派股息。

#### 27 綜合現金流量表附註

## (a) 除所得税前(虧損)/溢利與經 營產生的現金對賬

		2022 RMB′000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB'000 2021年 人民幣千元
(Loss)/profit before income tax Adjustments for:	除所得税前(虧損)/溢利 就以下各項作出調整:	(8,773)	24,080
Interest income Interest expenses Depreciation of properties, plant and equipment	利息收入 利息開支 物業、廠房及設備折舊	(2,338) 11 17,310	(1,477) 123 16,004
Depreciation of right-of-use asset Depreciation of investment property Amortisation of intangible assets Losses on disposal of properties,	使用權資產折舊 投資物業折舊 無形資產攤銷 出售物業、廠房及設備的虧損	85 27 493	82 33 451
plant and equipment Provision for impairment of trade receivables and contract assets Reversal of provision for impairment	留易應收款項及合約資產 減值撥備 貿易應收款項減值撥備撥回	2 812	3,174 1,991
of trade receivables Provision for impairment of inventories	存貨減值撥備	(30) 3,065	(17)
		10,664	44,444
Changes in working capital: – Trade and bills receivables – Contract assets – Prepayments, deposits and other	營運資金變動: 一貿易應收款項及應收票據 一合約資產 一預付款項、按金及	11,788 2,122	(7,540) (764)
receivables – Inventories – Trade payables – Other payables and accruals – Contract liabilities	其他應收款項 一存貨 一貿易應付款項 一其他應付款項及應計款項 一合約負債	1,033 (1,283) (10,097) 532 (223)	2,073 (465) 9,410 (13,818) (2,852)
Cash generated from operations	經營產生的現金	14,536	30,488

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

#### 27 NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

27 综合現金流量表附註(續)

(b) In the consolidated statements of cash flows, proceeds from disposal of properties, plant and equipment comprise:

#### (b) 於綜合現金流量表中,出售物 業、廠房及設備的所得款項包 括:

		2022 RMB′000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB′000 2021年 人民幣千元
Net book amount disposed Losses on disposal of properties, plant and equipment	出售的賬面淨值 出售物業、廠房及設備的 虧損	2 (2)	4,002 (3,174)
Proceeds from disposal of properties, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備的 所得款項	_	828

## (c) The reconciliations of liabilities arising from financing activities are as follows:

#### (c) 融資活動產生的負債對賬如下:

		<b>borrowings</b> 銀行借款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日	13,000	13,000
	現金流量 一償還銀行借款	(13,000)	(13,000)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## **28 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities.

#### **29 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the years but not yet incurred is as follows:

## 28 或然負債

於2022年及2021年12月31日,本集團並無 任何重大或然負債。

#### 29 資本承擔

於年末已訂約但未產生的資本開支如下:

		2022 RMB'000 2022 年	2021 RMB'000 2021年
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Contracted but not provided for	已訂約但尚未撥備	395	185

### **30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions.

Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or joint control.

Members of key management and their close family members are also considered as related parties.

#### (a) Parent entity

The ultimate holding company and controlling shareholder are disclosed in Note 1.

## 30 關聯方交易

如果一方有能力直接或間接控制另一方,或 對另一方的財務或經營決策施加重大影響力, 則被視為關聯方。

假如各方受到共同控制或聯合控制,亦被視 為關聯方。

主要管理層成員及其近親亦視為關聯方。

## (a) 母方實體

最終控股公司及控股股東於附註1披露。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## **30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

(Continued)

#### (b) Transaction with related party

Saved as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the following transactions was carried out with related party during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, at terms mutually agreed by both parties:

*(i)* Office rental expenses paid to a related company

#### 30 關聯方交易(續)

#### (b) 與關聯方交易

除綜合財務報表其他地方所披露者外, 截至2022年及2021年12月31日止年 度,已按訂約雙方共同協定的條款與關 聯方進行以下交易:

#### (i) 支付予一間關聯公司的辦公室租賃 開支

			2022 RMB'000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB'000 2021年 人民幣千元
Wc	rld Mart Limited (Notes (i) and (ii)) World Mart Limited (附註(i)及(ii))		86	
Not	es:	附註	:	
(i)	World Mart Limited is a related company, which is held by a sibling of one of the directors of the Company.	(i)		nited為關連公司, 一名董事的兄弟姐
(ii)	The above transaction was charged based on terms	(ii)	上述交易乃根	據與關聯方共同協

(ii) The above transaction was charged based on terms mutually agreed with the related party and in the ordinary course of business.

#### (c) Key management compensation

Key management includes directors and a senior management who have the responsibility for the planning, directing, controlling and the execution of the activities of the Group. The compensation paid or payable to key management is shown below:

#### (c) 主要管理層薪酬

春。

主要管理層包括負責計劃、指示、控制 及執行本集團業務的董事及高級管理層。 已付或應付主要管理層的薪酬列示如下:

定的條款並在一般業務過程中收

		2022 RMB′000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB'000 2021年 人民幣千元
Wages and salaries Pension costs – defined contribution plan	工資及薪金 退休金成本-界定供款計劃	658 47	535 71
		705	606

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## 31 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

## 31 本公司的財務狀況表及 儲備變動

Statement of financial position of the Company as at 31 4 December 2022

#### 本公司於2022年12月31日的財務狀況表

		Note 附註	2022 RMB′000 2022年 人民幣千元	2021 RMB'000 2021年 人民幣千元
Assets Non-current asset Interests in subsidiaries	<b>資產 非流動資產</b> 於附屬公司的權益		186,371	186,371
<b>Current assets</b> Prepayments Amounts due from subsidiaries Cash and cash equivalents	<b>流動資產</b> 預付款項 應收附屬公司款項 現金及現金等價物		257 91,946 –	171 88,400 1,366
			92,203	89,937
Total assets	資產總值		278,574	276,308
Equity Equity attributable to owners of the Company Share capital Share premium Reserves Accumulated losses	<b>權益 本公司擁有人應佔權益</b> 股本 股份溢價 儲備 累計虧損	(a) (a)	10,512 80,081 186,373 (25,875)	10,512 80,081 186,373 (28,249)
Total equity	權益總額		251,091	248,717
<b>Liabilities</b> <b>Current liabilities</b> Accruals Amounts due to subsidiaries	<b>負債</b> <b>流動負債</b> 應計款項 應付附屬公司款項		1,873 25,610	1,981 25,610
Total liabilities	負債總額		27,483	27,591
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		278,574	276,308

The statement of financial position of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors on 30 March 2023 and was signed on its behalf.

本公司的財務狀況表已經董事會於2023年3 月30日批准刊發,並由以下人士代為簽署。

**Tsoi Wing Sing** 蔡榮星 Director 董事 Lin Minqiang 林民強 *Director* 董事

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## 31 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

## 31 本公司的財務狀況表及 儲備變動*(續)*

#### (a) Reserves movement of the Company

#### (a) 本公司儲備變動

		Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Exchange reserves 匯兑儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total reserves 總權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日	_	186,371	2	(22,423)	163,950
Loss for the year	年內虧損	-	-	-	(5,826)	(5,826)
Total comprehensive loss	全面虧損總額	_		_	(5,826)	(5,826)
Transactions with owners	與擁有人交易					
Capitalisation issue	資本化發行	(7,883)	-	-	-	(7,883)
Issuance of ordinary shares of the Company	發行本公司普通股	102,486	_	_	_	102,486
Share issuance costs	股份發行成本	(14,522)	-	-	-	(14,522)
Total transactions with owners	與擁有人交易總額	80,081	-	-	-	80,081
At 31 December 2021 and	於2021年12月31日及					
<b>1 January 2022</b> Profit for the year	<b>2022年1月1日</b> 年內溢利	80,081 _	186,371 _	2	(28,249) 2,374	238,205 2,374
	~ 그 바 V / 6 현					
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>		2,374	2,374
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	80,081	186,371	2	(25,875)	240,579

Note: The capital reserve of the Company represents the aggregated net asset values of the subsidiaries acquired by the Company pursuant to the Reorganisation.

附註:本公司的資本儲備指本公司根據重組 收購的附屬公司的資產淨值總額。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## 32 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

#### (a) Directors' emoluments

## 32 董事福利及權益

## (a) 董事酬金

The remuneration of each director is set out below:

各董事的薪酬載列如下:

Name of Director 董事姓名		Fees 袍金 RMB'000	Salary 薪金 RMB'000	Discretionary bonus 酌情花紅 RMB'000	Allowances benefits in kind 津貼及 實物福利 RDB*000	Employer's contribution to pension scheme 僱主對退休金 計劃的供款 RMB'000	Total 總計 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
For the year ended 31 December 2022 Executive directors: – Jian XueGen (Note i) – Larry Stuart Torchin (Note	<b>截至 2022年 12月 31日</b> 止年度 執行董事: 一簡雪艮(附註i) i) -Larry Stuart Torchin(附	13	163	-	-	3	179
	註i)	26	-	-	-	-	26
– Tsoi Wing Sing (Note i)	-蔡榮星(附註i)	26	-	-	-	-	26
– Lin Bingzhong (Note ii)	-林秉忠(附註ii) -林民強	-	72 97	-	_	11	83 97
– Lin Minqiang – Lin Chaowei (Note ii)	一林朝偉(附註ii)	-	97 72	-	-	- 11	97 83
– Lin Chaowen (Note ii)	一林朝文(附註ii)	-	72	-	-	11	83
– Wei Cunzhuo (Note ii)	-魏存灼(附註ii)	-	72	-	-	-	72
– Lin Lili (Note ii)	-林莉莉(附註ii)	-	45	-	-	11	56
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:						
– Chan Hoi Shan (Note i) – Chiu Kwok Hung, Justin	-陳海山(附註i) -趙國雄(附註i)	26	-	-	-	-	26
(Note i)	回从表	26	-	-	-	-	26
– Chow Kit Ting – Sheng Zijiu (Note ii)	-周傑霆 -盛子九(附註ii)	117 90	-	-	-	-	117 90
– Yip Koon Shing (Note ii) – Wong Chun Sek Edmund	- 葉冠成 (附註ii) - 黃俊碩 (附註ii)	91	-	-	-	-	91
(Note ii)		91	-	-	-	-	91
		506	593	-	-	47	1,146
For the year ended 31 December 2021 Executive directors:	截至2021年12月31日 止年度 執行董事:						
– Lin Bingzhong	-林秉忠	_	87	-	_	_	87
– Lin Mingiang	一林民強	-	97	-	-	-	97
– Lin Chaowei	一林朝偉	-	97	-	-	19	116
– Lin Chaowen	一林朝文	-	97	-	-	17	114
– Wei Cunzhuo	-魏存灼	-	97	-	-	19	116
– Lin Lili	一林莉莉	-	60	-	-	16	76
		-	535	-	-	71	606
Notes:		附註:					
(i) Appointed on 30 September 2022			(i) 於2022年9月30日獲委任				
(ii) Resigned on 30 September 2022				(ii) 於2022年9月30日辭任			

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

## 32 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

#### (a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the independent non-executive directors have received nil directors' remuneration in the capacity of directors.

## (b) Directors' retirement benefits and termination benefits

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, no emoluments, retirement benefits, payments or benefits in respect of termination of directors' services were paid or made, directly or indirectly, to the directors; nor are any payable.

## (c) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, no consideration was provided to third parties for making available directors' services.

#### (d) Information about loans, quasiloans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, there were no loans, quasi-loans and other dealing arrangements in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and controlled entities with such directors.

## (e) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

#### 32 董事福利及權益(續)

#### (a) 董事酬金(續)

截至2021年12月31日止年度,獨立非 執行董事並無就董事身份收取任何董事 酬金。

#### (b) 董事退休福利及終止福利

截至2022年及2021年12月31日止年 度,概無有關終止董事服務的酬金、退 休福利、付款或福利向董事直接或間接 支付或作出;亦無任何應付款項。

#### (c) 就獲提供董事服務而向第三方 提供代價

截至2022年及2021年12月31日止年 度,概無就獲提供董事服務而向第三方 提供代價。

#### (d) 有關以董事、由有關董事控制 的法團及與其有關連的實體為 受益人的貸款、準貸款及其他 交易的資料

於2022年及2021年12月31日,概無有 關以董事、由有關董事控制的法團及與 其有關連的實體為受益人的貸款、準貸 款及其他交易安排。

#### (e) 董事於交易、安排或合約中的 重大權益

除綜合財務報表另有披露者外,概無訂 立本公司董事於當中直接或間接擁有重 大權益而於年末或年內任何時間存續且 與本集團業務有關的重大交易、安排及 合約。 Deyun Holding Ltd. 德運控股有限公司\*